UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

■ QUARTERLY REPO the quarterly period ende			TION 13 OR 15	(d) OF T	HE SECUI	RITIES EXCHAN	GE ACT OF 1934 For
			OR				
☐ TRANSITION R	EPORT	PURSUANT TO	SECTION 13 C 1934	OR 15(d)	OF THE SI	ECURITIES EXC	HANGE ACT OF
		For the transition	on period from_		to		
		Commissio	n file number: 3	3-92990;	333-27792	27	
			A REAL ESTAT of registrant as			ter)	
		New York				NOT AF	PLICABLE
(State or o		sdiction of incorpore	_		AMERICA	(I.R.S. Employe	r Identification No.)
		730 Third Aven	ue			100	17-3206
		New York, New				(Zi	p code)
	(Address	of principal exec	utive offices)				
(I Securities registered purs		ame, former addre		er, includ CABLE		ode d since last report)	
Title of each class	Trading	g Symbol(s)	Name of each e	exchange	of which re	egistered	
NONE		, ,					
Indicate by check mark Securities Exchange Act file such reports), and (2)	of 1934) has bee	during the preced	ding 12 months	(or for su	ich shorter	period that the reg	
Yes ≥ No					_		
Indicate by check mark values and to Rule 405 of that the registrant was re-	Regulati	on S-T (§232.405	of this chapter				
Yes 🗷 No							
Indicate by check mark reporting company, or smaller reporting company	an emer	ging growth com	pany. See the	definition	ns of "larg	e accelerated filer	
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated file	r				
Non-accelerated filer	×	Smaller Reporting	ng Company				
		Emerging Grow	th Company				
If an emerging growth c for complying with any							

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes 🗆 No 🗷

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Unaudited)

(In millions, except per accumulation unit amounts)

		September 30, 2024		D	ecember 31, 2023
ASSETS					
Investments, at fair value:					
Real estate properties (cost: \$13,864.0 and \$14,682.0)		\$	16,223.8	\$	18,020.3
Real estate joint ventures (cost: \$5,989.6 and \$5,645.7)			5,725.1		5,881.2
Real estate funds (cost: \$778.2 and \$821.0)			714.6		792.4
Real estate operating business (cost: \$462.1 and \$390.8)			897.6		685.9
Marketable securities (cost: \$383.9 and \$147.3)			383.9		147.4
Loans receivable (principal: \$1,361.0 and \$1,483.7)			952.4		1,082.4
Loans receivable with related parties (principal: \$69.3 and \$102.0)			69.3		101.3
Total investments (cost: \$22,908.1 and \$23,272.5)		\$	24,966.7	\$	26,710.9
Cash and cash equivalents			52.4		58.8
Due from investment manager			4.7		15.8
Other			388.1		395.0
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	25,411.9	\$	27,180.5
LIABILITIES					
Loans payable, at fair value (principal outstanding: \$1,787.5 and \$1,922.6)			1,741.6		1,862.5
Line of credit, at fair value (principal outstanding: \$72.0 and \$463.0)			72.0		463.0
Other unsecured debt, at fair value (principal outstanding: \$900.0 and \$900.0)			895.8		881.6
Accrued real estate property expenses			274.1		286.2
Other			57.3		68.3
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	3,040.8	\$	3,561.6
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES					
NET ASSETS Accumulation Fund			21 009 5		22 110 4
Annuity Fund			21,908.5 462.6		23,110.4 508.5
ranium rumu	TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	22,371.1	\$	23,618.9
NUMBER OF ACCUMULATION UNITS OUTSTAND		Ψ	47.8	Ψ	48.0
TOTAL OF THE CONTENTION OF THE COURT AND			77.0		70.0

See notes to the consolidated financial statements

TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In millions, Unaudited)

		or the Three Months Ended September 30,		Months Ended aber 30,
	2024	2023	2024	2023
INVESTMENT INCOME				
Real estate income, net:				
Rental income	\$ 352.7	\$ 345.0	\$ 1,037.6	\$ 1,016.5
Real estate property level expenses and taxes:				
Operating expenses	81.7	81.8	257.5	250.1
Real estate taxes	52.3	55.6	155.3	163.4
Interest expense	19.9	25.6	64.3	72.1
Total real estate property level expenses	153.9	163.0	477.1	485.6
Real estate income, net	198.8	182.0	560.5	530.9
Income from real estate joint ventures	42.3	42.2	126.1	142.9
Income from real estate funds	2.7	3.8	11.8	14.3
Interest income	30.3	34.3	88.2	112.9
TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME	274.1	262.3	786.6	801.0
Expenses:				
Investment management charges	17.6	21.2	64.4	62.8
Administrative charges	17.2	22.1	51.9	57.2
Distribution charges	3.7	2.4	11.5	8.5
Liquidity guarantee charges	15.8	17.8	47.9	56.6
Interest expense	9.7	19.0	41.9	49.4
TOTAL EXPENSES	64.0	82.5	217.6	234.5
INVESTMENT INCOME, NET	210.1	179.8	569.0	566.5
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS AND DEBT				
Net realized gain (loss) on investments:	(64.0)	(0.4)	(1= < 0)	(0.4)
Real estate properties	(64.8)	(0.4)	. ,	(0.4
Real estate joint ventures	_	(145.4)	` /	(103.3
Real estate funds	(4.1)	0.5	0.5	14.4
Foreign currency exchange on forward contracts	_	0.2	_	(2.7
Marketable securities	0.1	_	_	(35.6)
Loans receivable	(14.4)		(153.3)	<u> </u>
Net realized loss on investments	(83.2)	(145.1)	(347.0)	(127.6
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on:				
Real estate properties	(105.4)	(464.3)		(1,897.1
Real estate joint ventures	(154.5)	(132.7)	` '	(903.0
Real estate funds	(2.7)	(3.8)		(32.6
Real estate operating business	97.2	(3.5)	140.4	(8.2
Foreign currency exchange on forward contracts		_	_	2.3
Marketable securities	0.1	(0.2)		46.9
Loans receivable	(32.3)	(62.3)		(221.6
Loans receivable with related parties	0.6	_	0.7	_
Loans payable	3.7	(16.3)		(39.0
Other unsecured debt	(27.7)	13.6	(14.2)	12.3
Net change in unrealized loss on investments and debt	(221.0)	(669.5)	(1,347.1)	(3,040.0
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED LOSS ON INVESTMENTS AND DEBT	(304.2)	(814.6)	(1,694.1)	(3,167.6
NET DECREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	\$ (94.1)	\$ (634.8)	\$ (1,125.1)	\$ (2,601.1)

TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (In millions, Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			F	or the Nine N Septem	Months Ended ber 30,	
	2024		2023	2024			2023
FROM OPERATIONS							
Investment income, net	\$ 210.1	\$	179.8	\$	569.0	\$	566.5
Net realized loss on investments	(83.2)		(145.1)		(347.0)		(127.6)
Net change in unrealized loss on investments and debt	(221.0)		(669.5)		(1,347.1)		(3,040.0)
NET DECREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	(94.1)		(634.8)		(1,125.1)		(2,601.1)
FROM TRANSACTIONS BY CONTRACT OWNERS AND TIAA	_						
Premiums	697.2		484.7		2,131.7		1,535.1
Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA			189.9		293.7		189.9
Annuity payments	(11.1)		(13.7)		(35.6)		(41.9)
Death benefits	(35.6)		(43.3)		(112.0)		(121.5)
Withdrawals	(711.1)		(1,046.8)		(2,400.5)		(3,684.5)
NET DECREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM TRANSACTIONS							
BY CONTRACT OWNERS AND TIAA	(60.6)		(429.2)		(122.7)		(2,122.9)
NET DECREASE IN NET ASSETS	(154.7)		(1,064.0)		(1,247.8)		(4,724.0)
NET ASSETS							
Beginning of period	22,525.8		25,998.1		23,618.9		29,658.1
End of period	\$ 22,371.1	\$	24,934.1	\$	22,371.1	\$	24,934.1

TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In millions, Unaudited)

	For the Nine Months E September 30,			
		2024		2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations	\$	(1,125.1)	\$	(2,601.1
Adjustments to reconcile net changes in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Net realized loss on investments		347.0		127.6
Net change in unrealized loss on investments and debt		1,347.1		3,040.0
Purchase of real estate properties		_		(0.3
Capital improvements on real estate properties		(229.9)		(259.9
Proceeds from sales of real estate properties		724.9		_
Purchases of other real estate investments		(400.9)		(265.0
Proceeds from other real estate investments		104.0		161.3
Purchases and originations of loans receivable		(32.9)		(19.1
Purchases and originations of loans receivable with related parties		(0.2)		(31.2
Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable		1.3		11.6
Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable from related parties		2.0		
(Increase) decrease in other investments		(236.5)		1,824.7
Net change in from/due to investment manager		11.1		(8.3
Decrease (increase) in other assets		26.1		(48.8
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities		(2.2)		12.0
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIE	s	535.8		1,944.
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from line of credit borrowings		193.0		74.0
Payments on line of credit		(584.0)		(64.0
Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt		_		400.0
Mortgage loan proceeds received		16.7		313.0
Payments of mortgage loans		(26.0)		(559.
Premiums		2,131.7		1,535.
Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA		293.7		189.
Annuity payments		(35.6)		(41.9
Death benefits		(112.0)		(121.
Withdrawals		(2,400.5)		(3,684.5
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	s	(523.0)		(1,959.0
NET INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASI	1	12.8		(14.9
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH				
Beginning of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		96.0		117.0
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		12.8		(14.9
End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	108.8	\$	102.1
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:				
Loan assignment as part of a real estate disposition		170.0	\$	_
Cash paid for interest	\$	115.9	\$	101.
Properties assumed and loans receivable extinguished as part of a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure agreement	\$	66.3	\$	
Debt assumed upon acquisition of property		44.2	\$	
Joint venture contribution to payoff related party loan receivable	\$ \$ \$	31.9	\$	
Conversion of term loans to line of credit borrowings	\$		\$	500.0
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Ψ		Ψ	200.0

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in millions):

		As of September 30,			er 30,
			2024		2023
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	52.4	\$	65.3
Restricted cash ⁽¹⁾			56.4		36.8
	TOTAL CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH	\$	108.8	\$	102.1

⁽¹⁾ Restricted cash is included within other assets in the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Note 1—Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Business: The TIAA Real Estate Account ("Account") is an insurance separate account of Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America ("TIAA") and was established by resolution of TIAA's Board of Trustees (the "Board") on February 22, 1995, under the insurance laws of the State of New York, for the purpose of funding variable annuity contracts issued by TIAA. The Account offers individual and group accumulating annuity contracts (with contributions made on a pre-tax or after-tax basis), as well as individual lifetime and term-certain variable payout annuity contracts (including the payment of death benefits to beneficiaries). Investors are entitled to transfer funds to or from the Account, and make withdrawals from the Account on a daily basis, under certain circumstances. Funds invested in the Account for each category of contract are expressed in terms of units, and unit values will fluctuate depending on the Account's performance.

The investment objective of the Account is to seek favorable total returns primarily through the rental income and appreciation of a diversified portfolio of directly held, private real estate investments and real estate-related investments while offering investors guaranteed, daily liquidity. The Account holds real estate properties directly and through subsidiaries wholly-owned by TIAA for the sole benefit of the Account. The Account also holds limited interests in real estate joint ventures and funds, as well as investments in loans receivable with commercial real estate properties as underlying collateral. Additionally, the Account invests in real estate-related and non-real estate-related publicly traded securities, cash and other instruments to maintain adequate liquidity levels for operating expenses, capital expenditures and to fund benefit payments (withdrawals, transfers and related transactions).

Interim Financial Information: The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Account as of September 30, 2024 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 are unaudited and include all adjustments necessary to present a fair statement of results for the interim periods presented. Results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire year. These Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Accordingly, certain footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted from this report pursuant to the rules of the SEC. As a result, these Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 ("2023 Form 10-K").

Use of Estimates: The Consolidated Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which requires the use of estimates made by management. Actual results may vary from those estimates and such differences may be material.

Basis of Presentation: The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include the Account and those subsidiaries wholly-owned by TIAA for the benefit of the Account. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions between the Account and such subsidiaries have been eliminated.

The Accumulation Unit Value ("AUV") used for financial reporting purposes may differ from the AUV used for processing transactions. The AUV used for financial reporting purposes includes security and contract owner transactions, as well as purchases and sales of liquidity units by TIAA, effective through the period end date to which this report relates. Total return is computed based on the AUV used for processing transactions.

Significant Accounting Policy Updates: There were no changes to the Account's significant accounting policies as described in the Account's 2023 Form 10-K.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements: In March 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU" or "Update") 2023-01—Leases (Topic 842): Common Control

Arrangements. The amendments in this Update provide a practical expedient for private companies and not-for-profit entities that are not conduit bond obligors to use the written terms and conditions of a common control arrangement to determine: (1) Whether a lease exists and, if so, (2) The classification of and accounting for that lease. The practical expedient may be applied on an arrangement-by-arrangement basis. If no written terms and conditions exist, an entity is prohibited from applying the practical expedient and must evaluate the enforceable terms and conditions to apply FASB's Accounting Standards Classification ("ASC") Topic 842. In addition, the ASU requires all entities (that is, including public companies) to amortize leasehold improvements associated with common control leases over the useful life to the common control group. Lastly, leasehold improvements should be accounted for as a transfer between entities under common control through an adjustment to equity (or net assets for not-for-profit entities) if, and when, the lessee no longer controls the use of the underlying asset. Additionally, those leasehold improvements are subject to the impairment guidance in ASC Topic 360, Property, Plant, and Equipment. The amendments in this Update were effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years. There was no material impact as a result of the adoption of this guidance on January 1, 2024, to the Account.

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-04, Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting ("ASU 2020-04"). The guidance provides optional expedients and exceptions for applying generally accepted accounting principles to contract modifications and hedging relationships, subject to meeting certain criteria, that reference the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") or another reference rate expected to be discontinued. In December 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-06, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Deferral of the Sunset Date of Topic 848 ("ASU 2022-06"). To ensure the relief established in ASU 2020-04 covers the period of time during which a significant number of modifications may take place, ASU 2022-06 defers the sunset date of ASC Topic 848 from December 31, 2022, to December 31, 2024, after which entities will no longer be permitted to apply the relief in Topic 848. ASU 2022-06 is effective for all entities upon issuance. There was no material impact as a result of the adoption of this guidance to the Account.

In August 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-05, Business Combinations— Joint Venture Formations (Subtopic 805-60): Recognition and Initial Measurement, intended to (1) provide investors and other allocators of capital with more decision-useful information in a joint venture's separate financial statements and (2) reduce diversity in practice in this area of financial reporting. The amendments in ASU 2023-05 require that a joint venture, upon formation, apply a new basis of accounting. As a result, a newly formed joint venture should initially measure its assets and liabilities at fair value (with exceptions to fair value measurement that are consistent with the business combinations guidance). The amendments in ASU 2023-05 are effective prospectively for all joint venture formations with a formation date on or after January 1, 2025. Additionally, a joint venture that was formed before January 1, 2025, may elect to apply the amendments retrospectively if it has sufficient information. Early adoption is permitted in any interim or annual period in which financial statements have not yet been issued (or made available for issuance), either prospectively or retrospectively. Management does not expect the guidance to have a material impact to the Account.

Note 2—Related Party Transactions

Investment management, administrative and distribution services are provided to the Account at cost by TIAA. Services provided at cost are paid by the Account on a daily basis based upon projected expenses to be provided to the Account. Payments are adjusted periodically to ensure daily payments are as close as possible to the Account's actual expenses incurred. Differences between actual expenses and the amounts paid by the Account are reconciled and adjusted quarterly.

Investment management services for the Account are provided by TIAA officers, under the direction and control of the Board, pursuant to investment management procedures adopted by TIAA for the Account. TIAA's investment management guidelines for the Account are subject to review by the Account's independent fiduciary. TIAA also provides various portfolio accounting and related services for the Account.

Part of TIAA's compensation for provision of at cost investment management services to the Account includes reimbursement of costs incurred by TIAA to manage certain of the Account's joint ventures. Such joint ventures also reimburse the Account directly in its capacity as general partner or managing member (collectively, the "GP")

of the joint venture in the form of an asset management fee for GP-related services provided by the Account, and such fee is based on a percentage of the fair market value of the underlying properties held in the joint venture.

The Account is a party to a distribution agreement for the contracts issued by TIAA and funded by the Account, dated January 1, 2008 (the "Distribution Agreement"), by and among TIAA, for itself and on behalf of the Account, and TIAA-CREF Individual and Institutional Services, LLC ("Services"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of TIAA, a registered broker-dealer and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. Pursuant to the Distribution Agreement, Services performs distribution services for the Account which include, among other things, (i) distribution of annuity contracts issued by TIAA and funded by the Account, (ii) advising existing annuity contract owners in connection with their accumulations and (iii) helping employers implement and manage retirement plans. In addition, TIAA performs administrative functions for the Account, which include, among other things, (i) maintaining accounting records and performing accounting services, (ii) receiving and allocating premiums, (iii) calculating and making annuity payments, (iv) processing withdrawal requests, (v) providing regulatory compliance and reporting services, (vi) maintaining the Account's records of contract ownership and (vii) otherwise assisting generally in all aspects of the Account's operations. Both distribution services (pursuant to the Distribution Agreement) and administrative services are provided to the Account by Services and TIAA, as applicable, on an at cost basis. The Distribution Agreement is terminable by either party upon 60 days written notice and terminates automatically upon any assignment thereof.

In addition to providing the services described above, TIAA charges the Account fees to bear certain mortality and expense risks and risks with providing the liquidity guarantee. These fees are charged as a percentage of the net assets of the Account. Rates for these fees are established annually.

Once an Account contract owner begins receiving lifetime annuity income benefits, payment levels cannot be reduced as a result of the Account's actual mortality experience. As such, mortality and expense risk are contractual charges for TIAA's assumption of this risk.

TIAA provides the Account with a liquidity guarantee enabling the Account to have funds available to meet contract owner redemption, transfer or cash withdrawal requests. The liquidity guarantee is required by the New York State Department of Financial Services and is subject to a prohibited transaction exemption that the Account received in 1996 (96-76) from the U.S. Department of Labor ("PTE 96-76"). The Account pays TIAA for the risk associated with providing the liquidity guarantee through a daily deduction from the Account's net assets. Whether the liquidity guarantee is exercised is based on the cash level of the Account from time to time, as well as recent contract owner withdrawal activity and the Account's expected working capital, debt service and cash needs, and subject to the oversight of the Account's independent fiduciary. If the Account cannot fund contract owner withdrawal or redemption requests from the Account's own cash flow and liquid investments, TIAA will fund them by purchasing accumulation units issued by the Account (accumulation units that are purchased by TIAA are generally referred to as "liquidity units"). TIAA guarantees that contract owners can redeem their accumulation units at the accumulation unit value next determined after their transfer or cash withdrawal request is received in good order. Liquidity units owned by TIAA are valued in the same manner as accumulation units owned by the Account's contract owners.

Pursuant to its existing liquidity guarantee obligation, beginning August 31, 2023 through the second quarter of 2024, the TIAA General Account purchased a cumulative total of 1.8 million liquidity units issued by the Account, amounting to \$911.3 million. Although the Account continued to experience net contract owner outflows during the third quarter of 2024, the TIAA General Account was not required to purchase any liquidity units. The independent fiduciary, which has the right to adjust the percentage of total accumulation units that TIAA's ownership should not exceed (the "trigger point"), has established the trigger point at 45% of the outstanding accumulation units. As of September 30, 2024, the TIAA General Account owned approximately 3.87% of the outstanding accumulation units of the Account. The independent fiduciary will continue to monitor TIAA's ownership interest in the Account and provide further recommendations as necessary.

Expenses for the services and fees described above are identified as such in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations and are further identified as "Expenses" in *Note 12—Financial Highlights*.

The Account has loans receivable outstanding with related parties as of September 30, 2024. Two of the loans are with a joint venture partner and the other loans are with joint ventures in which the Account also has an equity interest. The loans are held at fair value in accordance with the valuation policies described in *Note 1—Organization and Significant Accounting Policies* of the Account's 2023 Form 10-K. References to "SOFR" in the table below and elsewhere in these Notes mean the Secured Overnight Financing Rate, a benchmark interest rate based on the U.S. Treasury bond repurchase market that has largely replaced the discontinued LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate) for U.S. dollar-denominated instruments. The following table presents the key terms of the loans as of the reporting date (in millions):

							Fair V	'alue at
-	Princ 2024	2023	Related Party	Equity Ownership Interest	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
	_	32.9	THP Student Housing, LLC	97.00%	3.20%	9/30/2024		32.9
	36.5	36.5	MRA Hub 34 Holding, LLC	95.00%	2.50% + SOFR	8/26/2025	36.5	36.5
	0.5	0.5	MRA 34 LLC	%	3.75% + SOFR	8/26/2025	0.5	0.5
	4.6	4.4	MR MCC 3 Sponsor, LLC	%	6.00%	12/1/2025	4.6	4.4
	27.7	27.7	THP Student Housing, LLC	97.00%	6.10%	6/30/2026	27.7	27.0
			TOTAL LOANS	RECEIVABLE	E WITH RELATE	D PARTIES	\$ 69.3	\$ 101.3

Note 3—Concentrations of Risk

Concentrations of risk may arise when a number of properties are located in a similar geographic region such that the economic conditions of that region could impact tenants' obligations to meet their contractual obligations or cause the values of individual properties to decline. Additionally, concentrations of risk may arise if any one tenant comprises a significant amount of the Account's rent, or if tenants are concentrated in a particular industry.

As of September 30, 2024, the Account had no significant concentrations of tenants as no single tenant had annual contract rent that made up more than 4% of the rental income of the Account. Moreover, the Account's tenants have no notable concentration present in any one industry.

The Account's wholly-owned real estate investments and investments in joint ventures are primarily located in the United States. The following table represents the diversification of the Account's portfolio by region and property type as of September 30, 2024:

Diversification by Fair Value ⁽¹⁾										
	West ⁽²⁾	South ⁽³⁾	East ⁽⁴⁾	Midwest ⁽⁵⁾	Foreign ⁽⁶⁾	Total				
Industrial	17.3 %	9.6 %	2.9 %	2.1 %	<u> </u>	31.9 %				
Apartment	8.3 %	10.8 %	8.1 %	1.1 %	— %	28.3 %				
Office	5.5 %	6.0 %	9.2 %	0.2 %	— %	20.9 %				
Retail	3.9 %	4.1 %	3.2 %	0.7 %	— %	11.9 %				
Other ⁽⁷⁾	2.5 %	2.4 %	1.7 %	0.2 %	0.2 %	7.0 %				
Total	37.5 %	32.9 %	25.1 %	4.3 %	0.2 %	100.0 %				

⁽¹⁾ Wholly-owned properties are represented at fair value and gross of any debt, while joint venture properties are represented at the net equity value.

⁽²⁾ Properties in the "West" region are located in: AK, AZ, CA, CO, HI, ID, MT, NM, NV, OR, UT, WA, WY.

⁽³⁾ Properties in the "South" region are located in: AL, AR, FL, GA, LA, MS, OK, TN, TX.

⁽⁴⁾ Properties in the "East" region are located in: CT, DC, DE, KY, MA, MD, ME, NC, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, SC, VA, VT, WV.

⁽⁵⁾ Properties in the "Midwest" region are located in: IA, IL, IN, KS, MI, MN, MO, ND, NE, OH, SD, WI.

⁽⁶⁾ Represents developable land investments in Ireland and United Kingdom.

⁽⁷⁾ Represents interests in Storage Portfolio investments, a hotel investment and land.

Note 4—Leases

The Account's wholly-owned real estate properties are leased to tenants under operating lease agreements which expire on various dates through 2051. Rental income is recognized in accordance with the billing terms of the lease agreements. The leases do not have material variable payments, material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. Certain leases have the option to extend or terminate at the tenant's discretion, with termination options resulting in additional fees due to the Account. Aggregate minimum annual rentals for wholly-owned real estate investments owned by the Account through the non-cancelable lease term, excluding short-term residential leases, as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, are as follows (in millions):

		As of				
Years Ended	Septer	mber 30, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023		
2024	\$	162.5	(1) \$	693.3		
2025		623.1		631.7		
2026		547.9		542.1		
2027		460.7		447.6		
2028		368.6		350.3		
Thereafter		1,216.4		1,129.7		
Total	\$	3,379.2	\$	3,794.7		

⁽¹⁾ Representative of minimum rents owed for the remaining months of the calendar year ending December 31, 2024.

Certain leases provide for additional rental amounts based upon the recovery of actual operating expenses in excess of specified base amounts, sales volume or contractual increases as defined in the lease agreement. These contractual contingent rentals are not included in the table above.

The Account has ground leases for which the Account is the lessee. The leases do not contain material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. The fair value of right-of-use assets and leases liabilities related to ground leases are reflected on the balance sheet within other assets and other liabilities, respectively.

The fair values and key terms of the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities related to the Account's ground leases are as follows (in millions):

		As of			
	Septemb	September 30, 2024		nber 31, 2023	
Assets:					
Right-of-use assets, at fair value	\$	36.2	\$	39.4	
Liabilities:					
Ground lease liabilities, at fair value	\$	36.2	\$	39.4	
Key Terms:					
Weighted-average remaining lease term (years)		62.9		63.7	
Weighted-average discount rate ⁽¹⁾		8.58 %		8.19 %	

⁽¹⁾ Discount rates are reflective of the rates utilized during the most recent appraisal of the associated real estate investments.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, operating lease costs related to ground leases were \$1.8 million, respectively. These costs include variable lease costs, which are immaterial. Aggregate future minimum annual payments for ground leases held by the Account are as follows (in millions):

As of				
Septeml	September 30, 2024 December 3			
\$	$0.7^{-(1)}$	\$ 2.5		
	2.6	2.5		
	2.7	2.6		
	2.7	2.6		
	2.7	2.6		
	458.2	434.2		
\$	469.6	\$ 447.0		
		\$ 0.7 (1) 2.6 2.7 2.7 2.7 458.2		

⁽¹⁾ Representative of minimum rents owed for the remaining months of the calendar year ending December 31, 2024.

Note 5—Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Valuation Hierarchy: The Account's fair value measurements are grouped into three levels, as defined by the FASB. The levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1 fair value inputs are quoted prices for identical items in active, liquid and visible markets such as stock exchanges.
- Level 2 fair value inputs are observable information for similar items in active or inactive markets, and appropriately consider counterparty creditworthiness in the valuations.
- Level 3 fair value inputs reflect our best estimate of inputs and assumptions market contract owners would use in pricing an asset or liability at the measurement date. The inputs are unobservable in the market and significant to the valuation estimate.

An asset or liability's categorization within the valuation hierarchy described above is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Real estate fund investments are excluded from the valuation hierarchy, as these investments are fair valued using their net asset value as a practical expedient since market quotations or values from independent pricing services are not readily available. See *Note 1—Organization and Significant Accounting Policies* of the Account's 2023 Form 10-K for further discussion regarding the use of a practical expedient for the valuation of real estate funds.

The following tables show the major categories of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1); significant other observable inputs (Level 2); and significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) (in millions):

Description	Level 1: Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Level 2: Significant Other Observable Inputs	Level 3: Significant Unobservable Inputs	Total at September 30, 2024
Real estate properties	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 16,223.8	\$ 16,223.8
Real estate joint ventures	_	_	5,725.1	5,725.1
Real estate operating business	_	_	897.6	897.6
Marketable securities:				
U.S. government agency notes	_	249.2	_	249.2
U.S. treasury securities	_	134.7	_	134.7
Loans receivable ⁽¹⁾	_	_	1,021.7	1,021.7
Loans payable	_	_	(1,741.6)	(1,741.6)
Line of credit	_	_	(72.0)	(72.0)
Other unsecured debt		(895.8)		(895.8)

Description	Prices in Mark	Quoted n Active ets for al Assets	Level 2: Significant Other Observable Inputs	Level 3: Significant Unobservable Inputs	Total at December 31, 2023
Real estate properties	\$	_	\$ —	\$ 18,020.3	\$ 18,020.3
Real estate joint ventures		_	_	5,881.2	5,881.2
Real estate operating business		_	_	685.9	685.9
Marketable securities:					
U.S. government agency notes		_	38.0	_	38.0
U.S. treasury securities			109.4	_	109.4
Loans receivable ⁽¹⁾		_	_	1,183.7	1,183.7
Loans payable		_	_	(1,862.5)	(1,862.5)
Line of credit		_	_	(463.0)	(463.0)
Other unsecured debt			(881.6)		(881.6)

⁽¹⁾ Includes loans receivable with related parties.

The following tables show the reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (in millions):

		Real Estate Properties	eal Estate at Ventures	O	al Estate perating Business	R	Loans eceivable ⁽³⁾	Iı	Total Level 3 nvestments	Loans Payable		ine of redit
For the three months ended September 30, 2024												
Beginning balance July 1, 2024	\$	16,614.9	\$ 5,794.4	\$	730.5	\$	1,077.3	\$	24,217.1	\$(1,707.3)	\$	(153.0)
Total realized and unrealized (losses) gains included in changes in net assets ⁽¹⁾		(170.2)	(154.5)		97.2		(46.1)		(273.6)	3.7		_
Purchases ⁽²⁾		108.0	85.2		69.9		23.8		286.9	(58.3)		(72.0)
Sales		(328.9)	_		_		_		(328.9)	_		_
Settlements ⁽⁴⁾		_	_		_		(33.3)		(33.3)	20.3		153.0
Ending balance September 30, 2024	\$	16,223.8	\$ 5,725.1	\$	897.6	\$	1,021.7	\$	23,868.2	\$(1,741.6)	\$	(72.0)
		Real Estate Properties	eal Estate	O	eal Estate perating Business	R	Loans eceivable ⁽³⁾	Iı	Total Level 3 nvestments	Loans Payable		ine of redit
For the nine months ended September 30, 2024												
Beginning balance January 1, 2024	\$	10.020.2										
	Φ	18,020.3	\$ 5,881.2	\$	685.9	\$	1,183.7	\$	25,771.1	\$(1,862.5)	\$ ((463.0)
Total realized and unrealized (losses) gains included in changes in net assets ⁽¹⁾	Φ	(1,154.8)	\$ 5,881.2	\$	685.9	\$	1,183.7	\$	25,771.1 (1,631.2)	\$(1,862.5) (14.2)	\$ ((463.0) —
(losses) gains included in	Φ	,	\$.,	\$		\$,	\$	2911			(463.0) — (193.0)
(losses) gains included in changes in net assets (1)	J)	(1,154.8)	\$ (456.9)	\$	140.4	\$	(159.9)	\$	(1,631.2)	(14.2)		<u> </u>
(losses) gains included in changes in net assets ⁽¹⁾ Purchases ⁽²⁾	J	(1,154.8) 253.2	\$ (456.9)	\$	140.4	\$	(159.9)	\$	(1,631.2) 668.8	(14.2)	(<u> </u>

	Real Estate Properties	Real Estate Joint Ventures	Real Estate Operating Business	Loans Receivable ⁽³⁾	Total Level 3 Investments	Loans Payable	Line of Credit	Other Unsecured Debt
For the three months ended September 30, 2023								
Beginning balance July 1, 2023	\$ 19,191.3	\$ 6,341.5	\$ 653.6	\$ 1,365.5	\$ 27,551.9	\$ (1,847.3)	\$ —	\$ (500.0)
Total realized and unrealized losses included in changes in net assets	(464.7)	(278.1)	(3.5)	(62.3)	(808.6)	(16.3)	_	_
Purchases ⁽²⁾	75.7	88.2	_	2.7	166.6	(213.5)	(574.0)	
Settlements ⁽⁴⁾	_	(0.2)	_	(0.2)	(0.4)	214.5	64.0	500.0
Ending balance September 30, 2023	\$ 18,802.3	\$ 6,151.4	\$ 650.1	\$ 1,305.7	\$ 26,909.5	\$ (1,862.6)	\$ (510.0)	\$
	Real Estate Properties	Real Estate Joint Ventures	Real Estate Operating Business	Loans Receivable ⁽³⁾	Total Level 3 Investments	Loans Payable	Line of Credit	Other Unsecured Debt
For the nine months ended September 30, 2023		Joint	Operating		Level 3			Unsecured
	Properties	Joint	Operating		Level 3		Credit	Unsecured
September 30, 2023 Beginning balance January 1,	Properties	Joint Ventures	Operating Business	Receivable ⁽³⁾	Level 3 Investments	Payable \$ (2,069.7)	Credit	Unsecured Debt
September 30, 2023 Beginning balance January 1, 2023 Total realized and unrealized losses included in changes in	Properties \$ 20,444.0	Joint Ventures \$ 7,103.6	Operating Business \$ 641.9	Receivable ⁽³⁾ \$ 1,488.6	Level 3 Investments \$ 29,678.1	Payable \$ (2,069.7)	Credit	Unsecured Debt \$ (500.0)
September 30, 2023 Beginning balance January 1, 2023 Total realized and unrealized losses included in changes in net assets	\$ 20,444.0 (1,897.5)	Joint Ventures \$ 7,103.6 (1,006.3)	Operating Business \$ 641.9	Receivable ⁽³⁾ \$ 1,488.6 (221.6)	Level 3 Investments \$ 29,678.1	\$ (2,069.7) (39.0) (313.6)	Credit	Unsecured Debt \$ (500.0)

⁽¹⁾ Includes properties acquired through deed-in-lieu of foreclosure agreements.

⁽²⁾ Includes purchases, contributions for joint ventures, capital expenditures, lending for loans receivable, assumption of loans payable, line of credit borrowings and term loan borrowings.

⁽³⁾ Includes loans receivable with related parties.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes operating income for real estate joint ventures net of distributions, payments of loans receivable, and payments of loans payable, line of credit and term loans.

The following table shows quantitative information about unobservable inputs related to the Level 3 fair value measurements as of September 30, 2024.

Type Asset Class Valuation Technique(s)			Unobservable Inputs ⁽¹⁾	Range (Weighted Average)
Real Estate Properties and Joint Ventures	Office	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	6.5% - 13.0% (8.6%) 5.5% - 9.5% (6.9%)
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	5.3% - 13.1% (6.8%)
	Industrial	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	6.8% - 8.5% (7.3%) 5.5% - 7.5% (5.8%)
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	4.4% - 6.5% (5.3%)
	Residential	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	6.8% - 7.8% (7.0%) 5.0% - 6.8% (5.6%)
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	4.5% - 6.3% (5.1%)
	Retail	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	6.8% - 12.0% (7.7%) 5.5% - 9.4% (6.6%)
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	5.3% - 8.6% (6.2%)
	Hotel	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	10.0% 8.3%
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	7.8%
Real Estate Operating Business		Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Growth Rate	11.5% 9.8%
		Market Approach	EBITDA Multiple	30.7x
			Terminal EBITDA Multiple	20.0x
Loans Payable	Office	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	40.4% - 78.8% (57.8%) 6.0% - 7.3% (6.3%)
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	40.4% - 78.8% (57.8%) 1.1 - 1.7 (1.3)
	Industrial	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	30.1% - 41.0% (34.3%) 5.9% - 6.7% (6.2%)
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	30.1% - 41.0% (34.3%) 1.1 - 1.1 (1.1)
	Residential	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	32.5% - 72.9% (47.3%) 5.9% - 8.0% (7.0%)
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	32.5% - 72.9% (47.3%) 1.1 - 1.4 (1.2)
	Retail	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	49.1% - 72.3% (57.2%) 5.7% - 7.9% (6.9%)
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	49.1% - 72.3% (57.2%) 1.1- 1.4 (1.3)
Loans Receivable, including those with related parties	Office	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	52.7% - 107.5% (73.6%) 9.0% - 27.6% (13.6%)
	Industrial	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	54.5% - 72.6% (63.6%) 5.5% - 8.5% (6.3%)
	Residential	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	37.9% - 72.1% (62.2%) 6.1% - 9.7% (8.5%)
	Retail & Hospitality	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	66.9% - 66.9% (66.9%) 21.4% - 21.4% (21.4%)

The following table shows quantitative information about unobservable inputs related to the Level 3 fair value measurements as of December 31, 2023.

and Joint Ventures	Office Industrial Residential	Income Approach—Direct Capitalization Income Approach—Direct Capitalization Income Approach—Direct Capitalization Income Approach—Direct Capitalization Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate Overall Capitalization Rate Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate Overall Capitalization Rate	6.5% - 10.3% (7.9%) 5.5% - 8.5% (6.6%) 4.8% - 11.3% (6.3%) 6.5% - 8.3% (7.3%) 5.0% - 7.0% (5.6%)
_		Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate Overall Capitalization Rate	6.5% - 8.3% (7.3%)
_		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Terminal Capitalization Rate Overall Capitalization Rate	
- I	Residential	**	1	
Ī	Residential	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow		2.0% - 6.3% (5.0%)
			Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	6.3% - 7.5% (6.8%) 4.8% - 6.0% (5.4%)
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	4.3% - 5.8% (4.9%)
I	Retail	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	6.8% - 11.5% (8.0%) 5.3% - 9.0% (6.5%)
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	5.3% - 8.5% (5.9%)
Ī	Hotel	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	(10.0%) (8.3%)
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	(7.8%)
Real Estate Operating Business		Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	10.0 %
			Terminal Growth Rate	8.1 %
		Market Approach	EBITDA Multiple	30.0x
Loans Payable (Office	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	35.8% - 103.0% (58.3%) 6.3% - 10.9% (9.0%)
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	35.8% - 103.0% (58.3%) 1.1 - 2.1 (1.3)
Ī	Industrial	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	29.9% - 38.4% (33.4%) 6.7% - 6.9% (6.8%)
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	29.9% - 38.4% (33.4%) 1.1 - 1.1 (1.1)
Ī	Residential	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	30.0% - 74.5% (44.9%) 6.2% - 8.2% (7.1%)
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	30.0% - 74.5% (44.9%) 1.1 - 1.3 (1.2)
I	Retail	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	48.7% - 83.8% (58.8%) 6.0% - 7.1% (6.5%)
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	48.7% - 83.8% (58.8%) 1.1 - 1.9 (1.4)
Loans Receivable, including those with related parties	Office	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	48.0% - 136.1% (83.8%) 6.5% - 52.7% (13.4%)
Ī	Industrial	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	34.4% - 66.0% (50.0%) 2.5% - 8.5% (5.4%)
I	Residential	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	39.1% - 70.8% (55.0%) 3.2% - 8.6% (7.5%)
	Retail & Hospitality	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	54.9% - 73.3% (64.2%) 7.3% - 13.6% (9.5%)

⁽¹⁾ Equivalency Rate is defined as the prevailing market interest rate used to discount the contractual loan payments.

Significant increases (decreases) in any of those inputs in isolation would result in significantly lower (higher) fair value measurements, respectively.

Line of Credit and Other Unsecured Debt: The Account's line of credit and term loans are recorded at par as Management believes par approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of the credit facility.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, there were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 or 3.

The amount of total net unrealized (losses) gains included in changes in net assets relating to Level 3 investments and loans payable using significant unobservable inputs still held as of the reporting date is as follows (millions):

	eal Estate Properties	F	Real Estate Joint Ventures]	Real Estate Operating Business	R	Loans eceivable ⁽¹⁾]	Total Level 3 Investments]	Loans Payable
For the three months ended September 30, 2024	\$ (130.2)	\$	(165.5)	\$	97.2	\$	(46.1)	\$	(244.6)	\$	3.8
For the nine months ended September 30, 2024	\$ (1,133.6)	\$	(482.6)	\$	140.4	\$	(68.8)	\$	(1,544.6)	\$	(14.1)
For the three months ended September 30, 2023	\$ (464.3)	\$	(291.5)	\$	(3.5)	\$	(62.3)	\$	(821.6)	\$	(16.3)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2023	\$ (1,897.1)	\$	(1,062.6)	\$	(8.2)	\$	(221.6)	\$	(3,189.5)	\$	(39.0)

⁽¹⁾ Amount shown is reflective of loans receivable and loans receivable with related parties.

Note 6—Investments in Joint Ventures

The Account owns interests in several real estate properties through joint ventures and receives distributions and allocations of profits and losses from the joint ventures based on the Account's ownership interest in those investments. Several of these joint ventures have loans payable collateralized by the properties owned by the aforementioned joint ventures. At September 30, 2024, the Account held investments in joint ventures with ownership interest percentages that ranged from 2.0% to 98.5%. Certain joint ventures are subject to adjusted distribution percentages when earnings in the investment reach a predetermined threshold.

A condensed summary of the gross financial position and results of operations of the combined joint ventures is shown below (millions):

	or the Th Inded Sep			ine Months otember 30,		
	2024	2023	2024		2023	
Operating Revenue and Expenses						
Revenues	\$ 295.2	\$ 309.0	\$ 879.6	\$	924.7	
Expenses	 181.7	192.6	536.1		554.4	
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 113.5	\$ 116.4	\$ 343.5	\$ 370.3		

Note 7—Investments in Real Estate Funds

The Account has ownership interests in real estate funds (each a "Fund", and collectively the "Funds"). The Funds are set up as limited partnerships or entities similar to a limited partnership, and as such, meet the definition of a VIE as the limited partners collectively lack the power, through voting or similar rights, to direct the activities of the Fund that most significantly impact the Fund's economic performance. Management has determined that the Account is not the primary beneficiary for any of the Funds, as the Account lacks the power to direct the activities of each Fund that most significantly impact the respective Fund's economic performance, and the Account further lacks substantive kick-out rights to remove the entity with these powers. Refer to *Note 1—Organization and Significant Accounting Policies* of the Account's 2023 Form 10-K for a description of the methodology used to determine the primary beneficiary of a VIE.

No financial support (such as loans or financial guarantees) was provided to the Funds during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. The Account is contractually obligated to make additional capital contributions in certain Funds in future years. These commitments are included in the maximum exposure to loss presented below.

The carrying amount and maximum exposure to loss relating to unconsolidated VIEs in which the Account holds a variable interest but is not the primary beneficiary were as follows at September 30, 2024 (in millions):

Fund Name	rrying 10unt	Exp	ximum osure to Loss	Liquidity Provisions	Investment Strategy
LCS SHIP Venture I, LLC (90.0% Account Interest)	\$ 36.8	\$	36.8	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.	
(70.0 % Account interest)				The fund is currently in liquidation.	To invest in senior housing properties.
				The Account is permitted to sell or transfer its interest in the fund, subject to consent and approval of the manager.	nousing properties.
Veritas - Trophy VI, LLC (90.4% Account Interest)	\$ 40.6	\$	40.6	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.	To invest in multi-family properties primarily in
				The Account can sell or transfer its interest in the fund with the consent and approval of the manager.	the San Francisco Bay and Los Angeles metropolitan statistical area ("MSA").
SP V - II, LLC (61.8% Account Interest)	\$ 82.9	\$	90.4	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.	
(,				Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2029.	To invest in medical office properties in the
				The Account is permitted to sell or transfer its interest in the fund, subject to consent and approval of the manager.	U.S.
Taconic New York City GP Fund, LP (60.0% Account Interest)	\$ 13.5	\$	13.5	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.	
(00.070 Account interest)				Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2025.	To invest in real estate and real estate-related assets in the New York
				The Account is permitted to sell its interest in the fund, subject to consent and approval of the general partner.	City MSA.
Silverpeak NRE FundCo LLC (90.0% Account Interest)	\$ 65.4	\$	70.6	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.	
(70.070 Account interest)				Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2028.	To invest in alternative real estate investments
				The Account is permitted to sell its interest in the fund to qualified institutional investors, subject to consent and approval of the manager.	primarily in major U.S. metropolitan markets.
IDR - Core Property Index Fund, LLC (1.3% Account Interest)	\$ 34.7	\$	34.7	Redemptions are permitted for a full calendar quarter and upon at least 90 days prior written notice, subject to fund availability.	To invest primarily in open-ended funds that
				The Account is permitted to sell its interest in the fund, subject to consent and approval of the manager.	fall within the NFI- ODCE Index and are actively managed.
Townsend Group Value-Add Fund (99.0% Account Interest)	\$ 208.7	\$	258.4	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.	
(77.070 Account interest)				Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2027.	To invest in value-add real estate investment
				The Account is prohibited from transferring its interest in the fund without consent by the general partner, which can be withheld in their sole discretion	opportunities in the U.S. market.
Flagler REA Healthcare Properties Partnership	\$ 16.1	\$	16.1	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.	
(90.0% Account Interest)					
				Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2025.	To acquire healthcare
				The Account is permitted to transfer its interest in the fund to a qualified institutional investor, subject to the right first offer by the partner, following the one year anniversary of the fund launch.	properties within the top 50 MSA's in the U.S.
Grubb Southeast Real Estate Fund VI, LLC (66.7% Account Interest)	\$ 8.4	\$	8.4	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.	
and the same and t				Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2026.	To acquire office investments across the Southeast.
				The Account is permitted to sell or transfer its interest in the fund with the consent and approval of the manager.	Saureaut.

Fund Name		Carry Amo		laximum posure to Loss	Liquidity Provisions	Investment Strategy
Silverpeak NRE FundCo 2 LLC (90.0% Account Interest)		\$	59.5	\$ 82.2	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation. The Account is permitted to sell its interest in the fund to qualified institutional investors, subject to consent and approval of the manager.	To invest in value-add real estate investment opportunities in the top 25 major U.S. metropolitan markets.
JCR Capital - REA Preferred Equity Parallel Fund (31.1% Account Interest)		\$	97.2	\$ 108.7	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation. Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2026. The Account is prohibited from transferring its interest in the fund without consent by the general partner, which can be withheld in their sole discretion	To invest primarily in multi-family properties.
Silverpeak NRE FundCo 3 LLC (90.0% Account Interest)		\$	50.8	\$ 99.4	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation. The Account is permitted to sell its interest in the fund to qualified institutional investors, subject to consent and approval of the manager.	To invest in value-add real estate investment opportunities in the top 25 major U.S. metropolitan markets.
	Total	\$	714.6	\$ 859.8		

Note 8—Loans Receivable

The Account's loan receivable portfolio is primarily comprised of mezzanine loans secured by the borrower's indirect interests in commercial real estate. Mezzanine loans are subordinate to first mortgages on the underlying real estate collateral. The following property types represent the underlying real estate collateral for the Account's mezzanine loans (in millions):

		Sept	tember 30, 202	24		December 31, 2023						
	rincipal tstanding	1	Fair Value	% of Fair Value	_ (Principal Outstanding		Fair Value	% of Fair Value			
Office ⁽¹⁾	\$ 891.6	\$	493.2	48.3 %	\$	1,016.2	\$	622.2	52.5 %			
Apartment ⁽¹⁾	216.5		210.1	20.6 %		247.7		241.4	20.4 %			
Industrial	134.3		134.0	13.1 %		134.1		133.6	11.3 %			
Hotel	139.3		139.3	13.6 %		139.3		139.3	11.8 %			
Retail	44.0		40.5	4.0 %		44.0		42.8	3.6 %			
Land	4.6		4.6	0.4 %		4.4		4.4	0.4 %			
	\$ 1,430.3	\$	1,021.7	100.0 %	\$	1,585.7	\$	1,183.7	100.0 %			

⁽¹⁾ Includes loans receivable with related parties.

The Account monitors the risk profile of the loan receivable portfolio with the assistance of a third-party rating service that models the loans and assigns risk ratings based on inputs such as loan-to-value ratios, yields, credit quality of the borrowers, property types of the collateral, geographic and local market dynamics, physical condition of the collateral, and the underlying structure of the loans. Ratings for loans are updated monthly. Assigned ratings can range from AAA to C, with an AAA designation representing debt with the lowest level of credit risk and C representing a greater risk of default or principal loss. Loans that are delinquent or in default are generally assigned a D rating unless the value of the collateral asset is estimated to be greater than, or equal to, the outstanding loan balance. Debt in good health is typically reflective of a risk rating in the B range (e.g., BBB, BB, or B), as these ratings reflect borrowers' having adequate financial resources to service their financial commitments, or the value of the collateral asset is estimated to be greater than, or equal to, the outstanding loan balance, but also acknowledging that adverse economic conditions, should they occur, would likely impede on a borrowers' ability to pay.

On August 29, 2024, the Account took equity ownership of, and began operating, the collateral office property associated with the Five Oak mezzanine loan receivable through a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure agreement, after the borrower defaulted on the terms of the loan.

The following table presents the fair values of the Account's loan portfolio based on the risk ratings as of September 30, 2024 (in millions), listed in order of the strength of the risk rating (from strongest to weakest):

	Se	eptember 30, 2024	Į.	December 31, 2023						
	Number of Loans	Fair Value	% of Fair Value	Number of Loans	Fair Value	% of Fair Value				
A-	_	_	— %	1	101.5	8.6 %				
BBB	1	96.9	9.5 %	2	200.3	16.9 %				
BB+	3	279.1	27.3 %	2	177.0	15.0 %				
BB	1	54.7	5.4 %	1	32.1	2.7 %				
BB-	1	87.4	8.6 %	2	138.7	11.7 %				
B+	3	240.6	23.5 %	1	57.3	4.8 %				
В	1	34.8	3.4 %	3	153.8	13.0 %				
B-	_	_	— %	1	17.4	1.5 %				
CCC+	1	37.1	3.6 %	1	31.1	2.6 %				
CCC	2	48.5	4.7 %	1	37.9	3.2 %				
CCC-	_	_	— %	1	18.1	1.5 %				
C	2	67.2	6.6 %	2	64.9	5.5 %				
D	7	6.1	0.6 %	8	52.3	4.4 %				
NR ⁽¹⁾	5	69.3	6.8 %	5	101.3	8.6 %				
	27	\$ 1,021.7	100.0 %	31	\$ 1,183.7	100.0 %				

^{(1) &}quot;NR" designates loans not assigned an internal credit rating. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, all loans with NR designations were with related parties. The loans are collateralized by equity interests in real estate investments.

The following table represents loans receivable in nonaccrual status as of September 30, 2024 (in millions). Loans are placed in nonaccrual status when a loan is more than 90 days in arrears or at any point when management believes the full collection of principal is doubtful.

Aging	Number of Loans	Pr_	incipal Outstanding	Fair Value
Past Due - 90 Days +	4	\$	250.4	\$ <u>—</u>

Note 9—Loans Payable

At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Account had outstanding loans payable secured by the following properties (in millions):

		Princ Amounts Out		
Property	Annual Interest Rate and Payment Frequency	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	Maturity
1401 H Street NW	3.65% paid monthly	115.0	115.0	November 5, 2024
The District on La Frontera ⁽¹⁾	3.84% paid monthly	35.6	36.2	December 1, 2024
The District on La Frontera ⁽¹⁾	4.96% paid monthly	4.1	4.1	December 1, 2024
Circa Green Lake	3.71% paid monthly	52.0	52.0	March 5, 2025
Union - South Lake Union	3.66% paid monthly	57.0	57.0	March 5, 2025
Holly Street Village	3.65% paid monthly	81.0	81.0	May 1, 2025
Henley at Kingstowne ⁽¹⁾	3.60% paid monthly	65.1	66.3	May 1, 2025
32 South State Street	4.48% paid monthly	24.0	24.0	June 6, 2025
Project Sonic ⁽²⁾	2.00% + SOFR paid monthly	94.0	93.9	June 9, 2025
Vista Station Office Portfolio ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	4.00% paid monthly	_	17.9	July 1, 2025
One Biscayne Tower ⁽²⁾	2.45% + SOFR paid monthly	100.0	100.0	July 9, 2025
Spring House Innovation Park(2)	1.36% + SOFR paid monthly	71.2	56.8	July 9, 2025
780 Third Avenue ⁽³⁾	3.55% paid monthly	_	150.0	August 1, 2025
780 Third Avenue ⁽³⁾	3.55% paid monthly	_	20.0	August 1, 2025
Reserve at Chino Hills ⁽²⁾	1.61% + SOFR paid monthly	82.2	79.9	August 9, 2025
Vista Station Office Portfolio ⁽¹⁾	4.20% paid monthly	40.0	41.0	November 1, 2025
701 Brickell Avenue ⁽¹⁾	3.66% paid monthly	172.0	174.9	April 1, 2026
Marketplace at Mill Creek	3.82% paid monthly	39.6	39.6	September 11, 2027
Overlook At King Of Prussia	3.82% paid monthly	40.8	40.8	September 11, 2027
Winslow Bay	3.82% paid monthly	25.8	25.8	September 11, 2027
1900 K Street, NW ⁽¹⁾	3.93% paid monthly	155.8	158.3	April 1, 2028
Ashford Meadows ⁽⁴⁾	5.76% paid monthly	64.6	64.6	October 1, 2028
803 Corday ⁽⁴⁾	5.76% paid monthly	62.2	62.2	October 1, 2028
Churchill on the Park ⁽⁴⁾	5.76% paid monthly	40.5	40.5	October 1, 2028
Carrington Park ⁽⁴⁾	5.76% paid monthly	43.8	43.8	October 1, 2028
Five Oak ⁽²⁾	1.47% + SOFR paid monthly	44.2	_	August 9, 2029
99 High Street ⁽⁵⁾	3.90% paid monthly	277.0	277.0	March 1, 2030
Total Principal Outstanding		\$ 1,787.5	\$ 1,922.6	
Fair Value Adjustment ⁽⁶⁾		(45.9)	(60.1)	
Total Loans Payable		\$ 1,741.6	\$ 1,862.5	

⁽¹⁾ The mortgage is adjusted monthly for principal payments.

The loan is collateralized by a mezzanine loan receivable, which is collateralized by the property listed in the above table.

⁽³⁾ Debt was extinguished as part of the disposition of the collateral property.

⁽⁴⁾ These loans are part of a cross-collateralized credit facility.

⁽⁵⁾ This loan is currently in default.

The fair value adjustment consists of the difference (positive or negative) between the principal amount of the outstanding debt and the fair value of the outstanding debt. See Note 1 - Organization and Significant Accounting Policies.

Note 10—Credit Facility

On September 16, 2022, the Account entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a syndicate of third-party bank lenders, including JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., comprised of revolving credit loans ("Line of Credit") up to \$500.0 million and up to \$500.0 million in term loans ("Term Loans"). On August 11, 2023, the Credit Agreement was amended to increase the revolving credit loans commitment to \$1.4 billion and convert the \$500.0 million in outstanding term loans into revolving credit loans. The term loans may not be redrawn and all references to Term Loans have been removed from the agreement. The Account may use the proceeds of borrowings under the Credit Agreement for general organizational purposes in the ordinary course of business, including to finance certain real estate portfolio investments. The Account may prepay borrowings under the Credit Facility at any time during the life of the loan without penalty.

The Account may elect for each borrowing under the Credit Agreement to bear annual interest at an adjusted base rate ("ABR") or adjusted SOFR plus an applicable margin which is dependent on the leverage ratio of the Account. The applicable margin for adjusted SOFR Revolving Credit Loans ranges from 0.875% to 1.30% and for ABR Revolving Credit Loans ranges from 0.00% to 0.30%. In addition, the Account pays facility fees ranging from 0.125% to 0.20%, depending on the leverage ratio of the Account, on the total revolving commitments (used and unused) under the Credit Agreement.

As of September 30, 2024, the Account was in compliance with all covenants required by the Credit Agreement.

The following table provides a summary of the key characteristics of the Credit Agreement, as of September 30, 2024:

Current Balance - Line of Credit (in millions)	\$	72.0
Maximum Capacity (in millions)	\$	1,445.0
Inception Date		September 16, 2022
Revolving Commitment Termination		September 16, 2025
Extension Option ⁽¹⁾		Yes
ABR Revolving Credit Loans Interest Rate	A	BR + Applicable Margin
SOFR Revolving Credit Loans Interest Rate ⁽²⁾	Adjusted SC	FR + Applicable Margin

⁽¹⁾ The Account has two options to extend the Commitment Termination Date for an additional twelve months each. The Account may also request additional funding, not to exceed \$55.0 million, at any time prior to the Commitment Termination Date; however, this request is subject to approval at the sole discretion of the lenders and is not guaranteed.

Note 11—Senior Notes Payable

In June 2022, the Account entered into a note purchase agreement with certain qualified institutional investors. Under the note purchase agreement, the Account issued \$500.0 million of debt securities, in the form of Series A senior notes (the "Series A Notes") and Series B senior notes (the "Series B Notes") that mature in 2029 and 2032, respectively. The Account is obligated to repay the Series A and B Notes at par, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of repayment. The Series A Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 3.24%, payable semi-annually, and the Series B Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 3.35%, payable semi-annually. The Account may also prepay the Series A and B Notes in whole or in part at any time, or from time to time, at the Account's option at par plus accrued interest to the prepayment date and, if prepaid on or before 90 days prior to the applicable maturity date, a make-whole premium.

On March 21, 2023, the Account entered into another note purchase agreement with certain qualified institutional investors. Under this note purchase agreement, the Account issued \$400.0 million of debt securities on May 30, 2023, in the form of Series C senior notes (the "Series C Notes") that will mature on May 30, 2027. The Series C Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 5.50%, payable semi-annually and are subject to the same prepayment terms as the Series A and B Notes.

⁽²⁾ The weighted average interest rate for three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 was 6.244% and 6.288%, respectively.

As of September 30, 2024, the Account was in compliance with all covenants required by the note purchase agreements.

The following table provides a summary of the key characteristics of the outstanding senior notes payable, as of September 30, 2024:

	Principa	l (in millions)	Interest Rate	Maturity Date
Series A	\$	300.0	3.24%	June 10, 2029
Series B	\$	200.0	3.35%	June 10, 2032
Series C	\$	400.0	5.50%	May 30, 2027

Note 12—Financial Highlights

Selected condensed financial information for an Accumulation Unit of the Account is presented below. Per Accumulation Unit data is calculated on average units outstanding.

	For the Nine Months Ended			Years	Years Ended December 31,			
	Sep	otember 30, 2024	2023			2022	_	2021
Per Accumulation Unit Data:								
Rental income	\$	21.662	\$	27.323	\$	23.751	\$	22.672
Real estate property level expenses		9.960		12.858		11.042		10.683
Real estate income, net		11.702		14.465		12.709		11.989
Other income		4.720		7.539		6.559		5.474
Total income		16.422		22.004		19.268		17.463
Expenses ⁽¹⁾		4.543		6.216		5.121		4.035
Investment income, net		11.879		15.788		14.147		13.428
Net realized and unrealized (loss) gain on investments and debt		(34.822)		(91.657)		28.011		64.615
Net (decrease) increase in Accumulation Unit Value		(22.943)		(75.869)		42.158		78.043
Accumulation Unit Value:								
Beginning of period		481.054		556.923		514.765		436.722
End of period	\$	458.111	\$	481.054	\$	556.923	\$	514.765
Total return ⁽²⁾		(4.77)%		(13.62)%		8.19 %		17.87 %
Ratios to Average net assets ⁽³⁾ :								
Expense charges ⁽⁴⁾		1.03 %		0.93 %		0.89 %		0.84 %
Investment income, net		3.33 %		3.00 %		2.45 %		2.82 %
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽³⁾ :								
Real estate properties ⁽⁵⁾		2.1 %		1.4 %		5.6 %		7.6 %
Marketable securities ⁽⁶⁾		— %		21.6 %		4.7 %		— %
Accumulation Units outstanding at end of period (millions)		47.8		48.0		52.1		53.4
Net assets end of period (millions)	\$	22,371.1	\$	23,618.9	\$	29,658.1	\$	28,072.0

⁽¹⁾ Expenses per Accumulation Unit reflect the year-to-date Account level expenses and exclude real estate property level expenses which are included in real estate income, net.

⁽²⁾ Percentages for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 are not annualized.

⁽³⁾ Percentages for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 are annualized.

Ratio of expenses to average net assets reflects the year-to-date Account level expense charges, which excludes interest expense on Account-level debt and also excludes property level expenses, which are included in real estate income, net.

Note 13—Accumulation Units

Changes in the number of Accumulation Units outstanding were as follows (in millions):

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024	For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
Outstanding:		
Beginning of period	48.0	52.1
Credited for premiums	4.6	4.1
Credited for purchase of liquidity units by TIAA	0.6	1.3
Annuity, other periodic payments, withdrawals and death benefits	(5.4)	(9.5)
End of period	47.8	48.0

Note 14—Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments—As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Account had the following immediately callable commitments to purchase additional interests in its real estate funds or provide additional funding through its loans receivable investments (in millions):

	Commitment Expiration	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Real Estate Funds ⁽¹⁾			
Veritas Trophy VI, LLC	08/2023	_	10.0
JCR Capital - REA Preferred Equity Parallel Fund	$02/2024^{(3)}$	11.5	24.8
Silverpeak NRE FundCo 3 LLC	12/2024	48.6	51.5
Townsend Group Value-Add Fund	12/2026	49.7	57.2
Silverpeak NRE FundCo LLC	12/2028	5.2	26.1
SP V - II, LLC	09/2029	7.5	8.7
Silverpeak NRE FundCo 2 LLC	12/2029	22.7	22.7
		\$ 145.2	\$ 201.0
Loans Receivable ⁽²⁾			
Colony New England Hotel Portfolio Senior Loan	11/2024	3.6	3.6
Colony New England Hotel Portfolio Mezzanine	11/2024	1.2	1.2
Exo Apartments Mezzanine	01/2025	5.1	5.1
Project Sonic Senior Loan	06/2025	1.9	2.0
Project Sonic Mezzanine	06/2025	0.6	0.7
Spring House Innovation Park Senior Loan	07/2025	_	17.8
Spring House Innovation Park Mezzanine	07/2025	_	5.9
One Biscayne Tower Senior Loan	07/2025	26.8	31.8
One Biscayne Tower Mezzanine	07/2025	8.9	10.6
MRA Hub 34 Holding, LLC	08/2025	1.5	1.5
The Reserve at Chino Hills	08/2025	0.9	3.3
735 Watkins Mill	08/2025	4.7	4.8
		\$ 55.2	\$ 88.3

⁽⁵⁾ Real estate investment portfolio turnover rate is calculated by dividing the lesser of purchases or sales of real estate property investments (including contributions to, or return of capital distributions received from, existing real estate joint ventures and fund investments) by the average value of the portfolio of real estate investments held during the period.

⁽⁶⁾ Marketable securities portfolio turnover rate is calculated by dividing the lesser of purchases or sales of securities, excluding securities having maturity dates at acquisition of one year or less, by the average value of the portfolio securities held during the period.

Real Estate Operating Business	Commitment Expiration	Septemb	per 30, 2024	Decem	ber 31, 2023
DigitalBridge Zeus Partners, LP	N/A ⁽⁴⁾		155.1	\$	_
		\$	155.1	\$	_
TOTAL COMMITMENTS		\$	355.5	\$	289.3

- Additional capital can be called during the commitment period at any time. The commitment period can only be extended by the manager with the consent of the Account. The commitment expiration date is reflective of the most recent signed agreement between the Account and the fund manager, including any side letter agreements.
- Advances from the Account can be requested during the commitment period at any time. The commitment expiration date is reflective of the most recent signed agreement between the Account and the borrower, including any side letter agreements. Certain loans contain extension clauses on the term of the loan that do not require the Account's prior consent. If elected, the Account's commitment may be extended through the extension term.
- (3) The commitment period has concluded. The remaining commitment represents two prospective deals initiated under the term sheet prior to the expiration date.
- (4) The additional capital commitment has no expiration. The remaining commitment will be funded through incremental capital calls. Funding is scheduled to be completed by the second quarter of 2025.

Contingencies—In the normal course of business, the Account may be named, from time to time, as a defendant or may be involved in various legal actions, including arbitration, class actions and other litigation.

The Account establishes an accrual for all litigation and regulatory matters when it believes it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Once established, accruals are adjusted, as appropriate, in light of additional information. The amount of loss ultimately incurred in relation to those matters may be higher or lower than the amounts accrued for those matters.

As of the date of this report, management of the Account does not believe that the results of any such claims or litigation, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material effect on the Account's business, financial position or results of operations.

Note 15—Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, Management has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure subsequent to September 30, 2024, through November 1, 2024, the date the financial statements were issued.

The following property-related transactions occurred subsequent to September 30, 2024 (in millions):

Real Estate Properties and Joint Ventures

Sales

Property Name	Sales Date	Ownership Percentage	Sector	Location	et Sales Price ⁽¹⁾	ealized Gain oss) on Sale ⁽²⁾
701 Brickell	10/8/2024	100.0%	Office	Miami, FL	\$ 436.8	\$ 107.7
Fort Point Creative Exchange	10/9/2024	100.0%	Office	Boston, MA	\$ 16.9	\$ (18.9)
Larkspur Courts	10/15/2024	100.0%	Multi-family	Larkspur, CA	\$ 130.7	\$ 25.1
River Ridge	10/15/2024	100.0%	Retail	Birmingham, AL	\$ 21.5	\$ (8.0)

⁽¹⁾ The net sales price represents the sales price, less selling expenses.

⁽²⁾ Majority of the realized gain/(loss) has been previously recognized as unrealized gains (losses) in the Account's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

		September 30,	December 31, 2023				
Location/Sector	Fa	Fair Value		Fair Value		% of Net Assets	
Alabama							
Retail		49.6	0.2 %		46.1	0.2 %	
	\$	49.6	0.2 %	\$	46.1	0.2 %	
Arizona	<u> </u>	1500	012 70		1001	0,2 70	
Industrial		45.0	0.2 %		46.7	0.2 %	
Land		22.0	0.1 %		15.3	0.1 %	
	\$	67.0	0.3 %	\$	62.0	0.3 %	
California	<u>*</u>				3_00		
Industrial		3,140.9	14.0 %		3,499.1	14.8 %	
Apartment		1,301.9	5.8 %		1,377.1	5.8 %	
Retail		411.8	1.8 %		411.6	1.8 %	
Office		190.2	0.9 %		458.8	1.9 %	
	\$	5,044.8	22.5 %	\$	5,746.6	24.3 %	
Colorado	<u>*</u>	2,0110					
Industrial		42.6	0.2 %		46.0	0.2 %	
Office		42.4	0.2 %		60.3	0.3 %	
	\$	85.0	0.4 %	\$	106.3	0.5 %	
Connecticut	<u> </u>						
Office		25.1	0.1 %		30.5	0.1 %	
	\$	25.1	0.1 %	\$	30.5	0.1 %	
Florida	<u>·</u>						
Apartment		915.6	4.1 %		1,154.3	4.9 %	
Industrial		699.1	3.1 %		704.1	3.0 %	
Office		437.9	2.0 %		493.6	2.1 %	
Retail		68.8	0.3 %		150.6	0.6 %	
	\$	2,121.4	9.5 %	\$	2,502.6	10.6 %	
Georgia							
Apartment		369.3	1.6 %		387.3	1.6 %	
Industrial		246.2	1.1 %		238.7	1.0 %	
Retail		131.9	0.6 %		246.1	1.1 %	
	\$	747.4	3.3 %	\$	872.1	3.7 %	
Illinois							
Industrial		220.9	1.0 %		215.8	0.9 %	
Retail		160.0	0.7 %		168.6	0.7 %	
Apartment		116.1	0.5 %		123.0	0.5 %	
•	\$	497.0	2.2 %	\$	507.4	2.1 %	
Indiana							
Industrial		96.2	0.4 %		97.3	0.4 %	
	\$	96.2	0.4 %	\$	97.3	0.4 %	
Maryland							
Industrial		79.9	0.4 %		73.1	0.3 %	

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

	September 30, 2024			December 31, 2023			
Location/Sector			% of Net Assets	Fair Value		% of Net Assets	
Apartment		73.8	0.3 %		79.1	0.3 %	
Retail		61.8	0.3 %		67.0	0.3 %	
	\$	215.5	1.0 %	\$	219.2	0.9 %	
Massachusetts							
Office		377.6	1.7 %		504.9	2.2 %	
Industrial		132.1	0.6 %		145.2	0.6 %	
Retail		112.1	0.5 %		114.0	0.5 %	
Apartment		52.9	0.2 %		51.6	0.2 %	
	\$	674.7	3.0 %	\$	815.7	3.5 %	
Minnesota							
Industrial		133.9	0.6 %		137.5	0.6 %	
Apartment		70.9	0.3 %		80.3	0.3 %	
	\$	204.8	0.9 %	\$	217.8	0.9 %	
New Jersey							
Industrial		362.7	1.6 %		354.3	1.5 %	
Retail		76.8	0.4 %		84.7	0.4 %	
	\$	439.5	2.0 %	\$	439.0	1.9 %	
New York							
Apartment		259.0	1.2 %		265.1	1.1 %	
Office		254.3	1.1 %		523.6	2.2 %	
	\$	513.3	2.3 %	\$	788.7	3.3 %	
North Carolina							
Retail		92.6	0.4 %		92.6	0.4 %	
Apartment		80.1	0.4 %		79.7	0.3 %	
	\$	172.7	0.8 %	\$	172.3	0.7 %	
Oregon							
Office		67.4	0.3 %		27.5	0.1 %	
Apartment		27.3	0.1 %		32.6	0.1 %	
	\$	94.7	0.4 %	\$	60.1	0.2 %	
Pennsylvania							
Retail		64.6	0.3 %		57.3	0.2 %	
	\$	64.6	0.3 %	\$	57.3	0.2 %	
South Carolina							
Apartment		84.1	0.4 %		70.8	0.3 %	
Retail		43.7	0.2 %		48.6	0.2 %	
	\$	127.8	0.6 %	\$	119.4	0.5 %	
Tennessee							
Retail		84.3	0.4 %		142.5	0.6 %	
Industrial		68.2	0.3 %		68.9	0.3 %	
Apartment		38.4	0.2 %		35.8	0.2 %	
	\$	190.9	0.9 %	\$	247.2	1.1 %	
Texas							
Industrial		1,033.0	4.6 %		953.2	4.0 %	

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

		September 30	, 2024	December 31, 2023			
Location/Sector	F	air Value	% of Net Assets		Fair Value	% of Net Assets	
Apartment		596.0	2.7 %		642.6	2.7 %	
Office		499.9	2.2 %		454.0	1.9 %	
Hotel		90.2	0.4 %		91.8	0.4 %	
	\$	2,219.1	9.9 %	\$	2,141.6	9.0 %	
Utah							
Office		43.8	0.2 %		82.5	0.4 %	
	\$	43.8	0.2 %	\$	82.5	0.4 %	
Virginia							
Apartment		381.3	1.7 %		388.6	1.6 %	
Retail		129.3	0.6 %		131.3	0.6 %	
Office		68.3	0.3 %		85.1	0.4 %	
	\$	578.9	2.6 %	\$	605.0	2.6 %	
Washington							
Industrial		562.3	2.5 %		557.9	2.4 %	
Apartment		265.0	1.2 %		280.6	1.2 %	
	\$	827.3	3.7 %	\$	838.5	3.6 %	
Washington D.C.							
Office		828.3	3.7 %		940.5	4.0 %	
Apartment		294.4	1.3 %		304.6	1.3 %	
	\$	1,122.7	5.0 %	\$	1,245.1	5.3 %	
TOTAL REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES							
(Cost: \$13,864.0 and \$14,682.0)	\$	16,223.8	72.5 %	\$	18,020.3	76.3 %	

REAL ESTATE JOINT VENTURES

	September 30	December 31, 2023			
Location/Sector	Fair Value	% of Net Assets		Fair Value	% of Net Assets
Arizona					
Land	29.9	0.1 %		27.0	0.1 %
	\$ 29.9	0.1 %	\$	27.0	0.1 %
California					
Office	681.3	3.0 %		801.5	3.4 %
Land	71.6	0.3 %		57.2	0.2 %
Retail	37.3	0.2 %		36.8	0.1 %
	\$ 790.2	3.5 %	\$	895.5	3.7 %
Florida					
Retail	381.0	1.7 %		442.0	1.9 %
	\$ 381.0	1.7 %	\$	442.0	1.9 %
Georgia					
Land	16.4	0.1 %		29.8	0.1 %
	\$ 16.4	0.1 %	\$	29.8	0.1 %
Maryland					
Land	37.5	0.2 %		42.8	0.2 %
Retail	17.7	0.1 %		16.0	0.1 %
	\$ 55.2	0.3 %	\$	58.8	0.3 %

REAL ESTATE JOINT VENTURES

		September 30, 2024			December 31, 2023		
Location/Sector	Fair Value		% of Net Assets	Fair Value		% of Net Assets	
Massachusetts							
Office		290.7	1.3 %		324.1	1.4 %	
	\$	290.7	1.3 %	\$	324.1	1.4 %	
Nevada							
Retail		404.3	1.8 %		413.9	1.8 %	
	\$	404.3	1.8 %	\$	413.9	1.8 %	
New York							
Industrial		63.1	0.3 %		66.5	0.3 %	
Office		44.1	0.2 %		48.6	0.2 %	
Apartment		39.3	0.2 %		36.4	0.2 %	
Retail		28.7	0.1 %		30.9	0.1 %	
	\$	175.2	0.8 %	\$	182.4	0.8 %	
North Carolina							
Apartment		151.3	0.7 %		101.0	0.4 %	
Retail		68.0	0.3 %		45.4	0.2 %	
Office		35.2	0.2 %		24.0	0.1 %	
Land		21.5	0.1 %		29.2	0.1 %	
	\$	276.0	1.3 %	\$	199.6	0.8 %	
South Carolina							
Apartment		67.2	0.3 %		62.2	0.2 %	
Land		19.9	0.1 %		18.6	0.1 %	
	\$	87.1	0.4 %	\$	80.8	0.3 %	
Tennessee		0.11	301 70			0,0	
Retail		176.5	0.8 %		176.3	0.7 %	
	\$	176.5	0.8 %	\$	176.3	0.7 %	
Texas	Ψ	170.0	0.0 /0	Ψ	170.0	0.7 7	
Office		298.1	1.3 %		304.8	1.3 %	
Industrial		50.6	0.2 %		50.5	0.2 %	
Other ⁽¹⁾		0.7	— %		0.8	— %	
	\$	349.4	1.5 %	\$	356.1	1.5 %	
Washington							
Office		_	— %		0.4	— %	
	\$	_	<u> %</u>	\$	0.4	— %	
Various ⁽²⁾							
Storage		1,191.0	5.3 %		1,234.8	5.2 %	
Apartment		1,036.1	4.6 %		1,006.1	4.3 %	
Office		422.2	1.9 %		415.3	1.8 %	
	\$	2,649.3	11.8 %	\$	2,656.2	11.3 %	
Foreign ⁽³⁾		,			,		
Land		43.9	0.2 %		38.3	0.2 %	
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	\$	43.9	0.2 %	\$	38.3	0.2 %	
TOTAL REAL ESTATE JOINT VENTURES	Φ	43.7	U.2 /0	Φ	36.3	0.2 %	
	•	E 70E 1	25 ( 0/	•	£ 001 3	240.0/	
(Cost: \$5,989.6 and \$5,645.7)	\$	5,725.1	25.6 %	\$	5,881.2	24.9 %	

⁽¹⁾ Represents residual equity value of the joint venture investment after property disposition.
(2) Properties within these investments are located throughout the United States.

⁽³⁾ Property is located outside of the United States.

## MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Fair Value  249.2 134.7	, 2024 % of Net Assets 1.1 % 0.6 %	F	December 31. Sair Value 38.0	% of Net Assets
249.2	Assets 1.1 %	F		Assets
			38.0	0.2.0/
134.7	0.6 %			0.2 %
			109.4	0.5 %
383.9	1.7 %	\$	147.4	0.7 %
714.6	3.2 %	\$	792.4	3.4 %
897.6	4.0 %	\$	685.9	2.9 %
952.4	4.3 %	\$	1,082.4	4.6 %
69.3	0.3 %	\$	101.3	0.4 %
24,966.7	111.6 %	\$	26,710.9	113.2 %
	714.6 897.6 952.4 69.3	714.6 3.2 %  897.6 4.0 %  952.4 4.3 %  69.3 0.3 %	714.6 3.2 % \$  897.6 4.0 % \$  952.4 4.3 % \$  69.3 0.3 % \$	714.6 3.2 % \$ 792.4  897.6 4.0 % \$ 685.9  952.4 4.3 % \$ 1,082.4  69.3 0.3 % \$ 101.3

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of the Account's financial condition and results of operations should be read together with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes contained in this report, the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes contained in the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, filed with the SEC on March 14, 2024 (the "Form 10-K"), and with consideration to the sub-section entitled "Forward-Looking Statements," which begins below, the section entitled "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of the Account's 2023 Form 10-K and the section entitled "Item 1.A Risk Factors" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the Account's previous Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, as such risk factors may be updated in subsequent reports. The past performance of the Account is not indicative of future results.

#### **Forward-looking Statements**

Some statements in this Form 10-Q which are not historical facts may be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include statements about management's expectations, beliefs, intentions or strategies for the future, include the assumptions and beliefs underlying these forward-looking statements, and are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about the real estate industry, domestic and global economic conditions, including conditions in the credit and capital markets, employment rates, the sectors and markets in which the Account invests and operates, and the transactions described in this Form 10-Q. While management believes the assumptions underlying any of its forward-looking statements and information to be reasonable, such information may be subject to uncertainties and may involve certain risks which may be difficult to predict and are beyond management's control. These risks and uncertainties could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the risks associated with the following:

- Acquiring, owning and selling real property and real estate investments, including risks related to general
  economic and real estate market conditions, the risk that the Account's properties become too concentrated
  (whether by geography, sector or by tenant mix) and the risk that the sales price of a property might differ from
  its estimated or appraised value;
- Property valuations, including the fact that the Account's appraisals are generally obtained on a quarterly basis
  and there may be periods in between appraisals of a property during which the value attributed to the property
  for purposes of the Account's daily accumulation unit value may be more or less than the actual realizable value
  of the property;
- Financing the Account's properties, including the risk of default on loans secured by the Account's properties (which could lead to foreclosure);
- Contract owner transactions, in particular that (i) significant net contract owner transfers out of the Account may impair our ability to pursue or consummate new investment opportunities, (ii) significant net contract owner transfers into the Account may result, on a temporary basis, in our cash holdings and/or holdings in liquid non-real estate-related investments exceeding our long-term targeted holding levels and (iii) high levels of cash and liquid non-real estate-related investments in the Account during times of appreciating real estate values can impair the Account's overall return;
- Joint ventures and real estate funds, including the risk that the Account may have limited rights with respect to the joint venture or that a co-venturer or fund manager may have financial difficulties;
- Governmental regulatory matters such as zoning laws, rent control laws, and property and other taxes;
- Potential liability for damage to the environment or injury to individuals caused by hazardous substances used
  or found on its properties, as well as risks associated with federal and state environmental laws, that may
  impose restrictions on the manner in which a property may be used;
- Certain catastrophic losses that may be uninsurable, as well as risks related to climate-related changes and hazards, which could adversely impact the Account's investment returns;
- ESG criteria used to assess economic risk or financial opportunity projections in the evaluation of commercial real estate investments may not materialize in the way we have anticipated, resulting in the Account

- subsequently underperforming relative to other investment vehicles that did not utilize such ESG criteria in selecting and managing portfolio properties;
- Countries with emerging market, foreign commercial real properties, foreign real estate loans, foreign debt investments and foreign securities investments that may experience unique risks such as changes in currency exchange rates, imposition of market controls or currency exchange controls, seizure, expropriation or nationalization of assets, political, social or diplomatic events or unrest (for example, the wars in Ukraine and Gaza), regulatory and taxation risks and risks associated with enforcing judgments in foreign countries that could cause the Account to lose money;
- Investments in REITs, including changes in the value of the underlying properties or by the quality of any credit extended, as well as exposure to market risk due to changing conditions in the financial markets;
- Investments in mortgage-backed securities, which are subject to the same risks inherent in real estate investing, making mortgage loans and investing in debt securities. For example, the underlying mortgage loans may experience defaults, are subject to prepayment risks and are sensitive to economic conditions impacting the credit markets generally;
- Risks associated with the Account's investments in mortgage loans, including (i) borrower default that results in the Account being unable to recover its original investment, (ii) liens that may have priority over the Account's security interest, (iii) a deterioration in the financial condition of tenants, and (iv) changes in interest rates for the Account's variable-rate mortgage loans and other debt instruments;
- Risks associated with the Account's investments in, and leasing of, single-family real estate include risks relating to the condition of the properties, the credit quality and employment stability of the tenants, and compliance with applicable local laws regarding the acquisition and leasing of single family real estate (which may include manufactured housing);
- Investment securities issued by U.S. Government agencies and U.S. Government-sponsored entities, including the risk that the issuer may not have their securities backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, which could adversely affect the pricing and value of such securities;
- Risks associated with investments in liquid, fixed-income investments and real estate-related liquid assets (which could include, from time to time, registered or unregistered REIT securities and CMBS), and non-real estate-related liquid assets,
- Conflicts of interests associated with TIAA serving as investment manager of the Account and provider of the liquidity guarantee while also serving as an investment manager to other real estate accounts or funds;
- Lending securities, which has the Account bear the market risk with respect to the investment of collateral or a portion of the income generated by interest paid by the securities lending agent on the cash collateral balance;
- The Account's requirement to sell property in the event that TIAA owns too large of a percentage of the Account's accumulation units, which sales could occur at a time or price that is not optimal for the Account's returns; and
- The tax rules applicable to the contracts vary and your rights under a contract may be subject to the terms of your employer's retirement plan itself, regardless of the terms of the contract. We cannot provide detailed information on all tax aspects of owning the contracts. Tax rules may change without notice, and we cannot predict whether, when, or how tax rules could change or what, if any, tax legislation will actually be proposed or enacted.
- Continued liquidity risks within the Account's portfolio. Additional detail regarding the recent triggering of the Account's Liquidity Guarantee is included below in the sub-section entitled "Liquidity and Capital Resources."

More detailed discussions of certain of these risk factors are contained in the section of the Form 10-K entitled "Item 1A. Risk Factors" and "Part II, Item 1A, Risk Factors" in this Report and also in the section below entitled "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk." These risks could cause actual results to differ materially from historical experience or management's present expectations.

Caution should be taken not to place undue reliance on management's forward-looking statements, which represent management's views only as of the date that this report is filed. Neither management nor the Account undertake any obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, changed assumptions, future events or otherwise.

Commercial real estate market statistics discussed in this section are obtained by the Account from sources that management considers reliable, but some of the data are preliminary for the period ended September 30, 2024 and may be subsequently revised. Prior period data may have been adjusted to reflect updated calculations. Investors should not rely exclusively on the data presented below in forming a judgment regarding the current or prospective performance of the commercial real estate market generally.

#### ABOUT THE TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT

The Account was established, under the laws of New York, in February 1995 as a separate account of TIAA and interests in the Account were first offered to eligible contract owners on October 2, 1995. The Account offers individual and group accumulating annuity contracts (with contributions made on a pre-tax or after-tax basis), as well as individual lifetime and term-certain variable payout annuity contracts (including the payment of death benefits to beneficiaries). Investors are entitled to transfer funds to or from the Account under certain circumstances. Funds invested in the Account for each category of contract are expressed in terms of units, and unit values will fluctuate depending on the Account's performance.

#### **Investment Objective and Strategy**

The Real Estate Account seeks to generate favorable total returns primarily through the rental income and appreciation of a diversified portfolio of directly held, private real estate investments and real estate-related investments, while offering investors guaranteed, daily liquidity.

*Real Estate-Related Investments.* The Account intends to have between 75% and 85% of its net assets invested directly in real estate or real estate-related investments with the goal of producing favorable long-term returns primarily through rental income and appreciation. These investments may consist of:

- Direct ownership interests in domestic and foreign real estate;
- Direct ownership of real estate through interests in joint ventures;
- Indirect interests in real estate through real estate-related securities: such as
  - private real estate limited partnerships and limited liability companies (collectively, "real estate funds");
  - real estate operating businesses;
  - investments in equity or debt securities of domestic and foreign companies whose operations involve real estate (i.e., that primarily own, develop or manage real estate) which may not be real estate investment trusts ("REITs");
  - domestic or foreign loans, including conventional commercial mortgage loans, participating mortgage loans, secured domestic and foreign mezzanine loans, subordinated loans and collateralized mortgage obligations, including commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS"), collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMOs"), and other similar investments; and
  - public and/or privately placed, domestic and foreign, registered and unregistered equity investments in REITs, which investments may consist of registered or unregistered common or preferred stock interests.

The Account's principal strategy is to purchase direct ownership interests in income-producing real estate, including the four primary sectors of industrial, multi-family, office, and retail, as well as alternative real estate sectors (defined as real estate outside of the four primary sectors noted above, including single-family real estate). The Account targets holding between 65% and 85% of the Account's net assets in such direct ownership interests.

In addition, the Account is authorized to hold up to 25% of its net assets in liquid real estate-related securities, including publicly traded REITs and CMBS. Management intends that the Account will not hold generally more than 10% of net assets in such securities on a long-term basis. As of September 30, 2024, the Account did not hold any publicly traded REITs or CMBS.

In making commercial real estate investments within the Account, TIAA seeks to make investments that are suitable from a financial perspective, taking into account the potential financial impacts associated with industry recognized environmental, social and governance ("ESG") criteria to the extent that such criteria are reasonably expected to impact the financial performance of the investment and not to achieve a desired outcome or as an investment

qualification or screen. Ultimately, the Account will make an investment decision that incorporates ESG criteria only to the extent that the criteria are reasonably expected to enhance our understanding of the investment's ability to achieve desired returns for the Account.

TIAA believes awareness, and, as appropriate, implementation of ESG criteria in commercial real estate holdings is beneficial to total long-term returns for the Account.

*Liquid, Fixed-Income Investments*. The Account will invest the remaining portion of its assets (targeted to be between 15% and 25% of its net assets) in the following types of liquid, fixed income investments;

- U.S. Treasury or U.S. Government agency securities;
- Intermediate-term or long-term government related instruments, such as bond or other fixed-income securities issued by U.S. Government agencies, U.S. states or municipalities or U.S. Government-sponsored entities as well as foreign governments and their agencies (including those in emerging markets) and supranational or multinational organizations (e.g., European Union);
- Intermediate-term or long-term non-government related instruments, such as corporate debt securities, domesticor foreign mezzanine or other debt, and structured securities, (e.g. unsecured debt obligations with a return linked to the performance of an underlying asset). Such structured securities may include asset-backed securities ("ABS") issued by domestic or foreign entities, mortgage backed securities ("MBS"), residential mortgage backed securities ("RMBS"), debt securities of foreign governments, and collateralized debt ("CDO"), collateralized bond ("CBO") and collateralized loan ("CLO") obligations, but only if such non-government related instruments are investment-grade securities;
- Money market instruments and other cash equivalents. These will usually be high-quality, short-term debt
  instruments, including U.S. Government or government agency securities, commercial paper, certificates of
  deposit, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, interest-bearing time deposits, and corporate debt
  securities; and
- To a limited extent, privately issued (or non-publicly traded) debt securities, including Rule 144A securities, issued by domestic and foreign companies that do not primarily own or manage real estate, but only if such domestic and foreign privately issued debt securities are investment-grade securities.

However, the Account's liquid, fixed-income investments may comprise less than 15% of its net assets especially during and following periods of significant net contract owner outflows. In addition, the Account, on a temporary basis, may hold in excess of 25% of its net assets in liquid, fixed-income investments, particularly during times of significant inflows into the Account and/or a lack of attractive real estate—related investments available in the market.

Liquid Securities Generally. Primarily due to management's need to manage fluctuations in cash flows, in particular during and following periods of significant contract owner net transfer activity into or out of the Account, the Account may, on a temporary or long term basis (i) exceed the upper end of its targeted holdings (currently 35% of the Account's net assets) in liquid securities of all types including both publicly traded non-real estate-related liquid investments and liquid real estate-related securities, such as REITs and structured securities (including ABS, RMBS, CMBS and MBS), or (ii) be below the low end of its targeted holdings in such liquid securities (currently 15% of the Account's net assets).

The portion of the Account's net assets invested in liquid investments of all types may exceed the upper end of its target, for example, if (i) the Account receives a large inflow of money in a short period of time, in particular due to significant contract owner transfer activity into the Account, (ii) the Account receives significant proceeds from sales or financings of direct real estate assets, (iii) there is a lack of attractive direct real estate investments available on the market, and/or (iv) the Account anticipates more near-term cash needs, including to acquire or improve direct real estate investments, pay expenses or repay indebtedness. The portion of the Account's net assets invested in liquid investments of all types may decline below the lower end of its target, for example, as a result of significant contract owner net transfer or withdrawal activity from the Account.

Foreign Investments. The Account may also make foreign real estate, foreign real estate-related investments and foreign liquid, fixed-income investments. Under the Account's investment guidelines, investments in direct foreign real estate and real estate loans, together with foreign real estate-related securities and foreign liquid, fixed-income investments may not comprise more than 25% of the Account's net assets. However, management does not intend such foreign investments, in the aggregate, to exceed 10% of the Account's net assets. As of September 30, 2024, the fair value of the Account's foreign real estate investments was \$43.9 million, or 0.2% of net assets.

In managing any domestic or foreign mezzanine debt or other domestic or foreign loans or securities, the Account may enter into certain derivatives transactions (including forward currency contracts and swaps, futures contracts, put and call options and other hedging transactions) in order to hedge against the risks of exchange rate uncertainties, interest rate uncertainties and foreign currency or market fluctuations impacting the Account's domestic or foreign investments. The Account does not intend to speculate in such transactions.

#### THIRD QUARTER 2024 U.S. ECONOMIC AND COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE OVERVIEW

The Account invests primarily in high-quality, core real estate in order to meet its investment objective of obtaining favorable long-term returns through rental income and the appreciation of its real estate holdings.

#### **Economic Overview and Outlook**

	Ac	tuals	Forecast		
Key Macro Economic Indicators*	2023	3Q 2024	2024	2025	
Economy ⁽¹⁾					
Gross Domestic Product ("GDP")	2.5%	2.2%	2.3%	2.2%	
Employment Growth (2)	213	186	177	92	
Unemployment Rate	3.7%	4.1%	4.2%	4.1%	
Interest Rates ⁽³⁾					
10 Year Treasury	3.9%	3.8%	4.1%	4.1%	

Sources: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Federal Reserve and Moody's Analytics

Growth in the U.S. economy continued at a healthy rate in the third quarter and outpaced expectations of a more significant slowdown after robust growth in the second half of 2023. U.S. GDP grew at an estimated annualized rate of 2.2% in the third quarter according to Moody's Analytics, down from 3.0% in the second quarter, though year-over-year growth remained solid at 2.5%. Job growth reaccelerated in the third quarter to a monthly average of 186,000 jobs added per month after slowing significantly in the second quarter of 2024. The unemployment rate held at 4.1% at the end of the quarter as a result, helping to ease concerns over the health of the labor market and the underpinnings for consumer spending in the economy.

The U.S. economy also continued to make progress in its fight against persistent inflation during the third quarter. Year-over-year inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index, remains slightly above the Federal Reserve's target of 2% but continued on a general downward trend, finishing the third quarter at 2.4%. This marks the slowest pace of inflation in the economy in three and a half years. Given this backdrop, Federal Reserve officials cut the federal funds rate by 50 basis points in September, marking the first cut in the policy rate since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic. Yields on 10-year Treasury bonds, which began to trend downward late in the second quarter in anticipation of looser monetary policy, continued a downward path in the third quarter finishing at 3.81%.

#### **Real Estate Market Conditions and Outlook**

The recent decline in long-term interest rates has not yet translated into a significant uptick in commercial real estate transaction activity. According to Real Capital Analytics, sales of commercial properties in the U.S. through the first

^{*} Data subject to revision

⁽¹⁾ GDP growth rates are annual rates. Quarterly unemployment rates are the reported value for the final month of the quarter while annual values represent a twelve-month average.

⁽²⁾ Values presented in thousands. Forecast values represent average monthly employment growth in the respective periods.

⁽³⁾ Treasury rates are an average over the stated period.

three quarters of 2024 totaled \$282.7 billion, down 1.2% from the same period last year. Lending standards for commercial real estate loans remain generally tight, but are beginning to stabilize, and should ease as the Federal Reserve continues to cut interest rates in upcoming quarters. Improved lending from traditional lenders should lead to increased transaction activity, particularly in target areas like industrial, alternatives, necessity retail and pockets of housing, which continue to experience healthy fundamentals.

The Account returned -0.43% in the third quarter of 2024 and -9.35% for the last twelve months. As a result of elevated interest rates and decreased commercial property transactions volume during the reporting periods, property values have been adjusted downward. The third quarter net return was negative for the eighth consecutive quarter and reflects the impact of these broader economic conditions on property valuations. While the Account has experienced valuation declines, property fundamentals remain strong and the properties within the Account are generally well positioned. Potential future investment activity will be consistent with the Account's multi-year strategy of reducing exposure to segments characterized by high capital expenditures and potentially low yields, such as traditional office and retail, and increasing allocations to lower capex and anticipated higher-yielding sectors like industrial, housing, and alternatives. The Account is particularly interested in increasing exposure to the alternatives sector, which includes property types such as self-storage, data centers, life science, medical office, and senior and student housing.

Data for the Account's top five markets in terms of market value as of September 30, 2024 are provided below. The five markets presented below represent 40.4% of the Account's total real estate portfolio. Across all markets, the Account's properties are 90.9% leased.

Top 5 Metro Areas by Fair Market Value	Account % Leased	Number of Property Investments	Metro Area Fair Value as a % of Total RE Portfolio*	Metro Area Fair Value as a % of Total Investments*
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	88.5%	7	9.4%	8.3%
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	85.3%	18	9.1%	8.0%
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA	89.8%	21	8.1%	7.1%
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL	96.7%	12	6.9%	6.1%
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	94.0%	11	6.9%	6.0%

^{*}Wholly-owned properties are represented at fair value and gross of any debt, while joint venture properties are represented at the net equity value.

### Office

The office sector is undergoing a structural transformation as it absorbs moderating demand characterized by a stagnation in office attendance rates driven by work-from-home trends and cyclical challenges stemming from softness in office-using sectors. High-quality office buildings in prime locations have fared better in recent quarters and have been able to capture market share as tenants command premium space. Most companies have embraced hybrid schedules as the new normal, with tenants using this opportunity to reduce and evaluate space needs. However, several prominent employers have announced more stringent in-office requirements in recent months and several executive surveys suggest that there will be a continued push towards greater in-office time in the near future. Construction of office spaces has continued to slow on the supply side, reflecting the uncertainty of the current and future use of traditional office spaces. Alternatives in the office sector, such as medical office and life sciences face less of a challenge from work-from-home shifts, and benefit from favorable demographic tailwinds from an aging population which make them attractive investments over the long term.

The office vacancy rate for the U.S. markets held steady at 13.8% in the third quarter of 2024, as reported by CoStar. The vacancy rate of the Account's office portfolio increased slightly from 16.3% in the second quarter of 2024 to 16.4% in the third quarter of 2024 due to lease expirations. The depth of large tenants is thin which is causing difficulty in re-leasing the space once leases expire. This has been a key driver for the elevated vacancy in the Account's top markets.

			Account	Vacancy	Market Vacancy*				
Top 5 Office Metropolitan Areas	otal Sector Metro Area (\$M)	% of Total Investments	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024			
All Office			16.4 %	16.3 %	13.8 %	13.8 %			
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	\$ 896.6	3.6 %	18.0 %	18.2 %	17.4 %	17.1 %			
Boston-Cambridge-Newton, MA-NH	668.3	2.7 %	22.2 %	20.2 %	12.9 %	12.6 %			
San Diego-Carlsbad, CA	485.5	1.9 %	1.5 %	1.5 %	11.8 %	11.6 %			
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	468.0	1.9 %	14.6 %	17.8 %	18.0 %	18.1 %			
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL	437.9	1.8 %	10.8 %	8.9 %	8.5 %	8.7 %			

^{*}Source: CoStar. Market vacancy is defined as the percentage of space available for rent. The Account's vacancy is defined as the percentage of unleased square footage.

# **Industrial**

Declines in manufacturing and housing activity has restrained demand growth in the industrial sector over the last 18 months. Solid growth in consumer spending, particularly through e-commerce channels, and improved import activity have kept net new demand positive in the sector at 31.7 million square feet but well below the strength seen in 2021 and 2022. Demand is poised to improve in upcoming quarters, as many of the demand drivers of industrial space are sensitive to interest rates and are likely to benefit from the Federal Reserve entering a rate-cutting cycle. On the supply side, the number of new deliveries slowed sharply in the third quarter of 2024 after record supply growth over the past two years. According to Costar, only 61.1 million square feet of net new space was completed in the third quarter of 2024, marking the slowest quarter of supply growth in over three years. The construction pipeline for industrial spaces has quickly normalized and the number of new industrial construction starts is near decade-lows, so the supply risk that has driven the rapid rise in vacancy rates and loss of rent growth momentum should subside in coming quarters.

The national industrial vacancy rate was 6.6% in the third quarter of 2024, compared to 6.5% in the second quarter, as reported by CoStar. The average vacancy rate of the industrial properties held by the Account increased from 7.0% in the second quarter of 2024 to 8.2% in the third quarter of 2024, due to expiring leases.

			Account \	Vacancy	Market Vacancy*				
Top 5 Industrial Metropolitan Areas	otal Sector Metro Area (\$M)	% of Total Investments	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024			
All Industrial			8.2 %	7.0 %	6.6 %	6.5 %			
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	\$ 1,977.2	7.9 %	11.8 %	8.5 %	7.9 %	7.1 %			
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	685.2	2.7 %	1.9 %	1.9 %	9.5 %	9.5 %			
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA	586.5	2.3 %	23.6 %	14.5 %	5.5 %	5.4 %			
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA	562.3	2.3 %	6.3 %	6.0 %	7.8 %	7.5 %			
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL	528.1	2.1 %	0.4 %	— %	4.8 %	4.1 %			

^{*}Source: CoStar. Market vacancy is defined as the percentage of space available for rent. The Account's vacancy is defined as the percentage of unleased square footage.

# **Multi-Family**

The multifamily sector is demonstrating its ability to absorb record levels of new supply as the market registers record levels of demand. Supply pressure is expected to alleviate after 2024's peak deliveries. Construction starts are slowing significantly, which means fewer deliveries by the second half of 2025 and into 2026. Supply growth is

highest across Sunbelt markets, which are experiencing favorable demographic trends including in-migration and employment growth. Home price appreciation and historically high mortgage rates have dampened home affordability and the cost premium of owning an entry-level home to renting an apartment has never been higher.

The national apartment vacancy rate decreased to 5.2% in the third quarter of 2024 compared to 5.8% in the second quarter, as reported by Real Page. The vacancy rate of the Account's apartment properties increased slightly from 5.2% in the second quarter of 2024, to 5.5% in the third quarter. Despite the increase, several properties have seen a strong increase in leasing.

				Account \	Vacancy	Market Vacancy*		
Top 5 Apartment Metropolitan Areas	by Mo	ll Sector etro Area \$M)	% of Total Investments	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	
All Apartment				5.5 %	5.2 %	5.2 %	5.8 %	
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	\$	749.5	3.0 %	5.2 %	2.8 %	4.0 %	5.2 %	
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA		700.4	2.8 %	4.8 %	4.1 %	4.6 %	5.2 %	
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL		476.3	1.9 %	4.2 %	4.5 %	4.5 %	4.7 %	
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA		369.3	1.5 %	5.7 %	4.7 %	7.3 %	7.9 %	
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, NC-SC		330.0	1.3 %	5.2 %	5.0 %	6.7 %	7.1 %	

^{*}Source: Real Page Market vacancy is defined as the percentage of space available for rent. The Account's vacancy is defined as the percentage of unleased square footage.

# Retail

The retail sector remains in a strong position in the third quarter of 2024 thanks to healthy levels of demand and lack of new supply. Vacancy rates for open-air retail remain historically low, and while the vacancy rate for the mall sector remains above its historical average, it is showing signs of improvement. The overall vacancy rate for U.S. malls, which includes malls of all classes, masks the outperformance of the most dominant malls rated class A and higher. These properties will continue to capture the most desirable tenants and a larger share of retail sales compared to their lower-rated counterparts. Across retail product types, construction activity remains suppressed and will help to keep vacancy rates below average – even if demand pulls back. These trends are projected to continue into future years as new development activity remains minimal and spaces available continue to lease at an above-average pace. Tenants in necessity-based and grocery-anchored retail are likely to remain resilient should the U.S. economy slow. Leasing activity is concentrated in smaller spaces as the retail market benefits from higher demand for quick-service restaurants and service tenants in the post-pandemic economy. Well-located mixed used opportunities represent attractive investment targets over the medium to long term.

The national vacancy rate for retail of all types in the third quarter of 2024 remained unchanged at 4.1% from the previous quarter, as reported by CoStar. The Account's retail portfolio is composed primarily of high-end lifestyle shopping centers and regional malls in large metropolitan or tourist centers, which tend to have higher vacancy rates than the overall national retail market. The Account has over 1,100 retailers across its portfolio, with its largest retail exposure comprising less than 5.0% of total retail rentable area. The retail portfolio is managed to minimize significant exposure to any single retailer. The average vacancy rate of the retail properties held by the Account decreased from 9.6% in the second quarter of 2024 to 8.6% in the third quarter of 2024. Although there were some lease expirations, several properties saw increases in leasing during the quarter to offset the effect.

			Account	Vacancy	Mar Vacai	
	Total Exposure (\$M)	% of Total Investments	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024
All Retail			8.6 %	9.6 %	4.1 %	4.1 %
Lifestyle & Mall	\$ 1,147.3	4.6 %	7.1 %	8.1 %	8.7 %	8.7 %
Neighborhood, Community & Strip	1,006.0	4.0 %	9.7 %	10.9 %	5.6 %	5.6 %
Power Center**	429.8	1.7 %	10.2 %	10.0 %	4.2 %	4.2 %

^{*}Source: CoStar. Market vacancy is the percentage of space available for rent. The Account's vacancy is defined as the percentage of unreleased square footage.

# Hotel

Despite inflation and the rising costs of travel, the hotel industry continued to see strong occupancy in the third quarter of 2024, due primarily to the continued improvement in business travel and other group travel, bolstered by the leisure travel that is typically strong in the summer months. Occupancy is expected to remain steady through the remainder of 2024.

The Account's exposure to the hospitality sector is limited to one hotel in the Dallas metro area. The hotel is located in a business park in the Dallas metro area and caters largely to business travelers. Key metrics to track hotel performance include occupancy, the average daily rate ("ADR") and revenue per available room ("RevPAR"). For the quarter ended September 30, 2024, occupancy of the property increased to 62.0%, as compared to 57.2% in the previous quarter. ADR and RevPAR were \$159.17 and \$184.02, respectively, for the third quarter of 2024, as compared to \$159.79 and \$161.14, respectively, in the prior quarter.

# **INVESTMENTS**

As of September 30, 2024, the Account had total net assets of \$22.4 billion, a 5.3% decrease from December 31, 2023.

As of September 30, 2024, the Account held 87.9% of its total investments in real estate and real estate joint ventures. The Account also held investments in loans receivable, including those with related parties, representing 4.1% of total investments, a real estate operating business representing 3.6% of total investments, real estate funds representing 2.9% of total investments, U.S. government agency notes representing 1.0% of total investments, and U.S treasury securities representing 0.5% of total investments.

The outstanding principal on loans payable on the Account's wholly-owned real estate portfolio as of September 30, 2024 was \$1.4 billion. The Account's proportionate share of outstanding principal on loans payable within its joint venture investments was \$2.7 billion, which is netted against the underlying properties when determining the joint venture investment's fair value presented on the Consolidated Schedules of Investments. Total outstanding principal on the Account's portfolio as of September 30, 2024, inclusive of loans payable within the joint venture investments, \$347.4 million in loans collateralized by a loan receivable, \$72.0 million outstanding on the Account's line of credit and \$900.0 million in senior notes payable, was \$5.4 billion, which represented a loan-to-value ratio of 19.5%.

Management believes that the Account's real estate portfolio is diversified by location and property type. The Account does not intend to buy and sell its real estate investments simply to make short-term profits. Rather, the Account's general strategy in selling real estate investments is to dispose of those assets that management believes (i) have maximized in value, (ii) have underperformed or face deteriorating property-specific or market conditions, (iii) need significant capital infusions in the future, (iv) are appropriate to dispose of in order to remain consistent with the Account's intent to diversify the Account by property type and geographic location (including reallocating the Account's exposure to or away from certain property types in certain geographic locations), or (v) otherwise do

^{**}The Power Center designation is reserved for properties with three or more anchor units. Anchor units are leased to large retailers such as department stores, home improvement stores, and warehouse clubs. Properties with the Neighborhood, Community and Strip designation consist of two or less anchor units.

not satisfy the investment objectives of the Account. Management, from time to time, will evaluate the need to manage liquidity in the Account as part of its analysis as to whether to undertake a particular asset sale. The Account may reinvest any sale proceeds that it does not need to pay operating expenses or to meet debt service or redemption requests (e.g., contract owner withdrawals or benefit payments).

The following table lists the Account's ten largest investments as of September 30, 2024. For information regarding the Account's diversification of real estate assets by region and property type, see *Note 3—Concentrations of Risk*.

		-	Ten Lar	gest Real Es	state Invest	ments			
Property Investment Name	Ownership Percentage	City	State	Туре	Gross Real Estate Fair Value ⁽¹⁾	Debt Fair Value ⁽²⁾	Net Real Estate Fair Value ⁽³⁾	Property as a % of Total Real Estate Portfolio ⁽⁴⁾	Property as a % of Total Investments ⁽⁵⁾
Ontario Industrial Portfolio	100%	Ontario	CA	Industrial	\$ 1,023.3	\$ —	\$ 1,023.3	4.2%	3.7%
Simpson Housing Portfolio	80%	Various	U.S.A	Apartment	984.2	384.7	599.5	4.0%	3.6%
Fashion Show	50%	Las Vegas	NV	Retail	803.7	417.5	386.2	3.3%	2.9%
Storage Portfolio II	90%	Various	U.S.A	Storage	581.3	165.8	415.5	2.4%	2.1%
The Florida Mall	50%	Orlando	FL	Retail	546.4	296.5	249.9	2.2%	2.0%
1001 Pennsylvania Avenue	100%	Washington	DC	Office	474.3	_	474.3	1.9%	1.7%
Dallas Industrial Portfolio	100%	Dallas	TX	Industrial	464.8	_	464.8	1.9%	1.7%
701 Brickell Avenue	100%	Miami	FL	Office	437.9	172.0	265.9	1.8%	1.6%
Lincoln Centre	100%	Dallas	TX	Office	432.8	_	432.8	1.8%	1.5%
Great West Industrial Portfolio	100%	Rancho Cucamonga	CA	Industrial	407.0	_	407.0	1.6%	1.5%

The Account's share of the fair value of the property investment, gross of debt.

⁽²⁾ Debt fair values are presented at the Account's ownership interest.

The Account's share of the fair value of the property investment, net of debt.

⁽⁴⁾ Total real estate portfolio is the aggregate fair value of the Account's wholly-owned properties and the properties held within a joint venture, gross of debt.

⁽⁵⁾ Total investments are the aggregate fair value of all investments held by the Account, gross of debt. Total investments, as calculated within this table, will vary from total investments, as calculated in the Account's Schedule of Investments, as joint venture investments are presented in the Schedule of Investments at their net equity position in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP").

# **Results of Operations**

Three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to three months ended September 30, 2023

# **Net Investment Income**

The following table shows the results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 and the dollar and percentage changes for those periods (dollars in millions).

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,					Change		
		2024		2023		\$	%	
Real estate income, net:								
Rental income	\$	352.7	\$	345.0	\$	7.7	2.2 %	
Real estate property level expenses:								
Operating expenses		81.7		81.8		(0.1)	(0.1)%	
Real estate taxes		52.3		55.6		(3.3)	(5.9)%	
Interest expense		19.9		25.6		(5.7)	(22.3)%	
Total real estate property level expenses		153.9		163.0		(9.1)	(5.6)%	
Real estate income, net		198.8		182.0		16.8	9.2 %	
Income from real estate joint ventures		42.3		42.2		0.1	0.2 %	
Income from real estate funds		2.7		3.8		(1.1)	(28.9)%	
Interest income		30.3		34.3		(4.0)	(11.7)%	
TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME		274.1		262.3		11.8	4.5 %	
Expenses:								
Investment management charges		17.6		21.2		(3.6)	(17.0)%	
Administrative charges		17.2		22.1		(4.9)	(22.2)%	
Distribution charges		3.7		2.4		1.3	54.2 %	
Liquidity guarantee charges		15.8		17.8		(2.0)	(11.2)%	
Interest expense		9.7		19.0		(9.3)	(48.9)%	
TOTAL EXPENSES		64.0		82.5		(18.5)	(22.4)%	
INVESTMENT INCOME, NET	\$	210.1	\$	179.8	\$	30.3	16.9 %	

The table below illustrates and compares rental income, operating expenses and real estate taxes for properties held by the Account for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, "same property", as compared to the comparative increases or decreases associated with the acquisition and disposition of properties made in either period.

		Rental Income				Operating Expenses						Real Estate Taxes						
		Change				Change									Change		nge	
	2024	2023	\$	%	2	2024	2	2023		\$	%	2	024	2	2023		\$	%
Same Property	\$ 342.0	\$ 315.1	\$ 26.9	8.5 %	\$	79.0	\$	73.2	\$	5.8	7.9 %	\$	50.6	\$	50.3	\$	0.3	0.6 %
Properties Acquired	1.4	_	1.4	N/M		0.6				0.6	N/M		0.3				0.3	N/M
Properties Sold	9.3	29.9	(20.6)	(68.9)%		2.1		8.6		(6.5)	(75.6)%		1.4		5.3		(3.9)	(73.6)%
Impact of Properties Acquired/Sold	10.7	29.9	(19.2)	(64.2)%		2.7		8.6		(5.9)	(68.6)%		1.7		5.3		(3.6)	(67.9)%
Total Property Portfolio	\$ 352.7	\$ 345.0	\$ 7.7	2.2 %	\$	81.7	\$	81.8	\$	(0.1)	(0.1)%	\$	52.3	\$	55.6	\$	(3.3)	(5.9)%

N/M—Not meaningful

### Rental Income:

Rental income increased by \$7.7 million, or 2.2%, when compared to the third quarter of 2023, primarily driven by a bad debt settlement and increases in rental rates in the office sector.

# Operating Expenses:

Operating expenses decreased \$0.1 million, or 0.1%, when compared to the third quarter of 2023 primarily due to property dispositions, as indicated in the table above, offset by an increase in repair and maintenance, utility and other service related costs in the office, industrial and retail sectors.

# Real Estate Taxes:

Real estate taxes decreased \$3.3 million, or 5.9%, when compared to the same quarter in 2023, driven by property dispositions as indicated in the table above.

# Interest Expense:

Interest expense decreased \$5.7 million, or 22.3%, primarily due to lower average interest rates on loans payable, as compared to the same quarter in 2023.

# Income from Real Estate Joint Ventures:

Income from real estate joint ventures increased \$0.1 million, or 0.2%, when compared to the same quarter in 2023, as a result of higher distributed income from an office property located in Houston, TX, as well as housing ventures located in various locations. Higher distributed income is the result of lower expenses paid by the Account's joint ventures.

# *Income from Real Estate Funds:*

Income from real estate funds decreased \$1.1 million, or 28.9%, when compared to the same quarter in 2023, primarily as a result of lower dividends received from one of the Account's real estate fund investments. Lower dividends are attributable to current market conditions and higher expenses paid by the Account's real estate funds.

### Interest Income:

Interest income decreased \$4.0 million, or 11.7%, in comparison to the same quarter of 2023, due to the continual decrease in the Account's loans receivable and lower average securities holdings.

# Expenses:

Investment management, administrative and distribution costs charged to the Account are associated with managing the Account. Investment management charges (which are provided to the Account by TIAA on an at cost basis) are comprised primarily of fixed components, but fluctuate based on the size of the Account's portfolio of investments, whereas administrative and distribution charges are comprised of more variable components that generally correspond with movements in net assets. Both distribution services (pursuant to the Distribution Agreement) and administrative services are provided to the Account by Services and TIAA, respectively, on an at cost basis. Investment management expenses decreased by \$3.6 million when compared to the prior year third quarter due to a reduction in the Account's total investments. Administrative expenses decreased \$4.9 million when compared to the prior year third quarter due to lower average net assets. Distribution charges increased \$1.3 million from the comparable quarter of 2023 due to increase in charge rates.

Mortality and expense risk and liquidity guarantee expenses are contractual charges to the Account from TIAA for TIAA's assumption of these risks and provision of the liquidity guarantee. The rate for these charges is established annually and are charged at a fixed rate based on the Account's net assets. There were no mortality and expense risk expenses charged by TIAA in the comparative periods. Liquidity guarantee expenses were \$2.0 million lower than the comparable period of 2023 as a result of lower average net assets.

Interest expense on the Account's credit facility and other unsecured debt decreased \$9.2 million when compared to the same quarter of 2023, due to a lower average outstanding principal balance on the Account's credit facility.

# Net Realized and Unrealized Gains and Losses on Investments and Debt

The following table shows the net realized and unrealized losses on investments and debt for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 and the dollar and percentage changes for those periods (millions).

	For the Three Ended Septer		Cha	ange	
	2024	2023	\$	%	
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS AND DEBT					
Net realized (loss) gain on investments:					
Real estate properties	\$ (64.8) \$	(0.4)	\$ (64.4)	N/M	
Real estate joint ventures	_	(145.4)	145.4	100.0 %	
Real estate funds	(4.1)	0.5	(4.6)	N/M	
Foreign currency forward contracts	<u>—</u>	0.2	(0.2)	(100.0)%	
Marketable securities	0.1	_	0.1	N/M	
Loans receivable	(14.4)	_	(14.4)	N/M	
Total realized loss on investments	(83.2)	(145.1)	61.9	42.7 %	
Net change in unrealized (loss) gain on:					
Real estate properties	(105.4)	(464.3)	358.9	77.3 %	
Real estate joint ventures	(154.5)	(132.7)	(21.8)	(16.4)%	
Real estate funds	(2.7)	(3.8)	1.1	28.9 %	
Real estate operating business	97.2	(3.5)	100.7	N/M	
Marketable securities	0.1	(0.2)	0.3	150.0 %	
Loans receivable	(32.3)	(62.3)	30.0	48.2 %	
Loans receivable with related parties	0.6	_	0.6	N/M	
Loans payable	3.7	(16.3)	20.0	122.7 %	
Other unsecured debt	(27.7)	13.6	(41.3)	(303.7)%	
Net change in unrealized loss on investments and debt	(221.0)	(669.5)	448.5	67.0 %	
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED LOSS ON INVESTMENTS AND DEBT	\$ (304.2) \$	(814.6)	\$ 510.4	62.7 %	
N/M Not meaningful					

N/M-Not meaningful

# Real Estate Properties:

Wholly-owned real estate investments experienced net realized and unrealized losses of \$170.2 million during the third quarter of 2024, compared to \$464.7 million of net realized and unrealized losses during the comparable quarter of 2023. Unrealized losses in the third quarter of 2024 were primarily driven by office and industrial properties in the East and West regions due to broader economic trends and struggling occupancy rates. The realized loss is attributable to the sale of two office properties located in California and Utah, as well as a retail property located in Florida.

### Real Estate Joint Ventures:

Real estate joint ventures experienced unrealized losses of \$154.4 million during the third quarter of 2024, compared to \$278.1 million of net realized and unrealized losses during the third quarter of 2023. Current quarter unrealized losses were seen across the Account's joint venture investments portfolio, with the largest losses seen in the office and retail sectors, due to decreased market demand caused by current economic conditions.

### Real Estate Funds:

Real estate funds experienced net realized and unrealized losses of \$6.8 million during the third quarter of 2024, compared to \$3.3 million of net realized and unrealized losses during the third quarter of 2023. Unrealized losses in the third quarter of 2024 were due to unfavorable valuations of four of the Account's real estate funds, driven by higher capitalization rates.

# Real Estate Operating Business:

The Account's real estate operating business experienced unrealized gains of \$97.2 million during the third quarter of 2024, compared to \$3.5 million of unrealized losses in the third quarter of 2023. Unrealized gains in the third quarter of 2024 were the result of favorable valuations supported by increased capital commitments and forecasted future growth.

Foreign Currency Exchange on Forward Contracts:

The Account's did not hold any forward contracts in the third quarter of 2024.

### Marketable Securities

The Account's marketable securities investments experienced net realized and unrealized gains of \$0.2 million in the third quarter of 2024, compared to unrealized losses of \$0.2 million during the third quarter of 2023. Current period gains can be attributed to slightly declining U.S Treasury rates during the quarter.

# Loans Receivable, including those with related parties:

Loans receivable, including those with related parties, experienced net realized and unrealized losses of \$46.1 million during the third quarter of 2024, compared to \$62.3 million of unrealized losses during the comparable quarter of 2023. Current period unrealized losses are attributed to two loans collateralized by office properties. The appraised values of the collateral asset properties were less than the principal value of the loans, which resulted in the unfavorable valuation of the loans payable.

# Loans Payable:

Loans payable experienced unrealized gains of \$3.7 million in the third quarter of 2024, compared to \$16.3 million of unrealized losses during the comparable quarter of 2023. The unrealized gains in the third quarter of 2024 are attributable to the slight decrease in U.S Treasury yields driven by favorable market conditions and interest rate changes.

### Other Unsecured Debt:

The Account's other unsecured debt experienced unrealized losses of \$27.7 million in the third quarter of 2024, compared to \$13.6 million of unrealized gains during the comparable quarter of 2023. The current period loss is attributable to detrimental shifts in the risk-free yield curve.

# Nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to nine months ended September 30, 2023

# **Net Investment Income**

The following table shows the results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 and the dollar and percentage changes for those periods (dollars in millions).

		ne Months tember 30,	Cha	nge
	2024	2023	\$	%
INVESTMENT INCOME				
Real estate income, net:				
Rental income	\$ 1,037.6	\$1,016.5	\$ 21.1	2.1 %
Real estate property level expenses:				
Operating expenses	257.5	250.1	7.4	3.0 %
Real estate taxes	155.3	163.4	(8.1)	(5.0)%
Interest expense	64.3	72.1	(7.8)	(10.8)%
Total real estate property level expenses	477.1	485.6	(8.5)	(1.8)%
Real estate income, net	560.5	530.9	29.6	5.6 %
Income from real estate joint ventures	126.1	142.9	(16.8)	(11.8)%
Income from real estate funds	11.8	14.3	(2.5)	(17.5)%
Interest	88.2	112.9	(24.7)	(21.9)%
TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME	786.6	801.0	(14.4)	(1.8)%
Expenses:				
Investment management charges	64.4	62.8	1.6	2.5 %
Administrative charges	51.9	57.2	(5.3)	(9.3)%
Distribution charges	11.5	8.5	3.0	35.3 %
Liquidity guarantee charges	47.9	56.6	(8.7)	(15.4)%
Interest expense	41.9	49.4	(7.5)	(15.2)%
TOTAL EXPENSES	217.6	234.5	(16.9)	(7.2)%
INVESTMENT INCOME, NET	\$ 569.0	\$ 566.5	\$ 2.5	0.4 %

The following table illustrates and compares rental income, operating expenses and real estate taxes for properties held by the Account for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. The comparative increases or decreases associated with the acquisition and disposition of properties made in either period is compared to "same property" (dollars in millions).

		Rental Income				Operating	Exp	pense	s	Real Estate Taxes				
			Cha	nge	Change						Change			
	2024	2023	\$	%	2024	2023		\$	%	2024	2023	\$	%	
Same Property	\$ 972.9	\$ 926.0	\$ 46.9	5.1 %	\$ 238.7	\$ 223.6	\$	15.1	6.8 %	\$ 143.3	\$ 148.1	\$ (4	.8) (3.2)%	
Properties Acquired	3.7	1.1	2.6	N/M	1.7			1.7	N/M	0.7		0	.7 N/M	
Properties Sold	61.0	89.4	(28.4)	(31.8)%	17.1	26.5		(9.4)	(35.5)%	11.3	15.3	(4	.0) (26.1)%	
Impact of Properties Acquired/Sold	64.7	90.5	(25.8)	(28.5)%	18.8	26.5		(7.7)	(29.1)%	12.0	15.3	(3	.3) (21.6)%	
Total Property Portfolio	\$1,037.6	\$1,016.5	\$ 21.1	2.1 %	\$ 257.5	\$ 250.1	\$	7.4	3.0 %	\$ 155.3	\$ 163.4	\$ (8	.1) (5.0)%	

N/M-Not meaningful

# Rental Income:

Rental income increased by \$21.1 million, or 2.1%, when compared to the first nine months of 2023. The increase is primarily attributed to rise in market rents, decreased bad debt reserves and a reduction in concessions. The largest increases were experienced in the office, industrial, apartment sectors.

# Operating Expenses:

Operating expenses increased \$7.4 million, or 3.0%, when compared to the same period of 2023. The increase is attributed to repair and maintenance costs, as well as utility costs, due to inflation and current market conditions. The largest increases can be seen in the industrial, office and apartment sectors.

### Real Estate Taxes:

Real estate taxes decreased \$8.1 million, or 5.0%, when compared to the same period in 2023, primarily due to property sales and continual decreased property tax expenses in the office, industrial and apartment sectors, resulting from the decline in property valuations.

# Interest Expense:

Interest expense decreased \$7.8 million, or 10.8%, when compared to the same period in 2023, as a result of lower average interest rates on the Account's loans payable.

# Income from Real Estate Joint Ventures:

Income from real estate joint ventures decreased \$16.8 million, when compared to the same period in 2023, as a result of lower distributed income from two of the Account's retail joint venture investments, due to increased expenses.

# Income from Real Estate Funds:

Income from real estate funds decreased \$2.5 million, when compared to the same period in 2023, as a result of decreased distributed income from two of the Account's real estate fund investments, due to dispositions of properties held within the fund and current market conditions.

### Interest Income:

Interest income decreased \$24.7 million in comparison to the same period in 2023, due to a continual decrease in the Account's loans receivable and lower average holdings in the comparable period.

# Expenses:

Investment management, administrative and distribution costs charged to the Account are associated with managing the Account. Investment management charges (which are provided to the Account by TIAA on an at cost basis) are comprised primarily of fixed components, but fluctuate based on the size of the Account's portfolio of investments, whereas administrative and distribution charges are comprised of more variable components that generally correspond with movements in net assets. Both distribution services (pursuant to the Distribution Agreement) and administrative services are provided to the Account by Services and TIAA, respectively, on an at cost basis. Investment management expenses increased \$1.6 million over the comparable period due to increases in the charge rate. Administrative expenses decreased \$5.3 million due to lower average net assets during the current year period. Distribution charges were up \$3.0 million over the comparable period due to increases in charge rate.

Mortality and expense risk and liquidity guarantee expenses are contractual charges to the Account from TIAA for TIAA's assumption of these risks and provision of the liquidity guarantee. The rate for these charges is established annually and charged at a fixed rate based on the Account's net assets. There were no mortality and expense risk expenses charged by TIAA in the comparative periods. Liquidity guarantee expenses were \$8.7 million lower than the comparable period of 2023 as a result of lower average net assets.

Interest expense from the Account's other unsecured debt and line of credit decreased \$7.5 million when compared to the same period of 2023, due to a lower average outstanding principal balance on the Account's credit facility and senior notes payable.

# Net Realized and Unrealized Gains and Losses on Investments and Debt

The following table shows the net realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments and debt for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 and the dollar and percentage changes for those periods (dollars in millions).

	For the Nin Ended Septe		Change		
	2024	2023		\$	%
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED (LOSS) GAIN ON INVESTMENTS AND DEBT					
Net realized (loss) gain on investments:					
Real estate properties	\$ (176.3)	\$ (0.4)	\$	(175.9)	N/M
Real estate joint ventures	(17.9)	(103.3)		85.4	82.7 %
Real estate funds	0.5	14.4		(13.9)	(96.5)%
Foreign currency exchange on forward contracts		(2.7)		2.7	100.0 %
Marketable securities	_	(35.6)		35.6	100.0 %
Loans receivable	(153.3)			(153.3)	N/M
Total realized loss on investments:	(347.0)	(127.6)		(219.4)	(171.9)%
Net change in unrealized (loss) gain on:					
Real estate properties	(978.5)	(1,897.1)		918.6	48.4 %
Real estate joint ventures	(439.0)	(903.0)		464.0	51.4 %
Real estate funds	(35.0)	(32.6)		(2.4)	(7.4)%
Real estate operating business	140.4	(8.2)		148.6	N/M
Foreign currency exchange on forward contracts	_	2.3		(2.3)	(100.0)%
Marketable securities	_	46.9		(46.9)	(100.0)%
Loans receivable	(7.3)	(221.6)		214.3	96.7 %
Loans receivable with related parties	0.7	_		0.7	N/M
Loans payable	(14.2)	(39.0)		24.8	63.6 %
Other unsecured debt	(14.2)	12.3		(26.5)	(215.4)%
Net change in unrealized loss on investments and debt	(1,347.1)	(3,040.0)		1,692.9	55.7 %
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED LOSS ON INVESTMENTS AND DEBT	\$ (1,694.1)	\$(3,167.6)	\$	1,473.5	46.5 %

N/M—Not meaningful

### Real Estate Properties:

Wholly-owned real estate investments experienced net realized and unrealized losses of \$1.2 billion during the first nine months of 2024, compared to \$1.9 billion of net realized and unrealized losses during the comparable period of 2023. While the Account saw depreciation across various real estate sectors during the period, unrealized losses were primarily driven by office and industrial properties in the Western and Eastern region due to higher concessions and current economic conditions. The realized loss is attributable to the sale of three office property located in New York, California and Utah.

# Real Estate Joint Ventures:

Real estate joint ventures experienced net realized and unrealized losses of \$456.9 million during the first nine months of 2024, compared to net realized and unrealized losses of \$1.0 billion during the comparable period of 2023. Net losses in the first nine months of 2024 were primarily driven by the Account's joint venture investments in the office and retail sectors due to a continued decrease in market demand.

# Real Estate Funds:

Real estate funds experienced net realized and unrealized losses of \$34.5 million during the first nine months of 2024, compared to net realized and unrealized losses of \$18.2 million during the first nine months of 2023. Current period losses are due to unfavorable valuations of four of the Account's real estate funds, due to higher capitalization rates.

# Real Estate Operating Business:

The Account's real estate operating business experienced unrealized gains of \$140.4 million during the first nine months of 2024, compared to \$8.2 million unrealized losses in the comparable period of 2023. Unrealized gains were primarily attributed to favorable valuations, largely based on market pricing and projected future growth.

# Foreign Currency Exchange on Forward Contracts:

The Account did not hold any forward contracts in the first nine months of 2024.

# Marketable Securities:

The Account's marketable securities investments experienced neither a gain or loss during the first nine months of 2024, compared to net realized and unrealized gains of \$11.3 million in the comparable period of 2023. Prior period gains can be attributed to net changes in interest and U.S. Treasury rates during the year.

# Loans Receivable, including those with related parties:

Loans receivable, including those with related parties, experienced net realized and unrealized losses of \$159.9 million during the first nine months of 2024, compared to \$221.6 million of unrealized losses during the comparable period of 2023. Losses in the first nine months of 2024 are primarily attributable to unfavorable valuations of four loans during the period. The appraised values of the collateral asset properties were lower than the principal value of the loans, which resulted in the unfavorable valuation of the loans receivable, compounded by defaults on receivables and loan payoffs on two properties.

# Loans Payable:

Loans payable experienced unrealized losses of \$14.2 million in the first nine months of 2024, compared to \$39.0 million of unrealized losses during the comparable period of 2023. The unrealized losses in the first nine months of 2024 were mainly attributable to the changes in U.S. Treasury yields driven by inflation risk and widening credit spreads.

# Other Unsecured Debt:

Other unsecured debt experienced unrealized losses of \$14.2 million in the first nine months of 2024, attributable to unfavorable changes in credit spreads and fluctuations in the risk-free yield curve.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Account's cash and cash equivalents and non-real estate-related marketable securities had a value of \$436.3 million and \$206.2 million, respectively (2.0% and 0.9% of the Account's net assets at such dates, respectively). The Account's liquid assets continue to be available to purchase suitable real estate properties, meet the Account's debt obligations, expense needs, and contract owner redemption requests (i.e., contract owner transfers, withdrawals or benefit payments). In addition, as disclosed in the Account's 2023 Form 10-K, the Account is able to meet its short-term and long-term liquidity needs through cash provided by operating activities, the available capacity on its credit facility and the liquidity guarantee provided by TIAA as described below.

# Liquidity Guarantee

The liquidity guarantee ensures that the account will be able to meet its cash requirements with respect to redeeming accumulation unit contract owners, both in the short- and long-term. In accordance with the liquidity guarantee obligation, TIAA guarantees that all contract owners in the Account may redeem their accumulation units at their accumulation unit value next determined after their transfer or cash withdrawal request is received in good order. The Account pays TIAA a fee for the risks associated with providing the liquidity guarantee through a daily deduction from the Account's net assets.

Pursuant to its existing liquidity guarantee obligation, beginning August 31, 2023 through the second quarter of 2024, the TIAA General Account purchased a cumulative total of 1.8 million liquidity units issued by the Account, amounting to \$911.3 million. Although the Account continued to experience net contract owner outflows during the third quarter of 2024, the TIAA General Account was not required to purchase any liquidity units. TIAA's

ownership is approximately 3.87% of the outstanding accumulation units of the Account as of September 30, 2024. The independent fiduciary, which has the right to adjust the percentage of total accumulation units that TIAA's ownership should not exceed (the "trigger point"), has established the trigger point at 45% of the outstanding accumulation units.

### Net Investment Income

Net investment income continues to be an additional source of liquidity for the Account. Net investment income was \$569.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, as compared to \$566.5 million for the comparable period of 2023. The increase in total net investment income is described more fully in the *Results of Operations* section.

# Leverage

As of September 30, 2024, the Account's ratio of outstanding principal amount of debt (inclusive of the Account's proportionate share of debt held within its joint venture investments, senior notes payable and any loans outstanding on the Account's Credit Agreement) to total gross asset value (i.e., a "loan -to-value ratio") was 19.5%. The Account intends to maintain its loan-to-value ratio at or below 30% (this ratio is measured at the time of incurrence and after giving effect thereto). The Account's total gross asset value, for these purposes, is equal to the total fair value of the Account's assets (including the fair value of the Account's net equity interest in joint ventures), with no reduction associated with any indebtedness on such assets.

The Account's credit facility, which is a \$1.4 billion unsecured line of credit, is used to facilitate near-term investment objectives, as further described in *Note 10—Credit Facility*. As of September 30, 2024, the Account had \$72.0 million outstanding on the line of credit. The Account exercised its first of three extension options to extend the facility's termination date to September 20, 2025, subject to customary representations, warranties and closing conditions.

As of September 30, 2024, total principal for mortgages on properties held directly by the account, four collateralized by a loan receivable, and senior notes payable are \$2.7 billion. There are twelve mortgage obligations secured by real estate investments wholly-owned by the Account, totaling \$781.2 million, that are scheduled to mature within the next twelve months. The Account currently has sufficient liquidity in the form of cash and cash equivalents, short-term securities, and available capacity on the Account's line of credit that can be drawn to meet its current mortgage obligations.

In times of high net inflow activity, in particular during times of high net contract owner transfer inflows, management may determine to apply a portion of such cash flows to make prepayments of indebtedness prior to scheduled maturity, which would have the effect of reducing the Account's loan-to-value ratio.

# Statements of Cash Flows

The following table sets forth the Account's sources and uses of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (in millions):

	 September 30,			
	 2024		2023	
Cash flows provided by (used in):				
Operating activities	\$ 535.8	\$	1,944.1	
Financing activities	\$ (523.0)	\$	(1,959.0)	

The following provides information regarding the Account's cash flows from operating and financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

*Operating Activities*: The Account's operating cash flows are primarily impacted by net investment income and the purchase or sale of investments and debt. Cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, as compared to the prior year period, decreased by approximately \$1.4 billion, primarily driven by:

- \$1.1 billion decrease in net assets
- \$400.9 million of contributions to joint ventures, real estate operating business and real estate funds
- \$236.5 million decrease in securities
- \$229.9 million of capital improvements on real estate properties
- Partially offsetting the decreases in cash provided by operating activities above were \$724.9 million in cash inflows from the sale of real estate properties.

Financing Activities: The Account's financing cash flows are primarily impacted by contract owner transactions, proceeds from debt issuances and repayments of debt. For the period ended September 30, 2024, key drivers were:

- The Account repaid \$584.0 million on the line of credit.
- Net contract owner outflows totaled \$416.4 million.
- The TIAA General Account purchased \$293.7 million of accumulation units.
- The Account borrowed \$193.0 million on the line of credit.

# Long-Term Financing and Capital Needs

The Account expects to meet its long-term liquidity requirements, such as debt maturities, property acquisitions and financing of development activities, through the use of unsecured debt and credit facilities, proceeds received from the disposition of certain properties and joint ventures, along with cash generated from operations after all distributions. The Account has a significant number of unencumbered properties available to secure additional mortgage borrowings should unsecured capital be unavailable or the cost of alternative sources of capital be too high. The value of and cash flow from these unencumbered properties are in excess of the requirements the Account must maintain in order to comply with covenants under its unsecured notes and credit facility.

A summary of the Account's outstanding debt is as follows (in millions):

		<b>September 30, 2024</b>			<b>December 31, 2023</b>				
	Princ	cipal Balance	% of Total	Principal Balance		Principal Balance		% of Total	
Secured	\$	1,787.5	64.8 %	\$	1,922.6	58.5 %			
Unsecured		972.0	35.2 %		1,363.0	41.5 %			
Total	\$	2,759.5	100.0 %	100.0 % \$		100.0 %			
Fixed Rate Debt:									
Secured	\$	1,396.0	50.6 %	\$	1,592.0	48.5 %			
Unsecured		900.0	32.6 %		900.0	27.4 %			
Fixed Rate Debt	\$	2,296.0	83.2 %	\$	2,492.0	75.9 %			
Floating Rate Debt:									
Secured	\$	391.5	14.2 %	\$	330.6	10.0 %			
Unsecured		72.0	2.6 %		463.0	14.1 %			
Floating Rate Debt	\$	463.5	16.8 %	\$	793.6	24.1 %			
Total	\$	2,759.5	100.0 %	\$	3,285.6	100.0 %			

# **Recent Transactions**

The following describes property and property-related transactions by the Account during the third quarter of 2024. Except as noted, the expenses for operating the properties purchased are either borne or reimbursed, in whole or in part, by the property tenants, although the terms vary under each lease.

# **Real Estate Properties and Joint Ventures**

# **Purchases**

Property Name	roperty Name Purchase Date Pe		Sector	Location	Net Purchase Price ⁽¹⁾
Five Oak ⁽²⁾	08/29/2024	100.00%	Office	Portland, OR	\$ 33.2

⁽¹⁾ Represents the purchase price net of closing costs.

# Sales

Property Name	Transaction Date	Ownership Percentage	Sector	Location	Net Location Pri		Ga	Realized in (Loss) on position ⁽²⁾
The Manor at Plantation	07/12/2024	100.00%	Apartment	Plantation, FL	\$	59.6	\$	4.9
Wilshire Rodeo Plaza	07/22/2024	100.00%	Office	Beverly Hills, CA	\$	207.2	\$	(36.4)
Vista Station I ⁽³⁾	07/30/2024	100.00%	Office	Draper, UT	\$	19.5	\$	(14.7)
Cypress Trace	09/23/2024	100.00%	Retail	Fort Myers, FL	\$	39.2	\$	(8.3)

⁽¹⁾ Represents the sales price, less selling expenses.

# **Financings**

# New Debt

Description	Transaction Date	Interest Rate	Sector Maturity Da		Principal Amount
Five Oak ⁽¹⁾	8/29/2024	1.47% + SOFR	Office	08/09/29	\$44.2

⁽¹⁾ Debt assumed upon acquisition of the property.

# Debt Payoff

Property Name	Transaction Date	Interest Rate	Sector	Maturity Date	Principal Amount
Vista Station I ⁽¹⁾	07/30/2024	4.00%	Office	07/01/2025	\$ 17.7
Cabana Beach Gainesville	09/27/2024	3.20%	Multi-family	09/30/2024	\$ 31.9

⁽¹⁾ Property held in Vista Station Portfolio.

# **Loan Receivable**

# Payoff

Description	Transaction Date	Interest Rate	Sector	Maturity Date	Amount	
Five Oak Mezzanine ⁽¹⁾	08/29/2024	9.46%	Office	08/09/2023	\$ 14.3	
Cabana Beach Gainesville - Debt Asset	09/27/2024	3.20%	Multi-family	09/01/2024	\$ 32.9	

During the third quarter of 2024, the borrower relinquished the collateral property to the Account through a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure agreement to satisfy the outstanding balance of the loan.

During the third quarter of 2024, the Account acquired the property through a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure agreement. The net purchase price is reflective of the value of the property at the time of possession.

⁽²⁾ Majority of the realized gain (loss) was previously recognized as unrealized gains (losses) in the Account's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

⁽³⁾ Property was held in Vista Station Portfolio.

# **Critical Accounting Estimates**

Management's discussion and analysis of the Account's financial condition and results of operations is based on the Account's Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of the Account's financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Management considers the valuation of real estate properties and valuation of real estate joint ventures to be critical accounting estimates because they involve a significant level of estimation uncertainty and have a material impact on the Account's financial condition and results of operations.

There have been no material changes to the Account's critical accounting policies described in the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

# ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Account's real estate holdings, including real estate joint ventures, funds, an operating business and loans receivable, including those with related parties, which, as of September 30, 2024, represented 98.5% of the Account's total investments, expose the Account to a variety of risks. These risks include, but are not limited to:

- General Real Estate Risk—The risk that the Account's property values or rental and occupancy rates could go down due to general economic conditions, a weak market for real estate generally, disruptions in the credit and/ or capital markets, or changing supply and demand for certain types of properties;
- Appraisal Risk—The risk that the sale price of an Account property (i.e., the value that would be determined by negotiations between independent parties) might differ substantially from its estimated or appraised value, leading to losses or reduced profits to the Account upon sale;
- Risk Relating to Property Sales—The risk that the Account might not be able to sell a property at a particular time for its full value, particularly in a poor market. This might make it difficult to raise cash quickly and also could lead to Account losses;
- Risks of Borrowing—The risk that interest rate changes may impact Account returns if the Account borrows
  against a credit facility, takes out a mortgage on a property, buys a property subject to a mortgage or holds a
  property subject to a mortgage, and hedging against such interest rate changes, if undertaken by the Account,
  may entail additional costs and be unsuccessful; and
- Foreign Currency Risk—The risk that the value of the Account's foreign investments, related debt, or rental income could increase or decrease due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates or foreign currency exchange control regulations, and hedging against such currency changes, if undertaken by the Account, may entail additional costs and be unsuccessful.

The Account believes the diversification of its real estate portfolio, both geographically and by sector, along with its quarterly valuation procedure, helps manage the real estate and appraisal risks described above.

As of September 30, 2024, 1.5% of the Account's total investments were comprised of marketable securities. Marketable securities include high-quality debt instruments (i.e., government agency notes and U.S. treasury securities) and REIT securities. The Account's Consolidated Statements of Investments sets forth the general financial terms of these instruments, along with their fair values, as determined in accordance with procedures described in *Note 1–Organization and Significant Accounting Policies* to the Account's Consolidated Financial Statements of the Account's 2023 Form 10-K. As of September 30, 2024, the Account does not invest in derivative financial instruments, although it does engage in hedging activity related to foreign currency denominated investments.

Risks associated with investments in real estate-related liquid assets (which could include, from time to time, REIT securities and CMBS), and non-real estate-related liquid assets, include the following:

• Financial/Credit Risk—The risk, for debt securities, that the issuer will not be able to pay principal and interest when due (and/or declare bankruptcy or be subject to receivership) and, for equity securities such as common or preferred stock, that the issuer's current earnings will fall or that its overall financial soundness will decline, reducing the security's value.

- Market Volatility Risk—The risk that the Account's investments will experience price volatility due to changing conditions in the financial markets regardless of the credit quality or financial condition of the underlying issuer. This risk is particularly acute to the extent the Account holds equity securities, which have experienced significant short-term price volatility over the past year. Also, to the extent the Account holds debt securities, changes in overall interest rates can cause price fluctuations.
- Interest Rate Volatility—The risk that interest rate volatility may affect the Account's current income from an investment.
- Deposit/Money Market Risk—The risk that, to the extent the Account's cash held in bank deposit accounts exceeds federally insured limits as to that bank, the Account could experience losses if banks fail. The Account does not believe it has exposure to significant concentration of deposit risk. In addition, there is some risk that investments held in money market accounts can suffer losses.

In addition, to the extent the Account were to hold MBS (including CMBS) these securities are subject to prepayment risk or extension risk (i.e., the risk that borrowers will repay the loans earlier or later than anticipated). If the underlying mortgage assets experience faster than anticipated repayments of principal, the Account could fail to recoup some or all of its initial investment in these securities, since the original price paid by the Account was based in part on assumptions regarding the receipt of interest payments. If the underlying mortgage assets are repaid later than anticipated, the Account could lose the opportunity to reinvest the anticipated cash flows at a time when interest rates might be rising. The rate of prepayment depends on a variety of geographic, social and other functions, including prevailing market interest rates and general economic factors. The fair value of these securities is also highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. Note that the potential for appreciation, which could otherwise be expected to result from a decline in interest rates, may be limited by any increased prepayments. These securities may be harder to sell than other securities.

In addition to these risks, real estate equity securities (such as REIT securities and MBS) would be subject to many of the same general risks inherent in real estate investing, making mortgage loans and investing in debt securities. For more information on the risks associated with all of the Account's investments, see Item 1A. Risk Factors, of the Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, as such risk factors may be updated in Item 1A of this Form 10-Q or in subsequent reports.

# ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) The registrant maintains a system of disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the registrant's reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the registrant's Principal Executive Officer ("PEO") and the Principal Financial Officer ("PFO"), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Under the supervision and participation of the registrant's management, including the registrant's PEO and PFO, the registrant conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act as of September 30, 2024. Based upon management's review, the PEO and PFO concluded that the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, were effective to provide reasonable assurance that the objectives of disclosure controls and procedures are met.

(b) There have been no changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's last fiscal quarter that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

# PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

# ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

In the normal course of business, the Account may be named, from time to time, as a defendant or may be involved in various legal actions, including arbitration, class actions and other litigation.

The Account establishes an accrual for all litigation and regulatory matters when it believes it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Once established, accruals are adjusted, as appropriate, in light of additional information. The amount of loss ultimately incurred in relation to those matters may be higher or lower than the amounts accrued for those matters.

As of the date of this report, management of the Account does not believe that the results of any such claims or litigation, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material effect on the Account's business, financial position or results of operations.

# ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

Continued liquidity challenges could adversely impact the Account's operations, financial condition, growth and prospects and continue to trigger the Account's Liquidity Guarantee

The Account requires sufficient liquidity to fund ongoing Account-level loan and debt commitments to make payments on its debt obligations as they become due, satisfy contract owner redemption requests, fund purchases and maintenance of portfolio properties, and meet other cash and contractual commitments. Starting in late 2023, the Account experienced a decrease in liquid assets, which was largely due to a spike in contract owner redemption requests (i.e., contract owner withdrawals or benefit payments), influenced by negative trends in the U.S commercial real estate market. These trends were exacerbated by higher interest rates that adversely affected property values. TIAA was required to trigger the Liquidity Guarantee by purchasing liquidity units beginning August 31, 2023 through the second quarter of 2024. The pace of net contract owner outflows has slowed over the period covered by this report and no additional liquidity units were purchased during the third quarter of 2024; however, any reversal or adverse change in the pace or scope of these outflows in future fiscal quarters or periods could have a material adverse effect on the Account's business, financial condition and results of operations.

# ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

Not applicable.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

Not applicable.

# **ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

- (1) (A) Distribution Agreement for the Contracts Funded by the TIAA Real Estate Account, dated as of January 1, 2008, by and among Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America, for itself and on behalf of the Account, and TIAA-CREF Individual & Institutional Services, LLC (3)(A) Restated Charter of TIAA (as amended)² (B) Amended Bylaws of TIAA³ Forms of RA, GRA, GSRA, SRA, IRA Real Estate Account Endorsements, ⁴ Keogh Contract, ⁵ Retirement Choice and Retirement Choice Plus Contracts ⁵ and Retirement Select and Retirement Select Plus (4) (A) Contracts and Endorsements (B) Forms of Income-Paying Contracts⁴ (C) (1) Form of Contract Endorsement for Internal Transfer Limitation⁷ (2) Form of Contract Endorsement for Internal Transfer Limitation²⁴ (D) (1) Form of Non-ERISA Retirement Choice Plus Contract⁹ (2) Form of Non-ERISA Retirement Choice Plus Certificate9 (1) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Contract¹⁰ (E) (2) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Certificate 10 (3) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Contract²⁵ (4) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Certificate²⁶ (F) (1) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Plus Certificate¹¹ (2) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Plus Contract¹¹ (3) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Plus Certificate²⁷ (4) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Plus Contract²⁸ Form of Income Test Drive Endorsement for Retirement Annuity Contracts, After-Tax Retirement (G) Annuity Contracts, Supplemental Retirement Annuity Contracts and IRA Contracts (including Rollover IRA, Contributory IRA, Roth IRA, OneIRA)¹² (H) Form of Income Test Drive Endorsement for Group Retirement Annuity Certificates, Group Supplemental Retirement Annuity Certificates, Keogh Certificates, Retirement Choice Certificates, Retirement Choice Plus Certificates, Non-ERISA Retirement Choice Plus Certificates, Trust Retirement Choice Certificates, and Trust Retirement Choice Plus Certificates Form of OneIRA Non-Qualified Deferred Annuity Contract (and Rate Schedule)¹⁴ (I) (1) Form of Endorsement to Retirement Choice and Retirement Choice Plus Contracts for Custom (J) Portfolios | (2) Form of Endorsement to Retirement Choice and Retirement Choice Plus Certificates for Custom Portfolios 16 (K) Form of Endorsement to Group Supplemental Retirement Annuity (GSRA) Certificate¹⁷ (1) Form of Contract, Rate Schedule and Certificate for Multiple Employer Plan Retirement Choice Annuity Contract 18 (L) (2) Form of Contract, Rate Schedule and Certificate for Multiple Employer Plan Retirement Choice Plus Annuity Contract¹⁸ (M) Form of Retirement Plan Loan Endorsement to Group Retirement Annuity Certificate 19 (N) Form of Retirement Plan Loan Endorsement to Retirement Annuity Contract²⁰ (O) Form of Retirement Plan Loan Endorsement to Supplemental Retirement Annuity Contract²¹
  - (P) Form of Required Minimum Distribution Endorsement to All Annuity Contracts²²
  - (Q) <u>Form of Required Minimum Distribution Endorsement to All Annuity Contracts²³</u>
- (10) (A) Engagement Letter Agreement with Independent Fiduciary, dated February 10, 2022, between TIAA, on behalf of the Registrant, and SitusAMC Real Estate Valuation Services, LLC¹⁵
  - (B) <u>Custodian Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2008, by and between TIAA, on behalf of the registrant, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, N.A.</u>8
  - (C) <u>Form of Note Purchase agreement, dated as of June 10, 2022, by and between TIAA, on behalf of the registrant, and the purchasers party thereto.</u> (29)
  - (D) Form of Note Purchase agreement, dated as of March 21, 2023, by and between TIAA, on behalf of the registrant, and the purchasers party thereto. (30)
  - (E) <u>First Amendment to the Custodian Agreement, dated as of September 25, 2024 by and between TIAA, on behalf of the registrant, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, N.A.*</u>

- (31) Rule 13a 14(a) Certifications*
- (32) Rule 13a 14(b) and Section 1350 Certifications*
- The following financial information from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2024 (Unaudited), formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of September 30, 2024 (Unaudited), (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (Unaudited), (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (Unaudited), (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (Unaudited), and (v) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).**

(104) Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).**

- * Filed herewith.
- ** Furnished electronically herewith.
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 1(A) to the Account's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on March 15, 2013 (File No. 333-187309).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(A) to the Account's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on April 22, 2015 (File No. 333-202583).
- (3) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(B) to the Account's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on April 22, 2015 (File No. 333-202583).
- (4) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to the Account's Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on April 30, 1996 (File No. 33-92990).
- (5) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(A) to the Account's Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on May 2, 2005 (File No. 333-121493).
- (6) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to the Account's Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on April 29, 2004 (File No. 333-113602).
- (7) Previously filed and incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4(C) to the Account's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 312010 and filed with the Commission on November 12, 2010 (File No. 33-92990).
- (8) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10(B) to the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 and filed with the Commission on March 14, 2013 (File No. 33-92990).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(D)(1) and 4(D)(2) to the Account's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on March 21, 2017 (File No. 333-216849).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(E)(1) and 4(E)(2) to the Account's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on March 21, 2017 (File No. 333-216849).
- (11) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(F)(1) and 4(F)(2) to the Account's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on March 21, 2017 (File No. 333-216849).
- (12) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(G) to the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 15, 2018 (File No. 333-216849).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(H) to the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 15, 2018 (File No. 333-216849).
- (14) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(I) to the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 15, 2018 (File No. 333-216849).
- Previously filed and incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Account's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Commission on February 16, 2022 (File No. 33-92990).
- (16) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(J)(1) and 4(J)(2) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 14, 2019 (File No. 33-92990).
- (17) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(K) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 14, 2019 (File No. 33-92990).
- (18) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(L)(1) and 4(L)(2) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 12, 2020 (File No. 33-92990).
- (19) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(M) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 11, 2021 (File No. 33-92990).
- ⁽²⁰⁾ Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(N) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 11, 2021 (File No. 33-92990).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(O) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 11, 2021 (File No. 33-92990).
- ⁽²²⁾ Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(P) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 11, 2021 (File No. 33-92990).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(Q) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 11, 2021 (File No. 33-92990).

- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(C)(2) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 9, 2023 (File No. 33-92990).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(E)(3) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 9, 2023 (File No. 33-92990).
- (26) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(E)(4) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 9, 2023 (File No. 33-92990).
- ⁽²⁷⁾ Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(F)(3) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 9, 2023 (File No. 33-92990).
- (28) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(F)(4) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 9, 2023 (File No. 33-92990).
- (29) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10(C) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the Commission on August 5, 2022 (File No. 33-92990).
- (30) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10(C) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the Commission on August 4, 2023 (File No. 33-92990).

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant, TIAA Real Estate Account, has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on the first day of November 2024.

TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT

By: TEACHERS INSURANCE AND ANNUITY

ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA

By: /s/ Colbert Narcisse

Colbert Narcisse

Senior Executive Vice President, Chief Product & Business Development Officer, Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America (Principal Executive Officer)

November 1, 2024 By: /s/ Christopher Baraks

November 1, 2024

Christopher Baraks

Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Corporate Controller of Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America (Principal Financial and Accounting

Officer)

# FIRST AMENDMENT TO THE CUSTODIAN AGREEMENT BETWEEN TEACHERS INSURANCE AND ANNUITY ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA AND STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY, N.A.

This FIRST AMENDMENT TO CUSTODIAN AGREEMENT (the "Amendment") is hereby entered into as of September 25, 2024 (the "Effective Date") by and between Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America (the "Insurance Company"), on behalf of the TIAA Real Estate Account (the "Account"), State Street Bank and Trust Company, N.A., a national banking association (the "Original Custodian"), and State Street Bank and Trust Company, a bank and trust company organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (the "New Custodian").

### RECITALS:

WHEREAS, the Insurance Company and Original Custodian are parties to that certain Custodian Agreement dated March 3, 2008 for the custody and safekeeping of the Account's portfolio assets (the "Custodian Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the Insurance Company and the Original Custodian intend to replace the Original Custodian and have the New Custodian become the custodian for the Account under the Custodian Agreement as amended by this Amendment;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the mutual agreements and covenants set forth herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- Assignment of Custodian Agreement. Subject to the terms and conditions contained herein:
  - (a) The Original Custodian hereby transfers and assigns to the New Custodian all its rights, benefits, interests, duties, obligations and liabilities under the Custodian Agreement, in each case solely to the extent such rights, benefits, interests, duties, obligations and liabilities relate to periods on or after the Effective Date (the "Assignment").
  - (b) The New Custodian hereby accepts the Assignment and the New Custodian and Insurance Company hereby separately release the Original Custodian from all of its duties, obligations and liabilities under the Custodian Agreement, in each case, solely to the extent such duties, obligations and liabilities relate to periods on or after the Effective Date.
  - (c) This Assignment does not affect any rights or obligations under the Custodian Agreement arising from or relating to any period prior to the Effective Date or accrued by any party prior to the Effective Date, including without limitation the Insurance Company's and Account's rights or obligations.
- 2. Amendment. The following provisions amend the Custodian Agreement:
  - (a) As of the Effective Date, all references to "State Street Bank and Trust Company, N.A., a national banking association" as "Custodian" shall be

replaced with "State Street Bank and Trust Company, a Massachusetts bank and trust company".

(b) As of the Effective Date, the Custodian's notice addresses shall be replaced with the following:

"To the Custodian:

State Street Bank and Trust Company

One Congress Street, Suite 1 Boston, MA 02114-2016

Attention: Senior Vice President - Custody Operations

CC: Legal Department Telephone: (617) 662-1965

Email: NuveenTIAAClientService@StateStreet.com"

- 3. All other provisions, terms and conditions contained in the Custodian Agreement, as amended hereby, shall remain in full force and effect.
- 4. Miscellaneous. Each of the parties hereto represents that this Amendment has been duly signed for and on behalf of such party by authority of its governing bodies and within the scope of its respective powers. This Amendment may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same agreement. This Amendment is governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with the laws governing the Custodian Agreement. Signatures to this Amendment delivered by electronic communications shall be considered original signatures for purposes of the effectiveness hereof.

[Remainder of Page Left Intentionally Blank] [Signature Page(s) Follow] IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Amendment as of the Effective Date.

# **Insurance Company:**

TEACHERS INSURANCE AND ANNUITY ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA, ON BEHALF OF THE TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT

Name: Title: P. Trassect

**New Custodian:** 

STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY

Ву:

Name: Banu Mattuchio

Title: Senior Vice President, State Street Bank and Trust Company

**Original Custodian:** 

STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY, N.A.

By: Name: Banu Mattuchio

Title: President of State Street Bank and Trust Company, NA

### **CERTIFICATIONS**

- I, Colbert Narcisse, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of the TIAA Real Estate Account;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

November 1, 2024

/s/ Colbert Narcisse

Colbert Narcisse

Senior Executive Vice President, Chief Product & Business Development Officer, Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America

(Principal Executive Officer)

- I, Christopher Baraks, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of the TIAA Real Estate Account;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

November 1, 2024

/s/ Christopher Baraks

Christopher Baraks

Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Corporate Controller of Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code), each of the undersigned officers of Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America, do hereby certify, to such officer's knowledge, that:

The quarterly report on Form 10-Q of the TIAA Real Estate Account (the "Account") for the quarter ended September 30, 2024 (the "Form 10-Q") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Account.

November 1, 2024 /s/ Colbert Narcisse

Colbert Narcisse

Senior Executive Vice President, Chief Product & Business Development Officer, Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America

(Principal Executive Officer)

November 1, 2024 /s/ Christopher Baraks

Christopher Baraks

Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Corporate Controller of Teachers Insurance and Annuity

Association of America

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the TIAA Real Estate Account and will be retained by the Account and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.