UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)				
■ QUARTERLY REPO the quarterly period ender		CTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE A	CT OF 1934 For
		OR		
☐ TRANSITION R	EPORT PURSUANT TO	SECTION 13 OR 1934	15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANC	E ACT OF
	For the transiti	on period from	to	
	Commissio	on file number: 33-	92990; 333-270449	
		A REAL ESTATE		
	(Exact name	e of registrant as sp	ecified in its charter)	
	New York		NOT APPLICABLE	
	(State or other jurisdic		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No	o.)
C/O TEA	ACHERS INSURANCE A ASSOCIATION OF AMI	AND ANNUITY ERICA		
	730 Third Avenue		10017-3206	
	New York, New Yor	rk	(Zip code)	
(Ad	ldress of principal executi	ve offices)		
		(212) 490-90		
	Registrant's		, including area code	
(I		NOT APPLICA		
	suant to Section 12(b) of t		cal year, if changed since last report)	
	1	1	show on of which required	
Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exc	change of which registered	
NONE	1			
Securities Exchange Act		eding 12 months (o	ports required to be filed by Section 13 r for such shorter period that the registrants for the past 90 days.	
Yes ⋈ No				
Indicate by check mark pursuant to Rule 405 of	whether the registrant has	5 of this chapter) of	nically every Interactive Data File required during the preceding 12 months (or for suc	
Yes 🗷 No				
reporting company or a	an emerging growth com	npany. See the de	I filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, "accelerated filer," "accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a non-acce	
Large accelerated filer	☐ Accelerated file	er		
Non-accelerated filer	⋉ Smaller Report	ing Company		
	Emerging Grow	vth Company		
			strant has elected not to use the extended ds provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes 🗆 No 🗷

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Unaudited)

(In millions, except per accumulation unit amounts)

		Se	ptember 30, 2023	D	ecember 31, 2022
ASSETS					
Investments, at fair value:					
Real estate properties (cost: \$14,578.6 and \$14,323.2)		\$	18,802.3	\$	20,444.0
Real estate joint ventures (cost: \$5,751.9 and \$5,738.1)			6,151.4		7,103.6
Real estate funds (cost: \$835.7 and \$787.7)			908.7		893.4
Real estate operating business (cost: \$371.4 and \$355.0)			650.1		641.9
Marketable securities (cost: \$214.0 and \$2,077.1)			214.0		2,030.2
Loans receivable (principal: \$1,553.0 and \$1,546.0)			1,204.6		1,418.7
Loans receivable with related parties (principal: \$101.6 and \$69.9)			101.1		69.9
Total investments (cost: \$23,406.2 and \$24,897.0)		\$	28,032.2	\$	32,601.7
Cash and cash equivalents			65.3		72.4
Due from investment manager			1.2		_
Other			400.3		359.5
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	28,499.0	\$	33,033.6
LIABILITIES					
Loans payable, at fair value (principal outstanding: \$1,922.5 and \$2,168.7)			1,862.6		2,069.7
Line of credit, at fair value (principal outstanding: \$510.0 and \$—)			510.0		_
Other unsecured debt, at fair value (principal outstanding: \$900.0 and \$1,000.0)			840.8		953.1
Due to investment manager			_		7.1
Accrued real estate property expenses			294.3		291.8
Other			57.2		53.8
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	3,564.9	\$	3,375.5
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NET ASSETS					
NET ASSETS Accumulation Fund			24,387.4		29,025.7
Annuity Fund			24,387.4 546.7		632.4
Amounty 1 und	TOTAL NET ASSETS	•	24,934.1	\$	29,658.1
NUMBER OF ACCUMULATION UNITS OUTSTAND		Ψ	48.2	φ	52.1
	INU	Φ.		•	
NET ASSET VALUE, PER ACCUMULATION UNIT		\$	505.717	\$	556.923

See notes to the consolidated financial statements

TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In millions, Unaudited)

For the Three Months Ended For the Nine Months Ended September 30, September 30, 2023 2022 2023 2022 **INVESTMENT INCOME** Real estate income, net: \$ 345.0 313.1 1,016.5 \$ 930.9 Rental income \$ \$ Real estate property level expenses and taxes: Operating expenses 81.8 74.3 250.1 219.0 55.6 52.2 163.4 154.2 Real estate taxes 25.5 Interest expense 25.6 72.1 63.3 Total real estate property level expenses and taxes 163.0 152.0 485.6 436.5 161.1 Real estate income, net 182.0 530.9 494.4 Income from real estate joint ventures 42.2 41.0 142.9 144.0 Income from real estate funds 3.8 7.9 14.3 19.4 Interest 34.3 32.8 112.9 75.8 3.0 3.8 Other TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME 262.3 245.8 801.0 737.4 Expenses: 21.2 20.7 Investment management charges 62.8 64.6 Administrative charges 22.1 9.4 57.2 31.8 5.3 Distribution charges 2.4 8.5 17.6 Mortality and expense risk charges 0.5 Liquidity guarantee charges 17.8 22.2 56.6 67.3 Interest expense 19.0 13.2 49.4 17.6 TOTAL EXPENSES 82.5 70.8 234.5 199.4 INVESTMENT INCOME, NET 175.0 179.8 566.5 538.0 NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS AND DEBT Net realized gain (loss) on investments: (0.4)(35.0)(0.4)(5.5)Real estate properties Real estate joint ventures (145.4)303.1 (103.3)316.2 Real estate funds 0.5 13.9 14.4 13.9 0.2 Foreign currency exchange on forward contracts (2.7)(2.7)Marketable securities (1.4)(35.6)Net realized (loss) gain on investments (145.1)280.6 (127.6)321.9 Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on: (464.3)134.1 (1,897.1)2,286.2 Real estate properties Real estate joint ventures (132.7)(263.9)(903.0)85.1 Real estate funds (3.8)(0.6)(32.6)6.3 Real estate operating business 13.3 (3.5)(8.2)214.1 Foreign currency exchange on forward contracts (0.2)2.3 1.4 Marketable securities (0.2)(7.4)46.9 (45.9)Loans receivable (62.3)(16.3)(221.6)(98.5)Loans payable 12.1 (39.0)61.9 (16.3)Other unsecured debt 13.6 35.7 12.3 49.5 Net change in unrealized (loss) gain on investments and debt (93.2)2,560.1 (669.5)(3,040.0)NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED (LOSS) GAIN ON INVESTMENTS AND DEBT (814.6)187.4 (3,167.6)2,882.0 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET ASSETS **RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS \$** 362.4 3,420.0 (634.8)(2,601.1)

See notes to the consolidated financial statements

TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (In millions, Unaudited)

	Fo	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2023		2022	2023		2022	
FROM OPERATIONS								
Investment income, net	\$	179.8	\$	175.0	\$	566.5	\$	538.0
Net realized (loss) gain on investments		(145.1)		280.6		(127.6)		321.9
Net change in unrealized (loss) gain on investments and debt		(669.5)		(93.2)		(3,040.0)		2,560.1
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS		(634.8)		362.4		(2,601.1)		3,420.0
FROM CONTRACT OWNER TRANSACTIONS								
Premiums		484.7		596.4		1,535.1		2,263.9
Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA		189.9				189.9		_
Annuity payments		(13.7)		(14.3)		(41.9)		(41.3)
Death benefits		(43.3)		(44.1)		(121.5)		(111.1)
Withdrawals		(1,046.8)		(775.8)		(3,684.5)		(2,030.1)
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM CONTRACT OWNER TRANSACTIONS		(429.2)		(237.8)		(2,122.9)		81.4
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN NET ASSETS		(1,064.0)		124.6		(4,724.0)		3,501.4
NET ASSETS								
Beginning of period		25,998.1		31,448.8		29,658.1		28,072.0
End of period	\$	24,934.1	\$	31,573.4	\$	24,934.1	\$	31,573.4

TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In millions, Unaudited)

Purchase of real estate properties (0.3) (420.0) Capital improvements on real estate properties (259.9) (297.1) Proceeds from sales of real estate properties — 420.3 Purchases of other real estate investments (265.0) (796.7) Proceeds from sales of other real estate investments 161.3 851.4 Purchases and originations of loans receivable (19.1) (343.9) Purchases and originations of loans receivable with related parties (31.2) — Proceeds from sales of loans receivable — 161.4 Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable — 161.4 Increase in other investments (8.3) 3.4 (Increase) in other investments (8.3) 3.4 (Increase) in other investments		Fo	For the Nine Mont September 3		30,	
Net (decrease) increase in net assets resulting from operations to reconcile net changes in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Net realized loss (gain) on investments 127.6 (321.9) Net change in unrealized loss (gain) on investments and debt 3.04.0 (2.560.1) Purchase of real estate properties (0.3) (420.0) Capital improvements on real estate properties (259.9) (297.1) Proceeds from sales of real estate properties (265.0) (796.7) Proceeds from sales of real estate properties (265.0) (796.7) Proceeds from sales of other real estate investments (265.0) (31.2) Purchases of other real estate investments (265.0) (31.2) Purchases and originations of loans receivable (191.1) (343.9) Purchases and originations of loans receivable (191.1) (343.9) Purchases and originations of loans receivable (191.1) (343.9) Purchases and originations of loans receivable (191.1) (281.1) Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable (181.1) (281.1) Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable (281.1) (281.1) Proceeds from investment manager (8.3) (3.3) (4.8)			2023		2022	
Adjustments to reconcile net changes in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Net realized loss (gain) on investments Net realized loss (gain) on investments and debt Capital improvements on real estate properties (259) (270) Purchase of real estate properties (269) (297) Proceeds from sales of real estate properties (265) (7967) Proceeds from sales of real estate investments (265) (7967) Proceeds from sales of other real estate investments (161,3 851,4 Purchases and originations of loans receivable (191,1 (343,9) Purchases and originations of loans receivable (191,1 (343,9) Purchases and originations of loans receivable (191,1 (343,9) Purchases and originations of loans receivable (161,4 (363,4 (364,4						
Net realized loss (gain) on investments 127.6 321.91 Net realized loss (gain) on investments and debt 3,040.0 (2,560.11) Purchase of real estate properties (0.3) (420.01) Capital improvements on real estate properties (265.9) (297.11) Proceeds from sales of real estate properties (265.0) (796.71) Proceeds from sales of other real estate investments (265.0) (796.71) Purchases of other real estate investments (161.3) (814.39) Purchases and originations of loans receivable (191.1) (343.91) Purchases and originations of loans receivable with related parties (31.2) (191.1) Purchases and originations of loans receivable (161.4) (161.4) Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable (161.4) (161.4) Proceeds from investment manager (8.3) (18.4) (18.4) Proceeds from investment manager (18.4) (18.4) (18.4) Proceeds from investment manager (18.4) (18.4) (18.4) (18.4) Proceeds from investment manager (18.4)	. ,	\$	(2,601.1)	\$	3,420.0	
Net change in unrealized loss (gain) on investments and debt 3,040.0 (2,560.1) Purchase of real estate properties (259.9) (297.0) Capital improvements on real estate properties (259.9) (297.0) Proceeds from sales of real estate properties (265.0) (796.7) Purchases of other real estate investments (265.0) (796.7) Proceeds from sales of their real estate investments 161.3 851.4 Purchases and originations of loans receivable (191.) (343.9) Purchases and originations of loans receivable with related parties (31.2) — Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable with related parties (31.2) — Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable 11.6 28.1 Decrease (increase) in other investments 1,824.7 (489.9) Net change in due to/from investment manager (8.3) 3.4 (Increase) in other inabilities 12.6 30.7 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1,941.1 303.53 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES 1,941.1 303.53 Proceeds from iline of credit 7.0	Adjustments to reconcile net changes in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Purchase of real estate properties (0.3) (420.0) Capital improvements on real estate properties (259.9) (297.1) Proceeds from sales of real estate properties .—— 420.3 Purchases of other real estate investments	Net realized loss (gain) on investments		127.6		(321.9)	
Capital improvements on real estate properties (259,) (297,1) Proceeds from sales of real estate properties — 420,3 Purchases of other real estate investments (265,0) (796,7) Proceeds from sales of tother real estate investments 161,3 851,4 Purchases and originations of loans receivable (19,1) (343,9) Purchases and originations of loans receivable (19,1) (343,9) Proceeds from sales of loans receivable 111,6 28.1 Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable 11,6 28.1 Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable 11,6 28.1 Decrease (increase) in other investments 1,824,7 (489,9) Net change in due to/from investment manager (8,3) 3,4 (Increase) in other liabilities 12,6 30,7 Increase in other liabilities 12,6 30,7 VEX. FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES 7 - Payments on line of credit (64,0) (500,0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt (64,0) (500,0) Portage loan proceeds received 31	Net change in unrealized loss (gain) on investments and debt		3,040.0		(2,560.1)	
Proceeds from sales of real estate properties 420.3 Purchases of other real estate investments (265.0) (796.7) Proceeds from sales of other real estate investments 161.3 851.4 Purchases and originations of loans receivable (19.1) (343.9) Purchases and originations of loans receivable with related parties (31.2) — Proceeds from sales of loans receivable 161.4 28.1 Decrease (increase) in other investments 1,824.7 (489.9) Net change in due to/from investments (8.3) 3.4 (Increase) in other assets (48.8) (21.0) Increase in other liabilities 12.6 30.7 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1,944.1 (335.3) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES 74.0 — Payments on line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9	Purchase of real estate properties		(0.3)		(420.0)	
Purchases of other real estate investments (265.0) (796.7) Proceeds from sales of other real estate investments 161.3 851.4 Purchases and originations of loans receivable (19.1) (343.9) Purchases and originations of loans receivable with related parties 31.2 — Proceeds from sales of loans receivable — 161.4 Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable — 161.4 Decrease (increase) in other investments 1,824.7 (489.9) Net change in due to/from investment manager (8.3) 3.4 (Increase) in other liabilities 12.6 30.7 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1,944.1 (335.3) Proceeds from line of credit 74.0 — Payments on line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,639.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 —<	Capital improvements on real estate properties		(259.9)		(297.1)	
Proceeds from sales of other real estate investments 161.3 851.4 Purchases and originations of loans receivable (19.1) (343.9) Purchases and originations of loans receivable — 161.4 Proceeds from sales of loans receivable — 161.4 Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable 11.6 28.1 Decrease (increase) in other investments 1,824.7 (488.9) Net change in due to/from investments (8.3) 3.4 (Increase) in other assets (48.8) (21.0) Increase in other liabilities 12.6 30.7 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1,944.1 (335.3) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES 74.0 — Payments on line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — A	Proceeds from sales of real estate properties		_		420.3	
Purchases and originations of loans receivable (19.1) (34.39) Purchases and originations of loans receivable with related parties (31.2) — Proceeds from sales of loans receivable — 16.14 Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable 11.6 28.1 Decrease (increase) in other investments 1,824.7 (489.9) Net change in due to/from investment manager (8.3) 3.4 (Increase) in other assets (48.8) (21.0) Increase in in the liabilities 1,26.5 30.7 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1,944.1 (335.3) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from line of credit 74.0 — Payments on line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payment	Purchases of other real estate investments		(265.0)		(796.7)	
Purchases and originations of loans receivable (31.2) — Proceeds from sales of loans receivable 16.14 Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable 11.6 28.1 Decrease (increase) in other investments 1,824.7 (488.9) Net change in due to/from investment manager (8.3) 3.4 (Increase) in other assets (48.8) (21.0) Increase in other liabilities 12.6 30.7 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1,944.1 (335.3) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 1889.9 — Annuity payments (41.9) (41.3) Death benefits (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (80.84.5) (2,030.1)	Proceeds from sales of other real estate investments		161.3		851.4	
Proceeds from sales of loans receivable — 161.4 Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable 11.6 28.1 Decrease (increase) in other investments 1,82.7 (48.89) Net change in due to/from investment manager (8.3) 3.4 (Increase) in other assets (48.8) (21.0) Increase in other liabilities 12.6 30.7 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1,944.1 (335.3) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from line of credit 74.0 — Payments on line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payments (41.9) (41.3) Death benefits (3,684.5) (2,030.1) Withdrawals NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	Purchases and originations of loans receivable		(19.1)		(343.9)	
Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable 11.6 28.1 Decrease (increase) in other investments 1,824.7 (489.9) Net change in due to/from investment manager (8.3) 3.4 (Increase) in other assets (48.8) (21.0) Increase in other liabilities 12.6 30.7 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1,944.1 (335.3) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payments (41.9) (41.3) Death benefits (12.1) (111.1) Wildrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,959.0) 387.8 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH	Purchases and originations of loans receivable with related parties		(31.2)		_	
Decrease (increase) in other investments 1,824.7 (488.9) Net change in due to/from investment manager (8.3) 3.4 (Increase) in other assets (48.8) (21.0) Increase in other liabilities 12.6 30.7 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1,944.1 (335.3) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from line of credit 74.0 — Payments on line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payments (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (36.84.5) (2,030.1) Death benefits (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (36.84.5) (2,030.1) NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,599.0) 387.8	Proceeds from sales of loans receivable		_		161.4	
Net change in due to/from investment manager (8.3) 3.4 (Increase) in other assets (48.8) (21.0) Increase in other liabilities 12.6 30.7 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1,944.1 (335.3) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Payments on line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payments (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) Withdrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,959.0) 387.8 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH <td< td=""><td>Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable</td><td></td><td>11.6</td><td></td><td>28.1</td></td<>	Proceeds from payoffs of loans receivable		11.6		28.1	
(Increase in other lassets (48.8) (21.0) Increase in other liabilities 12.6 30.7 NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1,944.1 (335.3) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from line of credit 74.0 — Payments on line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payments (41.9) (41.3) Death benefits (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,959.0) 387.8 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted c	Decrease (increase) in other investments		1,824.7		(489.9)	
Increase in other liabilities	Net change in due to/from investment manager		(8.3)		3.4	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES 1,944.1 (335.3) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from line of credit 74.0 — Payments on line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payments (41.9) (41.3) Death benefits (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,959.0) 387.8 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH 117.0 46.0 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9)	(Increase) in other assets		(48.8)		(21.0)	
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Proceeds from line of credit 74.0 — Payments on line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payments (41.9) (41.3) Death benefits (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,959.0) 387.8 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (14.9) 52.5 End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (14.9) 52.5 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: S102.1 \$98.5 SUPPLEMENTAL D	NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	,	1,944.1		(335.3)	
Payments on line of credit (64.0) (500.0) Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payments (41.9) (41.3) Death benefits (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,959.0) 387.8 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH equivalents and restricted cash 117.0 46.0 Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (14.9) 52.5 End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash \$102.1 \$98.5 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Cash paid for interest 50.3 \$0.3 \$0.3 <	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt 400.0 1,000.0 Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payments (41.9) (41.3) Death benefits (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH 117.0 46.0 Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash 117.0 46.0 Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (14.9) 52.5 End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (14.9) 52.5 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: 20.2 30.2 30.2 Cash paid for interest \$ 101.1 \$ 69.3	Proceeds from line of credit		74.0		_	
Mortgage loan proceeds received 313.6 20.1 Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payments (41.9) (41.3) Death benefits (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,959.0) 387.8 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH Beginning of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash 117.0 46.0 Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (14.9) 52.5 End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (14.9) 52.5 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Cash paid for interest \$ 101.1 \$ 69.3	Payments on line of credit		(64.0)		(500.0)	
Payments of mortgage loans (559.7) (213.7) Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payments (41.9) (41.3) Death benefits (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,959.0) 387.8 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH equivalents and restricted cash 117.0 46.0 Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (14.9) 52.5 End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash \$ 102.1 \$ 98.5 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Cash paid for interest \$ 101.1 \$ 69.3	Proceeds from issuance of unsecured debt		400.0		1,000.0	
Premiums 1,535.1 2,263.9 Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payments (41.9) (41.3) Death benefits (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,959.0) 387.8 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH equivalents and restricted cash 117.0 46.0 Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (14.9) 52.5 End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash \$ 102.1 \$ 98.5 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Cash paid for interest \$ 101.1 69.3	Mortgage loan proceeds received		313.6		20.1	
Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA 189.9 — Annuity payments (41.9) (41.3) Death benefits (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,959.0) 387.8 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH Beginning of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash 117.0 46.0 Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (14.9) 52.5 End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash \$ 102.1 \$ 98.5 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Cash paid for interest \$ 101.1 \$ 69.3	Payments of mortgage loans		(559.7)		(213.7)	
Annuity payments (41.9) (41.3) Death benefits (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,959.0) 387.8 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH Beginning of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash 117.0 46.0 Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (14.9) 52.5 End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash \$ 102.1 \$ 98.5 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Cash paid for interest \$ 101.1 \$ 69.3	Premiums		1,535.1		2,263.9	
Death benefits (121.5) (111.1) Withdrawals (3,684.5) (2,030.1) NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,959.0) 387.8 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH (14.9) 52.5 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH Beginning of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash 117.0 46.0 Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (14.9) 52.5 End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash \$ 102.1 \$ 98.5 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Cash paid for interest \$ 101.1 \$ 69.3	Purchase of liquidity units by TIAA		189.9		_	
Withdrawals(3,684.5)(2,030.1)NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES(1,959.0)387.8NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH(14.9)52.5CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASHBeginning of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash117.046.0Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash(14.9)52.5End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash\$ 102.1\$ 98.5SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:Cash paid for interest\$ 101.1\$ 69.3	Annuity payments		(41.9)		(41.3)	
NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (1,959.0) 387.8 NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH Beginning of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash 117.0 46.0 Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (14.9) 52.5 End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash \$102.1 \$98.5 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Cash paid for interest \$101.1 \$69.3	Death benefits		(121.5)		(111.1)	
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH Beginning of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Cash paid for interest (14.9) 52.5 (14.9) 52.5 101.1 52.5 69.3	Withdrawals		(3,684.5)		(2,030.1)	
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH Beginning of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Cash paid for interest Cash paid for interest 117.0 46.0 117.0 52.5 8 102.1 98.5	NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	,	(1,959.0)		387.8	
Beginning of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash \$\frac{117.0}{52.5}\$ \$\frac{52.5}{98.5}\$ SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Cash paid for interest \$\frac{102.1}{5}\$ \$\frac{69.3}{69.3}\$	NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH	í	(14.9)		52.5	
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash(14.9)52.5End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash\$ 102.1\$ 98.5SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:Cash paid for interest\$ 101.1\$ 69.3	CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH					
End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Cash paid for interest \$ 101.1 \$ 69.3	Beginning of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		117.0		46.0	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES: Cash paid for interest \$ 101.1 \$ 69.3	Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(14.9)		52.5	
Cash paid for interest \$ 101.1 \$ 69.3	End of period cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	102.1	\$	98.5	
*	SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES:					
Conversion of term loans to line of credit borrowings \$ 500.0 \$ —	Cash paid for interest		101.1	\$	69.3	
	Conversion of term loans to line of credit borrowings	\$	500.0	\$	_	

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in millions):

		 Septem	ber 3	50,
		2023		2022
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 65.3	\$	65.0
Restricted cash ⁽¹⁾		36.8		33.5
	TOTAL CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH	\$ 102.1	\$	98.5

⁽¹⁾ Restricted cash is included within other assets in the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Note 1—Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Business: The TIAA Real Estate Account ("Account") is an insurance separate account of Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America ("TIAA") and was established by resolution of TIAA's Board of Trustees (the "Board") on February 22, 1995, under the insurance laws of the State of New York, for the purpose of funding variable annuity contracts issued by TIAA. The Account offers individual and group accumulating annuity contracts (with contributions made on a pre-tax or after-tax basis), as well as individual lifetime and term-certain variable payout annuity contracts (including the payment of death benefits to beneficiaries). Investors are entitled to transfer funds to or from the Account, and make withdrawals from the Account on a daily basis, under certain circumstances. Funds invested in the Account for each category of contract are expressed in terms of units, and unit values will fluctuate depending on the Account's performance.

The investment objective of the Account is to seek favorable total returns primarily through the rental income and appreciation of a diversified portfolio of directly held, private real estate investments and real estate-related investments while offering investors guaranteed, daily liquidity. The Account holds real estate properties directly and through subsidiaries wholly-owned by TIAA for the sole benefit of the Account. The Account also holds limited interests in real estate joint ventures and funds, as well as investments in loans receivable with real estate properties as underlying collateral. Additionally, the Account invests in real estate-related and non-real estate-related publicly traded securities, cash and other instruments to maintain adequate liquidity levels for operating expenses, capital expenditures and to fund benefit payments (withdrawals, transfers and related transactions).

Interim Financial Information: The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Account as of September 30, 2023 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 are unaudited and include all adjustments necessary to present a fair statement of results for the interim periods presented. Results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire year. These Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Accordingly, certain footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted from this report pursuant to the rules of the SEC. As a result, these Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 ("2022 Form 10-K").

Use of Estimates: The Consolidated Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP, which requires the use of estimates made by management. Actual results may vary from those estimates and such differences may be material.

Basis of Presentation: The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include the Account and those subsidiaries wholly-owned by TIAA for the benefit of the Account. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform to the current period financial statement presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported results of operations or cash flows. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions between the Account and such subsidiaries have been eliminated.

The Accumulation Unit Value ("AUV") used for financial reporting purposes may differ from the AUV used for processing transactions. The AUV used for financial reporting purposes includes security and contract owner transactions effective through the period end date to which this report relates. Total return is computed based on the AUV used for processing transactions.

Significant Accounting Policy Updates: There were no changes to the Account's significant accounting policies as described in the Account's 2022 Form 10-K.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements: In March 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU" or "Update") 2023-01—Leases (Topic 842): Common Control Arrangements. The amendments in this Update provide a practical expedient for private companies and not-forprofit entities that are not conduit bond obligors to use the written terms and conditions of a common control arrangement to determine: (1) Whether a lease exists and, if so, (2) The classification of and accounting for that lease. The practical expedient may be applied on an arrangement-by-arrangement basis. If no written terms and conditions exist, an entity is prohibited from applying the practical expedient and must evaluate the enforceable terms and conditions to apply FASB's Accounting Standards Classification ("ASC") Topic 842. In addition, the ASU requires all entities (that is, including public companies) to amortize leasehold improvements associated with common control leases over the useful life to the common control group. Lastly, leasehold improvements should be accounted for as a transfer between entities under common control through an adjustment to equity (or net assets for not-for-profit entities) if, and when, the lessee no longer controls the use of the underlying asset. Additionally, those leasehold improvements are subject to the impairment guidance in ASC Topic 360, Property, Plant, and Equipment. The amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for both interim and annual financial statements that have not yet been made available for issuance. If an entity adopts the amendments in an interim period, it must adopt them as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. Management does not expect the guidance to materially impact the Account.

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-04, Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting ("ASU 2020-04"). The guidance provides optional expedients and exceptions for applying generally accepted accounting principles to contract modifications and hedging relationships, subject to meeting certain criteria, that reference the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") or another reference rate expected to be discontinued. In December 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-06, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Deferral of the Sunset Date of Topic 848 ("ASU 2022-06"). To ensure the relief established in ASU 2020-04 covers the period of time during which a significant number of modifications may take place, ASU 2022-06 defers the sunset date of ASC Topic 848 from December 31, 2022, to December 31, 2024, after which entities will no longer be permitted to apply the relief in Topic 848. ASU 2022-06 is effective for all entities upon issuance. Management does not expect the guidance to have a material impact to the Account.

In August 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-05, Business Combinations— Joint Venture Formations (Subtopic 805-60): Recognition and Initial Measurement, intended to (1) provide investors and other allocators of capital with more decision-useful information in a joint venture's separate financial statements and (2) reduce diversity in practice in this area of financial reporting. The amendments in ASU 2023-05 require that a joint venture, upon formation, apply a new basis of accounting. As a result, a newly formed joint venture should initially measure its assets and liabilities at fair value (with exceptions to fair value measurement that are consistent with the business combinations guidance). The amendments in ASU 2023-05 are effective prospectively for all joint venture formations with a formation date on or after January 1, 2025. Additionally, a joint venture that was formed before January 1, 2025, may elect to apply the amendments retrospectively if it has sufficient information. Early adoption is permitted in any interim or annual period in which financial statements have not yet been issued (or made available for issuance), either prospectively or retrospectively. Management does not expect the guidance to have a material impact to the Account.

Note 2—Related Party Transactions

Investment management, administrative and distribution services are provided to the Account at cost by TIAA and certain of its affiliated subsidiaries. Services provided at cost are paid by the Account on a daily basis based upon projected expenses to be provided to the Account. Payments are adjusted periodically to ensure daily payments are as close as possible to the Account's actual expenses incurred. Differences between actual expenses and the amounts paid by the Account are reconciled and adjusted quarterly.

Investment management services for the Account are provided by TIAA officers, under the direction and control of the Board, pursuant to investment management procedures adopted by TIAA for the Account. TIAA's investment management decisions for the Account are subject to review by the independent fiduciary. TIAA also provides various portfolio accounting and related services for the Account.

Part of TIAA's compensation for provision of at cost investment management services to the Account includes reimbursement of costs incurred by TIAA to manage certain of the Account's joint ventures. Such joint ventures also reimburse the Account directly in its capacity as general partner or managing member (collectively, the "GP") of the joint venture in the form of an asset management fee for GP-related services provided by the Account, and such fee is based on a percentage of the fair market value of the underlying properties held in the joint venture.

The Account is a party to the Distribution Agreement for the Contracts Funded by the TIAA Real Estate Account (the "Distribution Agreement"), dated January 1, 2008, by and among TIAA, for itself and on behalf of the Account, and TIAA-CREF Individual and Institutional Services, LLC ("Services"). Services is a direct whollyowned subsidiary of TIAA, and is registered with the SEC as a broker-dealer and a registered investment adviser and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. Pursuant to the Distribution Agreement, Services performs distribution services for the Account which include, among other things, (i) distribution of annuity contracts issued by TIAA and funded by the Account, (ii) advising existing annuity contract owners in connection with their accumulations and (iii) helping employers implement and manage retirement plans. In addition, TIAA performs administrative functions for the Account, which include, among other things, (i) maintaining accounting records and performing accounting services, (ii) receiving and allocating premiums, (iii) calculating and making annuity payments, (iv) processing withdrawal requests, (v) providing regulatory compliance and reporting services, (vi) maintaining the Account's records of contract ownership and (vii) otherwise assisting generally in all aspects of the Account's operations. Both distribution services (pursuant to the Distribution Agreement) and administrative services are provided to the Account by Services and TIAA, as applicable, on an at cost basis. The Distribution Agreement is terminable by either party upon 60 days written notice and terminates automatically upon any assignment thereof.

In addition to providing the services described above, TIAA charges the Account fees to bear certain mortality and expense risks and risks with providing the liquidity guarantee. These fees are charged as a percentage of the net assets of the Account. Rates for these fees are established annually and disclosed in the Account's prospectus.

Once an Account contract owner begins receiving lifetime annuity income benefits, payment levels cannot be reduced as a result of the Account's actual mortality experience. As such, mortality and expense risk are contractual charges for TIAA's assumption of this risk.

TIAA provides the Account with a liquidity guarantee enabling the Account to have funds available to meet contract owner redemption, transfer or cash withdrawal requests. The liquidity guarantee is required by the New York State Department of Financial Services and is subject to a prohibited transaction exemption that the Account received in 1996 (96-76) from the U.S. Department of Labor ("PTE 96-76"). The Account pays TIAA for the risk associated with providing the liquidity guarantee through a daily deduction from the Account's net assets. Whether the liquidity guarantee is exercised is based on the cash level of the Account from time to time, as well as recent contract owner withdrawal activity and the Account's expected working capital, debt service and cash needs, and subject to the oversight of the independent fiduciary. If the Account cannot fund contract owner withdrawal or redemption requests from the Account's own cash flow and liquid investments, TIAA will fund them by purchasing accumulation units issued by the Account (accumulation units that are purchased by TIAA are generally referred to as "liquidity units"). TIAA guarantees that contract owners can redeem their accumulation units at the accumulation unit value next determined after their transfer or cash withdrawal request is received in good order. Liquidity units owned by TIAA are valued in the same manner as accumulation units owned by the Account's contract owners.

Pursuant to its existing liquidity guarantee obligation, as of September 30, 2023, the TIAA General Account owned 374,269 liquidity units issued by the Account. TIAA paid an aggregate of \$189.9 million to purchase these liquidity units during the third quarter of 2023. The independent fiduciary, which has the right to adjust the percentage of total accumulation units that TIAA's ownership should not exceed (the "trigger point"), has established the trigger point at 45% of the outstanding accumulation units. As of September 30, 2023, the TIAA General Account owned approximately 0.78% of the outstanding accumulation units of the Account.

Expenses for the services and fees described above are identified as such in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations and are further identified as "Expenses" in *Note 12—Financial Highlights*.

The Account has loans receivable outstanding with related parties as of September 30, 2023. Two of the loans are with a joint venture partner and the other loans are with joint ventures in which the Account also has an equity interest. The loans are held at fair value in accordance with the valuation policies described in Note 1—Organization and Significant Accounting Policies of the Account's 2022 Form 10-K. References to "SOFR" in the table below and elsewhere in these Notes mean the Secured Overnight Financing Rate, a benchmark interest rate based on the U.S. Treasury bond repurchase market that has largely replaced the discontinued LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate) for U.S. dollar-denominated instruments. The following table presents the key terms of the loans as of the reporting date (in millions):

					Fair V	alue at
cipal				Maturity	September 30.	December 31,
2022	Related Party	Interest	Interest Rate	Date	2023	2022
36.5	MRA Hub 34 Holding, LLC	95.00%	2.61% + SOFR	8/26/2024	\$ 36.5	\$ 36.5
0.5	MRA 34 LLC	<u> % </u>	3.86% + SOFR	8/26/2024	0.5	0.5
32.8	THP Student Housing, LLC	97.00%	3.20%	9/1/2024	32.8	32.9
_	MR MCC 3 Sponsor, LLC	<u> % </u>	6.00%	12/1/2025	4.0	_
_	THP Student Housing, LLC	97.00%	6.10%	6/30/2026	27.3	
	TOTAL LOANS	RECEIVABLE	E WITH RELATE	D PARTIES	101.1	69.9
	36.5 0.5 32.8	2022 Related Party 36.5 MRA Hub 34 Holding, LLC 0.5 MRA 34 LLC 32.8 THP Student Housing, LLC MR MCC 3 Sponsor, LLC THP Student Housing, LLC	2022 Related Party 36.5 MRA Hub 34 Holding, LLC 95.00% 0.5 MRA 34 LLC -% 32.8 THP Student Housing, LLC MR MCC 3 Sponsor, LLC THP Student Housing, LLC 97.00%	Ownership Interest Interest Rate 36.5 MRA Hub 34 Holding, LLC 95.00% 2.61% + SOFR 0.5 MRA 34 LLC -% 3.86% + SOFR 32.8 THP Student Housing, LLC 97.00% 3.20% - MR MCC 3 Sponsor, LLC -% 6.00% - THP Student Housing, LLC 97.00% 6.10%	Cipal Ownership Interest Interest Rate Maturity Date 36.5 MRA Hub 34 Holding, LLC 95.00% 2.61% + SOFR 8/26/2024 0.5 MRA 34 LLC —% 3.86% + SOFR 8/26/2024 32.8 THP Student Housing, LLC 97.00% 3.20% 9/1/2024 — MR MCC 3 Sponsor, LLC —% 6.00% 12/1/2025	Equity 2022 Related Party Equity Ownership Interest Interest Rate Maturity Date September 30, 2023 36.5 MRA Hub 34 Holding, LLC 95.00% 2.61% + SOFR 8/26/2024 \$ 36.5 0.5 MRA 34 LLC -% 3.86% + SOFR 8/26/2024 0.5 32.8 THP Student Housing, LLC 97.00% 3.20% 9/1/2024 32.8 - MR MCC 3 Sponsor, LLC -% 6.00% 12/1/2025 4.0 - THP Student Housing, LLC 97.00% 6.10% 6/30/2026 27.3

Note 3—Concentrations of Risk

Concentrations of risk may arise when a number of properties are located in a similar geographic region such that the economic conditions of that region could impact tenants' obligations to meet their contractual obligations or cause the values of individual properties to decline. Additionally, concentrations of risk may arise if any one tenant comprises a significant amount of the Account's rent, or if tenants are concentrated in a particular industry.

As of September 30, 2023, the Account had no significant concentrations of tenants as no single tenant had annual contract rent that made up more than 4% of the rental income of the Account. Moreover, the Account's tenants have no notable concentration present in any one industry.

The Account's wholly-owned real estate investments and investments in joint ventures are primarily located in the United States. The following table represents the diversification of the Account's portfolio by region and property type as of September 30, 2023:

Diversification by Fair Value ⁽¹⁾										
	West ⁽²⁾	South ⁽³⁾	East ⁽⁴⁾	Midwest ⁽⁵⁾	Foreign ⁽⁶⁾	Total				
Industrial	17.4 %	8.2 %	2.7 %	1.6 %	<u> </u>	29.9 %				
Apartments	8.1 %	10.9 %	7.1 %	1.0 %	— %	27.1 %				
Office	6.9 %	5.6 %	11.8 %	0.2 %	— %	24.5 %				
Retail	3.6 %	5.0 %	2.8 %	0.7 %	— %	12.1 %				
Other ⁽⁷⁾	1.9 %	2.3 %	1.7 %	0.4 %	0.1 %	6.4 %				
Total	37.9 %	32.0 %	26.1 %	3.9 %	0.1 %	100.0 %				

⁽¹⁾ Wholly-owned properties are represented at fair value and gross of any debt, while joint venture properties are represented at the net equity value.

⁽²⁾ Properties in the "West" region are located in: AK, AZ, CA, CO, HI, ID, MT, NM, NV, OR, UT, WA, WY.

⁽³⁾ Properties in the "South" region are located in: AL, AR, FL, GA, LA, MS, OK, TN, TX.

⁽⁴⁾ Properties in the "East" region are located in: CT, DC, DE, KY, MA, MD, ME, NC, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, SC, VA, VT, WV.

⁽⁵⁾ Properties in the "Midwest" region are located in: IA, IL, IN, KS, MI, MN, MO, ND, NE, OH, SD, WI.

⁽⁶⁾ Represents a developable land investment in Ireland.

⁽⁷⁾ Represents interests in Storage Portfolio investments, a hotel investment and land.

Note 4—Leases

The Account's wholly-owned real estate properties are leased to tenants under operating lease agreements which expire on various dates through 2051. Rental income is recognized in accordance with the billing terms of the lease agreements. The leases do not have material variable payments, material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. Certain leases have the option to extend or terminate at the tenant's discretion, with termination options resulting in additional fees due to the Account. Aggregate minimum annual rentals for wholly-owned real estate investments owned by the Account through the non-cancelable lease term, excluding short-term residential leases, as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are as follows (in millions):

		As of
Years Ended	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
2023	\$ 173.5	(1) \$ 689.0
2024	677.2	634.5
2025	612.0	556.9
2026	523.6	460.0
2027	427.1	362.0
Thereafter	1,405.8	1,276.1
Total	\$ 3,819.2	\$ 3,978.5

⁽¹⁾ Representative of minimum rents owed for the remaining months of the calendar year ending December 31, 2023.

Certain leases provide for additional rental amounts based upon the recovery of actual operating expenses in excess of specified base amounts, sales volume or contractual increases as defined in the lease agreement. These contractual contingent rentals are not included in the table above.

The Account has ground leases for which the Account is the lessee. The leases do not contain material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. The fair value of right-of-use assets and leases liabilities related to ground leases are reflected on the balance sheet within other assets and other liabilities, respectively.

The fair values and key terms of the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities related to the Account's ground leases are as follows (in millions):

		As of				
	Septemb	er 30, 2023	Decer	nber 31, 2022		
Assets:						
Right-of-use assets, at fair value	\$	39.9	\$	43.3		
Liabilities:						
Ground lease liabilities, at fair value	\$	39.9	\$	43.3		
Key Terms:						
Weighted-average remaining lease term (years)		64.4		69.9		
Weighted-average discount rate ⁽¹⁾		8.17 %		7.51 %		

⁽¹⁾ Discount rates are reflective of the rates utilized during the most recent appraisal of the associated real estate investments.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, operating lease costs related to ground leases were \$1.8 million and \$1.7 million, respectively. These costs include variable lease costs, which are immaterial. Aggregate future minimum annual payments for ground leases held by the Account are as follows (in millions):

		As o	s of			
	Septemb	er 30, 2023	December 31, 2022			
Years Ended	•	_				
2023	\$	0.6 (1)	\$ 2.4			
2024		2.5	2.4			
2025		2.6	2.5			
2026		2.6	2.5			
2027		2.6	2.5			
Thereafter		448.7	424.3			
Total	\$	459.6	\$ 436.6			

⁽¹⁾ Representative of minimum rents owed for the remaining months of the calendar year ending December 31, 2023.

Note 5—Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Valuation Hierarchy: The Account's fair value measurements are grouped into three levels, as defined by the FASB. The levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1 fair value inputs are quoted prices for identical items in active, liquid and visible markets such as stock exchanges.
- Level 2 fair value inputs are observable information for similar items in active or inactive markets, and appropriately consider counterparty creditworthiness in the valuations.
- Level 3 fair value inputs reflect our best estimate of inputs and assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability at the measurement date. The inputs are unobservable in the market and significant to the valuation estimate.

An asset or liability's categorization within the valuation hierarchy described above is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Real estate fund investments are excluded from the valuation hierarchy, as these investments are fair valued using their net asset value as a practical expedient since market quotations or values from independent pricing services are not readily available. See *Note 1—Organization and Significant Accounting Policies* of the Account's 2022 Form 10-K for further discussion regarding the use of a practical expedient for the valuation of real estate funds.

The following tables show the major categories of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1); significant other observable inputs (Level 2); and significant unobservable inputs (Level 3); and fair value using the practical expedient (millions):

Description	Level 1: Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Asset		Level 2: Significant Other Observable Inputs		Level 3: Significant Jnobservable Inputs	Fair Value Using Practical Expedient		Septem	Total at eptember 30, 2023	
Real estate properties	\$	- \$	_	\$	18,802.3	\$ -	- 7	\$ 18	3,802.3	
Real estate joint ventures	_	-	_		6,151.4	_	_	6	5,151.4	
Real estate funds		-	_		_	908.7	7		908.7	
Real estate operating business	_	-	_		650.1	_	_		650.1	
Marketable securities:										
U.S. government agency notes	_	-	189.1		_	_	_		189.1	
U.S. treasury securities	-	-	24.9		_	_	-		24.9	
Loans receivable ⁽¹⁾	_	-	_		1,305.7	_	-	1	,305.7	
Total Investments at September 30, 2023		- \$	214.0	\$	26,909.5	\$ 908.7	7	\$ 28	3,032.2	
Loans payable	\$	- \$	_	\$	(1,862.6)	\$ -	_ ;	\$ (1	,862.6)	
Line of credit	\$ —	- \$	_	\$	(510.0)	\$ -	- 7	\$	(510.0)	
Other unsecured debt	\$	- \$	(840.8)	\$	_	\$ -		\$	(840.8)	
	Level 1:		Level 2:							
Description	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets		Significant Other Observable Inputs	S	Level 3: ignificant observable Inputs	Fair Value Using Practical Expedient	D	Total Decembe 2022	er 31,	
Description Real estate properties	in Active Markets for		Other Observable Inputs	S	ignificant observable Inputs	Using Practical Expedient	\$	Decembe 2022	er 31,	
	in Active Markets for Identical Assets	<u> </u>	Other Observable Inputs	S Un	ignificant observable Inputs	Using Practical Expedient		2022 2022 20	er 31,	
Real estate properties	in Active Markets for Identical Assets	<u> </u>	Other Observable Inputs	S Un	ignificant observable Inputs 20,444.0	Using Practical Expedient		2022 2022 20	er 31, ,444.0	
Real estate properties Real estate joint ventures Real estate funds Real estate operating business	in Active Markets for Identical Assets	<u> </u>	Other Observable Inputs	S Un	ignificant observable Inputs 20,444.0	Using Practical Expedient —		2022 2022 20	er 31, ,444.0 ,103.6	
Real estate properties Real estate joint ventures Real estate funds	in Active Markets for Identical Assets	<u> </u>	Other Observable Inputs	S Un	ignificant observable Inputs 20,444.0 7,103.6	Using Practical Expedient —		2022 2022 20	er 31, ,444.0 ,103.6 893.4	
Real estate properties Real estate joint ventures Real estate funds Real estate operating business	in Active Markets for Identical Assets	<u> </u>	Other Observable Inputs	S Un	ignificant observable Inputs 20,444.0 7,103.6	Using Practical Expedient —		2022 2022 20	er 31, ,444.0 ,103.6 893.4	
Real estate properties Real estate joint ventures Real estate funds Real estate operating business Marketable securities: U.S. government agency	in Active Markets for Identical Assets	<u> </u>	Other Observable Inputs — — — — —	S Un	ignificant observable Inputs 20,444.0 7,103.6	Using Practical Expedient —		2022 2022 20	er 31, 2,444.0 ,103.6 893.4 641.9	
Real estate properties Real estate joint ventures Real estate funds Real estate operating business Marketable securities: U.S. government agency notes Foreign government agency	in Active Markets for Identical Assets	<u> </u>	Other Observable Inputs — — — — — 902.9	S Un	ignificant observable Inputs 20,444.0 7,103.6	Using Practical Expedient —		2022 2022 20	er 31, ,444.0 ,103.6 893.4 641.9	
Real estate properties Real estate joint ventures Real estate funds Real estate operating business Marketable securities: U.S. government agency notes Foreign government agency notes	in Active Markets for Identical Assets	<u> </u>	Other Observable Inputs — — — — 902.9 16.9	S Un	ignificant observable Inputs 20,444.0 7,103.6	Using Practical Expedient —		2022 2022 20	er 31, 2,444.0 ,103.6 893.4 641.9 902.9 16.9	
Real estate properties Real estate joint ventures Real estate funds Real estate operating business Marketable securities: U.S. government agency notes Foreign government agency notes U.S. treasury securities	in Active Markets for Identical Assets	<u> </u>	Other Observable Inputs — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	S Un	ignificant observable Inputs 20,444.0 7,103.6	Using Practical Expedient —		2022 20 7	er 31, ,444.0 ,103.6 893.4 641.9 902.9 16.9 574.0	
Real estate properties Real estate joint ventures Real estate funds Real estate operating business Marketable securities: U.S. government agency notes Foreign government agency notes U.S. treasury securities Corporate bonds	in Active Markets for Identical Assets \$	<u> </u>	Other Observable Inputs — — — 902.9 16.9 574.0 536.4 — —	S Un	ignificant observable Inputs 20,444.0 S 7,103.6 — 641.9 — — — — — — 1,488.6	Using Practical Expedient S — 893.4 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		2022 200 7	902.9 16.9 574.0 536.4	
Real estate properties Real estate joint ventures Real estate funds Real estate operating business Marketable securities: U.S. government agency notes Foreign government agency notes U.S. treasury securities Corporate bonds Loans receivable ⁽¹⁾ Total Investments at	in Active Markets for Identical Assets	\$	Other Observable Inputs — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	S Un \$	ignificant observable Inputs 20,444.0 S 7,103.6 — 641.9 — — — — — — 1,488.6	Using Practical Expedient 8 — 893.4 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	\$	2022 20 7	902.9 16.9 574.0 536.4 488.6	

⁽¹⁾ Includes loans receivable with related parties.

The following tables show the reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (in millions):

	eal Estate roperties			(teal Estate Operating Business	Loans Receivable ⁽³⁾		Total Level 3 Investments		Loans Payable	Line of Credit		Other secured Debt
For the three months ended September 30, 2023													
Beginning balance July 1, 2023	\$ 19,191.3	\$	6,341.5	\$	653.6	\$	1,365.5	\$	27,551.9	\$(1,847.3)	\$ —	\$	(500.0)
Total realized and unrealized (losses) gains included in changes in net assets	(464.7)		(278.1)		(3.5)		(62.3)		(808.6)	(16.3)	_		_
Purchases ⁽¹⁾	75.7		88.2		_		2.7		166.6	(213.5)	(574.0)		_
Sales	_		_		_		_		_	_	_		_
Settlements ⁽²⁾	_		(0.2)		_		(0.2)		(0.4)	214.5	64.0		500.0
Ending balance September 30, 2023	\$ 18,802.3	\$	6,151.4	\$	650.1	\$	1,305.7	\$	26,909.5			\$	_
	eal Estate roperties		eal Estate at Ventures	(teal Estate Operating Business	F	Loans Receivable ⁽³⁾	1	Total Level 3 Investments	Loans Payable	Line of Credit	Un	Other secured Debt
For the nine months ended September 30, 2023													
Beginning balance January 1, 2023	\$ 20,444.0	\$	7,103.6	\$	641.9	\$	1,488.6	\$	29,678.1	\$(2,069.7)	\$ —	\$	(500.0)
Total realized and unrealized (losses) included in changes in net assets	(1,897.5)		(1,006.3)		(8.2)		(221.6)		(3,133.6)	(39.0)			
Purchases ⁽¹⁾	255.8		179.6		16.4		50.3		502.1	(313.6)	(574.0)		
Sales	_		_		_		_		_	(515.0) —	(e / 1.0)		_
Settlements ⁽²⁾	_		(125.5)		_		(11.6)		(137.1)	559.7	64.0		500.0
Ending balance September 30, 2023	\$ 18,802.3	\$	6,151.4	\$	650.1	\$	1,305.7	\$	26,909.5	\$(1,862.6)	\$ (510.0)	\$	_
	eal Estate roperties		al Estate t Ventures	(eal Estate Operating Business	R	Loans Receivable ⁽³⁾	I	Total Level 3 Investments	Loans Payable	Line of Credit	Un	Other secured Debt
For the three months ended September 30, 2022													
Beginning balance July 1, 2022	\$ 21,288.6	\$	7,642.9	\$	628.0	\$	1,558.1	\$	31,117.6	\$(2,293.0)	\$ (500.0)	\$	_
Total realized and unrealized gains (losses) included in changes in net assets	99.1		39.2		13.3		(16.3)		135.3	12.1	_		_
Purchases ⁽¹⁾	188.8		97.4		0.8		26.4		313.4	(11.0)	_		(500.0)
Sales ⁽⁴⁾	(86.3)		_		_		_		(86.3)	_	_		_
Settlements ⁽²⁾	_		(420.2)		_		(19.7)		(439.9)	166.9	500.0		_
Ending balance September 30, 2022	\$ 21,490.2	\$	7,359.3	\$	642.1	\$	1,548.5	\$	31,040.1	\$(2,125.0)	<u> </u>	\$	(500.0)

	eal Estate Properties	eal Estate at Ventures	(eal Estate Operating Business	R	Loans eceivable ⁽³⁾	I	Total Level 3 nvestments	Loans Payable		ine of Credit	Un	Other secured Debt
For the nine months ended September 30, 2022													
Beginning balance January 1, 2022	\$ 18,903.9	\$ 7,175.9	\$	326.3	\$	1,492.6	\$	27,898.7	\$(2,380.5)	\$ ((500.0)	\$	
Total realized and unrealized gains (losses) included in changes in net assets	2,280.7	401.3		214.1		(98.5)		2,797.6	61.9		_		_
Purchases ⁽¹⁾	725.9	579.1		101.7		343.9		1,750.6	(20.1)		_		(500.0)
Sales ⁽⁴⁾	(420.3)	_		_		(161.4)		(581.7)	_		_		
Settlements ⁽²⁾	_	(797.0)		_		(28.1)		(825.1)	213.7		500.0		
Ending balance September 30, 2022	\$ 21,490.2	\$ 7,359.3	\$	642.1	\$	1,548.5	\$	31,040.1	\$(2,125.0)	\$	_	\$	(500.0)

⁽¹⁾ Includes purchases, contributions for joint ventures, capital expenditures, lending for loans receivable, assumption of loans payable and term loan borrowings.

The following table shows quantitative information about unobservable inputs related to the Level 3 fair value measurements as of September 30, 2023.

Туре	Asset Class	Valuation Technique(s)	Unobservable Inputs ⁽¹⁾	Range (Weighted Average)
Real Estate Properties and Joint Ventures	Office	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	6.3% - 9.5% (7.6%) 5.3% - 8.0% (6.3%)
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	4.5% - 9.1% (6.0%)
	Industrial	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	6.3% - 8.3% (7.1%) 4.8% - 7.0% (5.4%)
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	1.8% - 6.3% (4.8%)
	Apartment	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	6.0% - 7.3% (6.6%) 4.8% - 5.8% (5.3%)
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	4.0% - 5.5% (4.7%)
	Retail	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	6.3% - 11.5% (7.9%) 5.3% - 9.0% (6.4%)
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	5.0% - 8.5% (5.8%)
	Hotel	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	10.0% 8.3%
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	7.8%
Real Estate Operating Business		Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Growth Rate	10.7% 8.2%
		Market Approach	EBITDA Multiple	31.7x
Loans Payable	Office	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	35.8% - 87.3% (53.3%) 5.3% - 10.9% (6.8%)
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	35.8% - 87.3% (53.3%) 1.1 - 2.1 (1.2)
	Industrial	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	28.5% - 37.7% (32.2%) 6.0% - 6.1% (6.0%)
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	28.5% - 37.7% (32.2%) 1.1 - 1.1 (1.1)
	Apartment	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	28.0% - 70.1% (43.4%) 5.8% - 7.7% (6.7%)
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	28.0% - 70.1% (43.4%) 1.1 - 1.3 (1.1)
	Retail	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	49.0% - 79.1% (57.4%) 5.9% - 6.7% (6.4%)

⁽²⁾ Includes operating income for real estate joint ventures net of distributions, payments of loans receivable, and payments of loans payable and line of credit.

⁽³⁾ Includes loans receivable with related parties.

⁽⁴⁾ Real estate properties amount shown is inclusive of post closing realized losses.

Туре	Asset Class	Valuation Technique(s)	Unobservable Inputs ⁽¹⁾	Range (Weighted Average)
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	49.0% - 79.1% (57.4%) 1.2- 1.6 (1.3)
Loans Receivable, including those with related parties	Office	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	43.5% - 120.1% (75.3%) 6.5% - 52.7% (13.6%)
	Industrial	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	49.5% - 66.0% (57.8%) 5.5% - 8.5% (6.3%)
	Apartment	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	38.8% - 70.1% (62.9%) 6.5% - 8.8% (8.1%)
	Retail & Hospitality	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	12.1% - 64.5% (49.7%) 6.7% - 13.6% (13.4%)

The following table shows quantitative information about unobservable inputs related to the Level 3 fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022.

Type	Asset Class	Valuation Technique(s)	Unobservable Inputs ⁽¹⁾	Range (Weighted Average)			
Real Estate Properties and Joint Ventures	Office	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	6.0% - 9.0% (7.1%) 4.8% - 8.5% (5.8%)			
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	4.3% - 8.0% (5.4%)			
	Industrial	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	5.8% - 8.0% (6.6%) 4.3% - 7.0% (5.0%)			
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	1.8% - 6.0% (4.3%)			
	Apartment	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	5.5% - 7.0% (6.1%) 4.3% - 5.8% (4.7%)			
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	3.5% - 5.0% (4.1%)			
	Retail	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	6.0% - 11.5% (7.3%) 5.3% - 8.8% (6.0%)			
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	4.5% - 8.5% (5.4%)			
	Hotel	Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate Terminal Capitalization Rate	10.0% (10.0%) 8.0% (8.0%)			
		Income Approach—Direct Capitalization	Overall Capitalization Rate	7.5% (7.5%)			
Real Estate Operating Business		Income Approach—Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	9.8 %			
			Terminal Growth Rate	7.0 %			
		Market Approach	EBITDA Multiple	31.3x			
Loans Payable	Office	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	35.4% - 64.3% (48.7%) 3.7% - 7.0% (6.0%)			
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	35.4% - 64.3% (48.7%) 1.1 - 1.3 (1.2)			
	Industrial	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	27.8% - 37.0% (31.4%) 5.7% - 6.1% (5.9%)			
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	27.8% - 37.0% (31.4%) 1.1 - 1.1 (1.1)			
	Apartment	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	24.8% - 66.4% (39.0%) 5.6% - 6.4% (6.0%)			
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	24.8% - 66.4% (39.0%) 1.1 - 1.3 (1.1)			
	Retail	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	44.8% - 74.6% (47.2%) 5.5% - 6.3% (5.7%)			
		Net Present Value	Loan to Value Ratio Weighted Average Cost of Capital Risk Premium Multiple	44.8% - 74.6% (47.2%) 1.1 - 1.3 (1.2)			
Loans Receivable, including those with related parties	Office	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	40.0% - 105.0% (69.7%) 5.5% - 13.2% (8.7%)			
	Industrial	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	49.5% - 66.0% (57.8%) 5.3% - 9.8% (6.4%)			
	Apartment	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	36.4% - 76.1% (45.4%) 5.5% - 8.6% (7.0%)			
	Retail & Hospitality	Discounted Cash Flow	Loan to Value Ratio Equivalency Rate	54.9% - 104.5% (80.1%) 7.3% - 18.2% (10.2%)			

⁽¹⁾ Equivalency Rate is defined as the prevailing market interest rate used to discount the contractual loan payments.

Significant increases (decreases) in any of those inputs in isolation would result in significantly lower (higher) fair value measurements, respectively.

Line of Credit and Other Unsecured Debt: The Account's line of credit and term loans are recorded at par as Management believes par approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of the credit facility.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, there were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 or 3.

The amount of total net unrealized gains (losses) included in changes in net assets relating to Level 3 investments and loans payable using significant unobservable inputs still held as of the reporting date is as follows (millions):

	Real Estate Properties		Real Estate Joint Ventures		Real Estate Operating Business		Loans Receivable ⁽¹⁾		Total Level 3 Investments		Loans Payable
For the three months ended September 30, 2023	\$ (464.3)	\$	(291.5)	\$	(3.5)	\$	(62.3)	\$	(821.6)	\$	(16.3)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2023	\$ (1,897.1)	\$	(1,062.6)	\$	(8.2)	\$	(221.6)	\$	(3,189.5)	\$	(39.0)
For the three months ended September 30, 2022	\$ 88.0	\$	14.5	\$	13.3	\$	(16.3)	\$	99.5	\$	12.1
For the nine months ended September 30, 2022	\$ 2,256.4	\$	419.5	\$	214.1	\$	(98.5)	\$	2,791.5	\$	61.9

⁽¹⁾ Amount shown is reflective of loans receivable and loans receivable with related parties.

Note 6—Investments in Joint Ventures

The Account owns interests in several real estate properties through joint ventures and receives distributions and allocations of profits and losses from the joint ventures based on the Account's ownership interest in those investments. Several of these joint ventures have loans payable collateralized by the properties owned by the aforementioned joint ventures. At September 30, 2023, the Account held investments in joint ventures with ownership interest percentages that ranged from 2.0% to 98.5%. Certain joint ventures are subject to adjusted distribution percentages when earnings in the investment reach a predetermined threshold.

A condensed summary of the results of operations of the joint ventures are shown below (millions):

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,					For the Ni Ended Sep	ine months otember 30,		
	2023			2022		2023		2022	
Operating Revenue and Expenses									
Revenues	\$	309.0	\$	294.9	\$	924.7	\$	852.2	
Expenses		192.6		173.3		554.4		504.2	
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$	116.4	\$	121.6	\$	370.3	\$	348.0	

Note 7—Investments in Real Estate Funds

The Account has ownership interests in real estate funds (each a "Fund", and collectively the "Funds"). The Funds are set up as limited partnerships or entities similar to a limited partnership, and as such, meet the definition of a VIE as the limited partners collectively lack the power, through voting or similar rights, to direct the activities of the Fund that most significantly impact the Fund's economic performance. Management has determined that the Account is not the primary beneficiary for any of the Funds, as the Account lacks the power to direct the activities of each Fund that most significantly impact the respective Fund's economic performance, and the Account further lacks substantive kick-out rights to remove the entity with these powers. Refer to *Note 1—Organization and Significant Accounting Policies* of the Account's 2022 Form 10-K for a description of the methodology used to determine the primary beneficiary of a VIE.

No financial support (such as loans or financial guarantees) was provided to the Funds during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The Account is contractually obligated to make additional capital contributions in certain Funds in future years. These commitments are included in the maximum exposure to loss presented below.

The carrying amount and maximum exposure to loss relating to unconsolidated VIEs in which the Account holds a variable interest but is not the primary beneficiary were as follows at September 30, 2023 (in millions):

Fund Name	Carrying Exp		faximum aposure to Loss	Liquidity Provisions	Investment Strategy		
LCS SHIP Venture I, LLC	\$	232.9	\$	232.9	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.	-	
(90.0% Account Interest)					Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2025.	To invest in senior housing properties.	
					The Account is permitted to sell or transfer its interest in the fund, subject to consent and approval of the manager.		
Veritas - Trophy VI, LLC (90.4% Account Interest)	\$	68.4	\$	79.6	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation. The Account can sell or transfer its interest in the fund with the consent and approval of the manager.	To invest in multi-family properties primarily in the San Francisco Bay and Los Angeles metropolitan statistical area ("MSA").	
SP V - II, LLC (61.8% Account Interest)	\$	94.8	\$	103.5	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.		
(01.876 Account interest)					The Account is permitted to sell or transfer its interest in the fund, subject to consent and approval of the manager.	To invest in medical office properties in the U.S.	
Taconic New York City GP Fund, LP	\$	21.4	\$	21.4	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.		
(60.0% Account Interest)					Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2024.	To invest in real estate and real estate-related assets in the New York	
					The Account is permitted to sell its interest in the fund, subject to consent and approval of the general partner.	City MSA.	
Silverpeak NRE FundCo LLC (90.0% Account Interest)	\$	44.8	\$	70.9	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.		
(90.0% Account interest)					Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2028.	To invest in alternative real estate investments primarily in major U.S.	
					The Account is permitted to sell its interest in the fund to qualified institutional investors, subject to consent and approval of the manager.	metropolitan markets.	
IDR - Core Property Index Fund, LLC (1.1% Account Interest)	\$	39.5	\$	39.5	Redemptions are permitted for a full calendar quarter and upon at least 90 days prior written notice, subject to fund availability.	To invest primarily in open-ended funds that fall within the NFI-	
					The Account is permitted to sell its interest in the fund, subject to consent and approval of the manager.	ODCE Index and are actively managed.	
Townsend Group Value-Add Fund	\$	185.2	\$	259.9	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.		
(99.0% Account Interest)					Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2027.	To invest in value-add real estate investment	
					The Account is prohibited from transferring its interest in the fund without consent by the general partner, which can be withheld in their sole discretion	opportunities in the U.S. market.	
Flagler REA Healthcare Properties Partnership (90.0% Account Interest)	\$	20.6	\$	20.6	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation.		
					Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2025.	To acquire healthcare properties within the top	
					The Account is permitted to transfer its interest in the fund to a qualified institutional investor, subject to the right first offer by the partner, following the one year anniversary of the fund launch.	50 MSA's in the U.S.	

Fund Name	(Carrying Amount	 Aaximum xposure to Loss	Liquidity Provisions	Investment Strategy
Grubb Southeast Real Estate Fund VI, LL (66.7% Account Interest)	C \$	18.5	\$ 18.5	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation. Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2026. The Account is permitted to sell or transfer its interest in the fund with the consent and approval of the manager.	To acquire office investments across the Southeast.
Silverpeak NRE FundCo 2 LLC (90.0% Account Interest)	\$	59.3	\$ 81.9	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation. The Account is permitted to sell its interest in the fund to qualified institutional investors, subject to consent and approval of the manager.	To invest in value-add real estate investment opportunities in the top 25 major U.S. metropolitan markets.
JCR Capital - REA Preferred Equity Parallel Fund (31.1% Account Interest)	\$	78.3	\$ 105.0	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation. Liquidation estimated to begin no earlier than 2026. The Account is prohibited from transferring its interest in the fund without consent by the general partner, which can be withheld in their sole discretion	To invest primarily in multi-family properties.
Silverpeak NRE FundCo 3 LLC (90.0% Account Interest)	\$	45.0	\$ 96.5	Redemptions prohibited prior to liquidation. The Account is permitted to sell its interest in the fund to qualified institutional investors, subject to consent and approval of the manager.	To invest in value-add real estate investment opportunities in the top 25 major U.S. metropolitan markets.
Tot	tal \$	908.7	\$ 1,130.2		

Marimum

Note 8—Loans Receivable

The Account's loan receivable portfolio is primarily comprised of mezzanine loans secured by the borrower's direct and indirect interests in commercial real estate. Mezzanine loans are subordinate to first mortgages on the underlying real estate collateral. The following property types represent the underlying real estate collateral for the Account's loans (in millions):

		Sept	tember 30, 20	23	December 31, 2022						
	rincipal tstanding	I	Fair Value	% of Fair Value		Principal utstanding]	Fair Value	% of Fair Value		
Office ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,085.6	\$	744.6	57.0 %	\$	904.6	\$	788.4	52.9 %		
Apartments ⁽¹⁾	246.3		240.1	18.4 %		214.2		209.6	14.1 %		
Industrial	133.6		133.1	10.2 %		131.6		130.6	8.8 %		
Hotel	139.3		139.3	10.7 %		139.3		134.9	9.1 %		
Retail	45.8		44.6	3.4 %		226.1		225.1	15.1 %		
Land	4.0		4.0	0.3 %		_		_	— %		
	\$ 1,654.6	\$	1,305.7	100.0 %	\$	1,615.8	\$	1,488.6	100.0 %		

⁽¹⁾ Includes loans receivable with related parties.

The Account monitors the risk profile of the loan receivable portfolio with the assistance of a third-party rating service that models the loans and assigns risk ratings based on inputs such as loan-to-value ratios, yields, credit quality of the borrowers, property types of the collateral, geographic and local market dynamics, physical condition of the collateral, and the underlying structure of the loans. Ratings for loans are updated monthly. Assigned ratings can range from AAA to C, with an AAA designation representing debt with the lowest level of credit risk and C representing a greater risk of default or principal loss. Loans that are delinquent or in default are generally assigned a D rating unless the value of the collateral asset is estimated to be greater than, or equal to, the outstanding loan balance. Debt in good health is typically reflective of a risk rating in the B range (e.g., BBB, BB, or B), as these ratings reflect borrowers' having adequate financial resources to service their financial commitments, or the value of

the collateral asset is estimated to be greater than, or equal to, the outstanding loan balance, but also acknowledging that adverse economic conditions, should they occur, would likely impede on a borrowers' ability to pay.

The following table presents the fair values of the Account's loan portfolio based on the risk ratings as of September 30, 2023 (in millions), listed in order of the strength of the risk rating (from strongest to weakest):

	Se	eptember 30, 2023	}	December 31, 2022						
	Number of Loans	Fair Value	% of Fair Value	Number of Loans	Fair Value	% of Fair Value				
A+	_	_	— %	1	_	— %				
A	_	_	— %	2	130.6	8.8 %				
A-	1	101.1	7.7 %	1	_	— %				
BBB+	1	96.3	7.4 %	3	191.0	12.8 %				
BBB	1	104.5	8.0 %	2	137.4	9.2 %				
BBB-	1	1.8	0.1 %	1	47.5	3.2 %				
BB+	2	163.6	12.5 %	2	64.9	4.4 %				
BB	3	204.9	15.7 %	2	72.3	4.8 %				
BB-	_	_	— %	1	18.9	1.3 %				
B+	3	121.0	9.3 %	3	87.2	5.9 %				
В	_	_	— %	2	72.5	4.9 %				
B-	2	50.1	3.9 %	5	171.0	11.5 %				
CCC+	2	110.0	8.4 %	3	223.4	15.0 %				
CCC	1	18.1	1.4 %	_	_	— %				
CCC-	_	_	— %	2	60.9	4.1 %				
CC	3	134.3	10.3 %	1	66.0	4.4 %				
C	2	22.2	1.7 %	1	75.1	5.0 %				
D	7	76.7	5.9 %	_	_	— %				
NR ⁽¹⁾	5	101.1	7.7 %	3	69.9	4.7 %				
	34	\$ 1,305.7	100.0 %	35	\$ 1,488.6	100.0 %				

^{(1) &}quot;NR" designates loans not assigned an internal credit rating. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, all loans with NR designations were with related parties. The loans are collateralized by equity interests in real estate investments.

The following table represents loans receivable in nonaccrual status as of September 30, 2023 (in millions). Loans are placed in nonaccrual status when a loan is more than 90 days in arrears or at any point when management believes the full collection of principal is doubtful.

Aging	Number of Loans	Pı	rincipal Outstanding	 Fair Value	
Past Due - 90 Days +	6	\$	293.3	\$	58.3

Note 9—Loans Payable

At September 30, 2023, the Account had outstanding loans payable secured by the following assets (in millions):

		Amounts Out		
Property	Annual Interest Rate and Payment Frequency September 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	Maturity
1001 Pennsylvania Avenue ⁽¹⁾	3.70% paid monthly	\$ —	\$ 301.2	June 1, 2023
Biltmore at Midtown ⁽²⁾	3.94% paid monthly	_	36.4	July 5, 2023
Cherry Knoll ⁽²⁾	3.78% paid monthly	_	35.3	July 5, 2023
Lofts at SoDo ⁽²⁾	3.94% paid monthly	_	35.1	July 5, 2023
Pacific City ⁽²⁾	2.10% + SOFR paid monthly	_	105.0	October 1, 2023
San Diego Office Portfolio ⁽³⁾	1.61% + SOFR paid monthly	58.2	58.2	October 9, 2023

Property	Annual Interest Rate and Payment Frequency	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	Maturity
-				
The Stratum ⁽³⁾	2.36% + SOFR paid monthly	40.4	40.4	May 9, 2024
Spring House Innovation Park ⁽³⁾	1.36% + SOFR paid monthly	56.9	52.3	July 9, 2024
1401 H Street NW	3.65% paid monthly	115.0	115.0	November 5, 2024
The District on La Frontera ⁽¹⁾	3.84% paid monthly	36.3	37.0	December 1, 2024
The District on La Frontera ⁽¹⁾	4.96% paid monthly	4.1	4.2	December 1, 2024
Circa Green Lake	3.71% paid monthly	52.0	52.0	March 5, 2025
Union - South Lake Union	3.66% paid monthly	57.0	57.0	March 5, 2025
Holly Street Village	3.65% paid monthly	81.0	81.0	May 1, 2025
Henley at Kingstowne ⁽¹⁾	3.60% paid monthly	66.6	67.7	May 1, 2025
32 South State Street	4.48% paid monthly	24.0	24.0	June 6, 2025
Project Sonic ⁽³⁾	2.00% + SOFR paid monthly	93.5	_	June 9, 2025
Vista Station Office Portfolio ⁽¹⁾	4.00% paid monthly	18.1	18.6	July 1, 2025
780 Third Avenue	3.55% paid monthly	150.0	150.0	August 1, 2025
780 Third Avenue	3.55% paid monthly	20.0	20.0	August 1, 2025
Reserve at Chino Hills ⁽³⁾	1.61% + SOFR paid monthly	78.9	72.5	August 9, 2025
Vista Station Office Portfolio ⁽¹⁾	4.20% paid monthly	41.2	41.9	November 1, 2025
Sixth & Main	1.87% + LIBOR paid monthly	_	41.1	November 9, 2025
701 Brickell Avenue ⁽¹⁾	3.66% paid monthly	175.8	178.5	April 1, 2026
Marketplace at Mill Creek	3.82% paid monthly	39.6	39.6	September 11, 2027
Overlook At King Of Prussia	3.82% paid monthly	40.8	40.8	September 11, 2027
Winslow Bay	3.82% paid monthly	25.8	25.8	September 11, 2027
1900 K Street, NW ⁽¹⁾	3.93% paid monthly	159.2	161.1	April 1, 2028
99 High Street	3.90% paid monthly	277.0	277.0	March 1, 2030
Ashford Meadows ⁽⁴⁾	5.76% paid monthly	64.6	_	October 1, 2028
803 Corday ⁽⁴⁾	5.76% paid monthly	62.2	_	October 1, 2028
Churchill on the Park ⁽⁴⁾	5.76% paid monthly	40.5	_	October 1, 2028
Carrington Park ⁽⁴⁾	5.76% paid monthly	43.8	_	October 1, 2028
Total Principal Outstanding		\$ 1,922.5	\$ 2,168.7	
Fair Value Adjustment ⁽⁵⁾		(59.9)	(99.0)	

The mortgage is adjusted monthly for principal payments.

Total Loans Payable

1,862.6 \$

2,069.7

⁽²⁾ The principal amount of the outstanding debt was paid off during the quarter.

⁽³⁾ The loan is collateralized by a mezzanine loan receivable. The mezzanine loan receivable is collateralized by the property reflected within the table above.

⁽⁴⁾ These loans are part of a cross-collateralized credit facility.

⁽⁵⁾ The fair value adjustment consists of the difference (positive or negative) between the principal amount of the outstanding debt and the fair value of the outstanding debt.

Note 10—Credit Facility

On September 16, 2022, the Account entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with a syndicate of third-party bank lenders, including JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., comprised of revolving credit loans ("Line of Credit") up to \$945.0 million and up to \$500.0 million in term loans ("Term Loans"). On August 11, 2023, the Credit Agreement was amended to increase the revolving credit loans commitment to \$1.4 billion and convert the \$500.0 million in outstanding term loans into revolving credit loans. The term loans may not be redrawn and all references to Term Loans have been removed from the agreement. The Account may use the proceeds of borrowings under the Credit Agreement for general organizational purposes in the ordinary course of business, including to finance certain real estate portfolio investments. The Account may prepay borrowings under the Credit Facility at any time during the life of the loan without penalty.

The Account may elect for each borrowing under the Credit Agreement to bear annual interest at an adjusted base rate ("ABR") or adjusted SOFR plus an applicable margin which is dependent on the leverage ratio of the Account. The applicable margin for adjusted SOFR Revolving Credit Loans ranges from 0.875% to 1.30% and for ABR Revolving Credit Loans ranges from 0.00% to 0.30%. In addition, the Account pays facility fees ranging from 0.125% to 0.20%, depending on the leverage ratio of the Account, on the total revolving commitments (used and unused) under the Credit Agreement.

As of September 30, 2023, the Account was in compliance with all covenants required by the Credit Agreement.

The following table provides a summary of the key characteristics of the Credit Agreement, as of September 30, 2023:

Current Balance - Line of Credit (in millions)	\$	510.0
Maximum Capacity (in millions)	\$	1,445.0
Inception Date	Sep	otember 16, 2022
Revolving Commitment Termination	Sep	otember 16, 2024
Extension Option ⁽¹⁾		Yes
ABR Revolving Credit Loans Interest Rate	ABR + A	pplicable Margin
SOFR Revolving Credit Loans Interest Rate ⁽²⁾	Adjusted SOFR + A	pplicable Margin
Facility Fee (3)	0.125% -	0.20% quarterly

⁽¹⁾ The Account has three options to extend the Commitment Termination Date for an additional twelve months each. The Account may also request additional funding, not to exceed \$55.0 million, at any time prior to the Commitment Termination Date; however, this request is subject to approval at the sole discretion of the lenders and is not guaranteed.

Note 11—Senior Notes Payable

On June 10, 2022, the Account entered into a note purchase agreement with certain qualified institutional investors. Under the note purchase agreement, the Account issued \$500.0 million of debt securities, in the form of Series A senior notes (the "Series A Notes") and Series B senior notes (the "Series B Notes") that mature in 2029 and 2032, respectively. The Account is obligated to repay the Series A and B Notes at par, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of repayment. The Series A Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 3.24%, payable semi-annually, and the Series B Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 3.35%, payable semi-annually. The Account may also prepay the Series A and B Notes in whole or in part at any time, or from time to time, at the Account's option at par plus accrued interest to the prepayment date and, if prepaid on or before 90 days prior to the applicable maturity date, a make-whole premium.

On March 21, 2023, the Account entered into another note purchase agreement with certain qualified institutional investors. Under this note purchase agreement, the Account issued \$400.0 million of debt securities on May 30, 2023, in the form of Series C senior notes (the "Series C Notes") that will mature on May 30, 2027. The Series C

⁽²⁾ The weighted average interest rate for three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 was 6.255%.

⁽³⁾ The Account is charged a fee on the Line of Credit, whether used or unused, which is determined based on the Account's loan-to-value ratio.

Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 5.50%, payable semi-annually and are subject to the same prepayment terms as the Series A and B Notes.

As of September 30, 2023, the Account was in compliance with all covenants required by the note purchase agreements.

The following table provides a summary of the key characteristics of the outstanding senior notes payable, as of September 30, 2023:

	Principa	l (in millions)	Interest Rate	Maturity Date
Series A	\$	300.0	3.24%	June 10, 2029
Series B	\$	200.0	3.35%	June 10, 2032
Series C	\$	400.0	5.50%	May 30, 2027

Note 12—Financial Highlights

Selected condensed financial information for an Accumulation Unit of the Account is presented below. Per Accumulation Unit data is calculated on average units outstanding.

	For the Nine Months Ended			Years	rs Ended December 31,			
	Sep	September 30, 2023		2022		2021		2020
Per Accumulation Unit Data:								
Rental income	\$	20.249	\$	23.751	\$	22.672	\$	21.145
Real estate property level expenses and taxes		9.673		11.042		10.683		10.027
Real estate income, net		10.576		12.709		11.989		11.118
Other income		5.381		6.559		5.474		4.980
Total income		15.957		19.268		17.463		16.098
Expense charges ⁽¹⁾		4.671		5.121		4.035		3.603
Investment income, net		11.286		14.147		13.428		12.495
Net realized and unrealized (loss) gain on investments and debt		(62.492)		28.011		64.615		(16.195)
Net (decrease) increase in Accumulation Unit Value		(51.206)		42.158		78.043		(3.700)
Accumulation Unit Value:								
Beginning of period		556.923		514.765		436.722		440.422
End of period	\$	505.717	\$	556.923	\$	514.765	\$	436.722
Total return ⁽³⁾		(9.19)%		8.19 %		17.87 %		(0.84)%
Ratios to Average net assets ⁽²⁾ :								
Expense charges ⁽⁴⁾		0.92 %		0.89 %		0.84 %		0.81 %
Investment income, net		2.80 %		2.45 %		2.82 %		2.85 %
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽³⁾ :								
Real estate properties ⁽⁵⁾		1.0 %		5.6 %		7.6 %		7.1 %
Marketable securities ⁽⁶⁾		11.9 %		4.7 %		— %		113.4 %
Accumulation Units outstanding at end of period (millions)		48.2		52.1		53.4		52.0
Net assets end of period (millions)	\$	24,934.1	\$	29,658.1	\$	28,072.0	\$	23,243.9

Expense charges per Accumulation Unit reflect the year-to-date Account level expenses and exclude real estate property level expenses which are included in real estate income, net.

⁽²⁾ Percentages for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 are annualized.

Note 13—Accumulation Units

Changes in the number of Accumulation Units outstanding were as follows (in millions):

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023	For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
Outstanding:		
Beginning of period	52.1	53.4
Credited for premiums	2.9	5.4
Credited for purchase of liquidity units by TIAA	0.4	_
Annuity, other periodic payments, withdrawals and death benefits	(7.2)	(6.7)
End of period	48.2	52.1

Note 14—Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments—As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Account had the following immediately callable commitments to purchase additional interests in its real estate funds or provide additional funding through its loans receivable investments (in millions):

	Commitment Expiration	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Real Estate Funds ⁽¹⁾			
Veritas Trophy VI, LLC	$08/2023^{(3)}$	11.2	15.4
Taconic New York City GP Fund, LP	11/2023	_	4.2
Silverpeak NRE FundCo 3 LLC	12/2023	51.5	70.0
JCR Capital - REA Preferred Equity Parallel Fund	02/2024	26.7	48.6
Flagler - REA Healthcare Properties Partnership	02/2025	_	1.2
Townsend Group Value-Add Fund	12/2026	74.7	84.7
Silverpeak NRE FundCo LLC	12/2028	26.1	26.2
SP V - II, LLC	09/2029	8.7	10.0
Silverpeak NRE FundCo 2 LLC	12/2029	22.6	29.6
		\$ 221.5	\$ 289.9
Loans Receivable (2)			
311 South Wacker Mezzanine	03/2023	_	2.2
SCG Oakland Portfolio Mezzanine	04/2023	_	5.4
Five Oak Mezzanine	05/2023	_	1.5
Liberty Park Mezzanine	11/2023	2.6	2.6
Colony New England Hotel Portfolio Senior Loan	11/2023	3.6	3.6
Colony New England Hotel Portfolio Mezzanine	11/2023	1.2	1.2
Exo Apartments Mezzanine	01/2024	3.9	2.4
The Stratum Senior Loan	05/2024	_	1.3
The Stratum Mezzanine	05/2024	_	0.4
Spring House Innovation Park Senior Loan	07/2024	17.8	23.4

⁽³⁾ Percentages for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 are not annualized.

Ratio of expenses to average net assets reflects the year-to-date Account level expense charges, which excludes interest expense on Account-level debt and also excludes property level expenses, which are included in real estate income, net.

⁽⁵⁾ Real estate investment portfolio turnover rate is calculated by dividing the lesser of purchases or sales of real estate property investments (including contributions to, or return of capital distributions received from, existing real estate joint ventures and fund investments) by the average value of the portfolio of real estate investments held during the period.

⁽⁶⁾ Marketable securities portfolio turnover rate is calculated by dividing the lesser of purchases or sales of securities, excluding securities having maturity dates at acquisition of one year or less, by the average value of the portfolio securities held during the period.

	Commitment Expiration	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Spring House Innovation Park Mezzanine	07/2024	5.9	7.8
MRA Hub 34 Holding, LLC	08/2024	1.4	1.5
Project Sonic Senior Loan	06/2025	2.4	3.9
Project Sonic Mezzanine	06/2025	0.8	1.3
One Biscayne Tower Senior Loan	07/2025	31.8	31.8
One Biscayne Tower Mezzanine	07/2025	10.6	10.6
The Reserve at Chino Hills	08/2025	6.1	12.7
735 Watkins Mill	08/2025	5.3	9.2
Sixth and Main Senior Loan	11/2025	_	6.2
Sixth and Main Mezzanine	11/2025		3.4
		\$ 93.4	\$ 132.4
TOTAL COMMITMENTS		\$ 314.9	\$ 422.3

⁽¹⁾ Additional capital can be called during the commitment period at any time. The commitment period can only be extended by the manager with the consent of the Account. The commitment expiration date is reflective of the most recent signed agreement between the Account and the fund manager, including any side letter agreements.

Contingencies—In the normal course of business, the Account may be named, from time to time, as a defendant or may be involved in various legal actions, including arbitration, class actions and other litigation.

The Account establishes an accrual for all litigation and regulatory matters when it believes it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Once established, accruals are adjusted, as appropriate, in light of additional information. The amount of loss ultimately incurred in relation to those matters may be higher or lower than the amounts accrued for those matters.

As of the date of this report, management of the Account does not believe that the results of any such claims or litigation, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material effect on the Account's business, financial position or results of operations.

Note 15—Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, Management has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure subsequent to September 30, 2023, through November 3, 2023, the date the financial statements were issued and determined there were no material events or transactions to disclose.

Advances from the Account can be requested during the commitment period at any time. The commitment expiration date is reflective of the most recent signed agreement between the Account and the borrower, including any side letter agreements. Certain loans contain extension clauses on the term of the loan that do not require the Account's prior consent. If elected, the Account's commitment may be extended through the extension term.

The commitment period is currently is being evaluated for extension by Management.

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

		September 30, 2023				December 31, 2022		
Location/Sector	Fs	Fair Value		Fair Value		% of Net Assets		
Alabama								
Retail		48.9	0.2 %		55.3	0.2 %		
Roun	\$	48.9	0.2 %	\$	55.3	0.2 %		
Arizona	Ψ	10.5	0.2 /0	Ψ	33.0	0.2 /0		
Industrial		47.8	0.2 %		48.3	0.2 %		
Land		9.0	— %		4.3	— %		
Lund	<u>\$</u>	56.8	0.2 %	\$	52.6	0.2 %		
California	Ψ	30.0	0.2 /0	Ψ	32.0	0.2 /0		
Industrial		3,696.4	14.8 %		3,924.6	13.2 %		
Apartment		1,442.9	5.8 %		1,567.0	5.3 %		
Office		464.5	1.9 %		574.2	1.9 %		
Retail		432.7	1.7 %		441.0	1.5 %		
Roun	\$	6,036.5	24.2 %	\$	6,506.8	21.9 %		
Colorado	Ψ	0,050.5	24.2 /0	Ψ	0,500.0	21.7 /0		
Office		67.9	0.3 %		102.0	0.3 %		
Industrial		45.9	0.2 %		49.0	0.2 %		
maustrar	\$	113.8	0.5 %	\$	151.0	0.5 %		
Connecticut	4	113.0	0.5 /0	Ψ	131.0	0.5 70		
Office		29.4	0.1 %		35.4	0.1 %		
Office	\$	29.4	0.1 %	\$	35.4	0.1 %		
Florida	Ψ	27.4	0.1 /0	Ψ	55.4	0.1 /0		
Apartment		1,184.8	4.7 %		1,304.4	4.4 %		
Industrial		714.4	2.9 %		714.0	2.4 %		
Office		493.0	2.0 %		503.0	1.7 %		
Retail		150.7	0.6 %		157.6	0.5 %		
Roun	\$	2,542.9	10.2 %	\$	2,679.0	9.0 %		
Georgia	Ψ	2,3 12.7	10.2 /0	Ψ	2,077.0	7.0 70		
Apartment		402.2	1.6 %		456.7	1.5 %		
Retail		248.9	1.0 %		253.7	0.9 %		
Industrial		237.1	0.9 %		258.3	0.9 %		
mastra	\$	888.2	3.5 %	\$	968.7	3.3 %		
Illinois	Ψ	000.2	0.3 70	Ψ	700.7	0.0 70		
Retail		172.0	0.7 %		189.3	0.6 %		
Industrial		159.8	0.6 %		182.1	0.6 %		
Apartment		124.1	0.5 %		129.4	0.5 %		
Land		47.0	0.2 %		5.7	— %		
Land	<u> </u>	502.9	2.0 %	\$	506.5	1.7 %		
Indiana	Ψ	302.7	2.0 /0	Ψ	300.3	1.7 /0		
Industrial		101.0	0.4 %		108.0	0.4 %		
maaana	<u> </u>	101.0	0.4 %	\$	108.0	0.4 %		
Maryland	Ψ	101.0	0.7 /0	Ψ	100.0	U.T /0		
Apartment		80.0	0.3 %		86.5	0.3 %		
Apartment		00.0	0.5 70		00.3	0.5 %		

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

	September 30, 2023				December 31, 2022		
Location/Sector	Fair Value		% of Net Assets	Fair Value		% of Net Assets	
Industrial		75.8	0.3 %		68.4	0.2 %	
Retail		70.7	0.3 %		74.4	0.3 %	
	\$	226.5	0.9 %	\$	229.3	0.8 %	
Massachusetts							
Office		563.7	2.3 %		687.3	2.3 %	
Industrial		150.1	0.6 %		169.5	0.6 %	
Retail		119.0	0.5 %		123.0	0.4 %	
Apartment		53.3	0.2 %		57.7	0.2 %	
•	\$	886.1	3.6 %	\$	1,037.5	3.5 %	
Minnesota					,		
Industrial		139.1	0.6 %		149.1	0.5 %	
Apartment		84.4	0.3 %		100.8	0.3 %	
•	\$	223.5	0.9 %	\$	249.9	0.8 %	
New Jersey							
Industrial		369.8	1.5 %		388.7	1.3 %	
Retail		86.5	0.3 %		90.5	0.3 %	
	\$	456.3	1.8 %	\$	479.2	1.6 %	
New York							
Office		605.8	2.4 %		787.0	2.7 %	
Apartment		265.2	1.1 %		266.8	0.9 %	
•	\$	871.0	3.5 %	\$	1,053.8	3.6 %	
North Carolina					,		
Retail		91.8	0.4 %		90.3	0.3 %	
Apartment		76.6	0.3 %		86.4	0.3 %	
•	\$	168.4	0.7 %	\$	176.7	0.6 %	
Oregon							
Apartment		35.2	0.1 %		41.3	0.1 %	
	\$	35.2	0.1 %	\$	41.3	0.1 %	
Pennsylvania							
Retail		62.2	0.3 %		68.1	0.2 %	
	\$	62.2	0.3 %	\$	68.1	0.2 %	
South Carolina							
Apartment		74.2	0.3 %		89.5	0.3 %	
Retail		48.0	0.2 %		46.9	0.2 %	
	\$	122.2	0.5 %	\$	136.4	0.5 %	
Tennessee	<u> </u>						
Retail		143.6	0.6 %		149.5	0.5 %	
Industrial		71.6	0.3 %		73.9	0.3 %	
Apartment		36.8	0.1 %		38.6	0.1 %	
	\$	252.0	1.0 %	\$	262.0	0.9 %	
Texas							
Industrial		969.7	3.9 %		936.5	3.2 %	
Apartment		655.4	2.6 %		706.9	2.4 %	
Office		505.1	2.0 %		591.8	2.0 %	
			, •		2 2 2 . 0	, 0	

REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES

	September 30, 2023				December 31, 2022		
Location/Sector	Fair Value		% of Net Assets	Fair Value		% of Net Assets	
Hotel		89.4	0.4 %		87.6	0.3 %	
	\$	2,219.6	8.9 %	\$	2,322.8	7.8 %	
Utah							
Office		92.4	0.4 %		119.5	0.4 %	
	\$	92.4	0.4 %	\$	119.5	0.4 %	
Virginia							
Apartment		392.5	1.6 %		414.0	1.4 %	
Retail		136.2	0.5 %		152.7	0.5 %	
Office		88.1	0.4 %		114.1	0.4 %	
	\$	616.8	2.5 %	\$	680.8	2.3 %	
Washington							
Industrial		559.0	2.2 %		595.2	2.0 %	
Apartment		289.8	1.2 %		327.1	1.1 %	
	\$	848.8	3.4 %	\$	922.3	3.1 %	
Washington D.C.							
Office		1,081.1	4.3 %		1,248.0	4.2 %	
Apartment		319.8	1.3 %		353.1	1.2 %	
	\$	1,400.9	5.6 %	\$	1,601.1	5.4 %	
TOTAL REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES							
(Cost: \$14,578.6 and \$14,323.2)	\$	18,802.3	75.4 %	\$	20,444.0	68.9 %	

REAL ESTATE JOINT VENTURES

REFEE ESTRIE CONVI VENTORES					
		September 30		 December 31	
T 10 10			% of Net		% of Net
Location/Sector	F	air Value	Assets	Fair Value	Assets
Arizona					
Land		24.6	0.1 %	 17.3	0.1 %
	\$	24.6	0.1 %	\$ 17.3	0.1 %
California					
Office		893.2	3.6 %	1,082.2	3.6 %
Retail		41.4	0.2 %	50.6	0.2 %
Other ⁽³⁾		1.2	— %	_	— %
	\$	935.8	3.8 %	\$ 1,132.8	3.8 %
Florida					
Retail		479.4	1.9 %	624.8	2.1 %
	\$	479.4	1.9 %	\$ 624.8	2.1 %
Georgia					
Land		28.2	0.1 %	_	— %
	\$	28.2	0.1 %	\$ _	<u> </u>
Maryland					
Land		43.1	0.2 %	16.0	— %
Retail		16.4	0.1 %	17.1	0.1 %
	\$	59.5	0.3 %	\$ 33.1	0.1 %
Massachusetts					
Office		351.8	1.4 %	447.6	1.5 %
	\$	351.8	1.4 %	\$ 447.6	1.5 %
Nevada					
Retail		413.1	1.7 %	503.9	1.7 %
	\$	413.1	1.7 %	\$ 503.9	1.7 %

REAL ESTATE JOINT VENTURES

Location/Sector		September 30, 2023			December 31, 2022		
		Fair Value	% of Net Assets	Fair Value		% of Net Assets	
New York							
Office		76.4	0.3 %		139.7	0.5 %	
Industrial		69.9	0.3 %		78.5	0.2 %	
Apartment		50.2	0.2 %		51.7	0.2 %	
Retail		34.2	0.1 %		32.9	0.1 %	
	\$	230.7	0.9 %	\$	302.8	1.0 %	
North Carolina							
Apartments		95.0	0.4 %		<u> </u>	— %	
Retail		42.7	0.2 %		143.0	0.5 %	
Land		29.0	0.1 %		30.8	0.1 %	
Office		22.9	0.1 %		49.3	0.2 %	
	\$	189.6	0.8 %	\$	223.1	0.8 %	
South Carolina							
Apartment		61.6	0.2 %		60.0	0.2 %	
Land		19.4	0.1 %		8.7	— %	
	\$	81.0	0.3 %	\$	68.7	0.2 %	
Tennessee	<u> </u>			_			
Retail		185.3	0.7 %		225.0	0.8 %	
	\$	185.3	0.7 %	\$	225.0	0.8 %	
Texas	-			-		0,0	
Office		315.4	1.3 %		348.8	1.2 %	
Land		<u> </u>	— %		28.8	0.1 %	
Industrial		50.7	0.2 %		53.3	0.2 %	
Other ⁽³⁾		1.4	— %		_	— %	
	\$	367.5	1.5 %	\$	430.9	1.5 %	
Washington			110 /0		10 00	110 70	
Office		(0.2)	<u> </u>		135.9	0.5 %	
	\$	(0.2)	<u> </u>	\$	135.9	0.5 %	
Various ⁽¹⁾		(3.7)					
Storage		1,277.6	5.1 %		1,310.2	4.4 %	
Apartment		1,052.9	4.2 %		1,146.4	3.9 %	
Office		448.0	1.8 %		471.7	1.6 %	
	\$	2,778.5	11.1 %	\$	2,928.3	9.9 %	
Foreign ⁽²⁾		,			,		
Land		16.4	0.1 %		20.4	0.1 %	
Other ⁽³⁾		10.2	— %		9.0	— %	
Oulci	•			•			
MOTAL DELL BOTHER TONIC VENEZUES	\$	26.6	0.1 %	\$	29.4	0.1 %	
TOTAL REAL ESTATE JOINT VENTURES	0	(1 7 1	245.01	•	F 402 (240.07	
(Cost: \$5,751.9 and \$5,738.1)	\$	6,151.4	24.7 %	\$	7,103.6	24.0 %	

Properties within these investments are located throughout the United States.
 Property is located outside of the United States.
 The value represents the equity interest in the joint venture, which does not currently hold any properties.

MARKETABLE SECURITIES

MARKETABLE SECURITIES							
		September 30, 2023			December 31, 2022		
	F	air Value	% of Net Assets		Fair Value	% of Net Assets	
Corporate bonds			— %		536.4	1.8 %	
U.S. government agency notes		189.1	0.8 %		902.9	3.0 %	
Foreign government agency notes			— %		16.9	0.1 %	
U.S. treasury securities		24.9	0%.1		574.0	1.9 %	
TOTAL MARKETABLE SECURITIES							
(Cost: \$214.0 and \$2,077.1)	\$	214.0	0.9 %	\$	2,030.2	6.8 %	
TOTAL REAL ESTATE FUNDS							
(Cost: \$835.6 and \$787.7)	\$	908.7	3.6 %	\$	893.4	3.0 %	
TOTAL REAL ESTATE OPERATING BUSINESS							
(Cost: \$371.4 and \$355.0)	\$	650.1	2.6 %	\$	641.9	2.2 %	
TOTAL LOANS RECEIVABLE							
(Cost: \$1,553.0 and \$1,546.0)	\$	1,204.6	4.8 %	\$	1,418.7	4.8 %	
TOTAL LOANS RECEIVABLE WITH RELATED PARTIES							
(Cost: \$101.6 and \$69.9)	\$	101.1	0.4 %	\$	69.9	0.2 %	
TOTAL INVESTMENTS							
(Cost: \$23,406.1 and \$24,897.0)	\$	28,032.2	112.4 %	\$	32,601.7	109.9 %	

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of the Account's financial condition and results of operations should be read together with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes contained in this report, the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes contained in the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on March 9, 2023 (the "Form 10-K"), and with consideration to the sub-section entitled "Forward-Looking Statements," which begins below, the section entitled "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of the Account's 2022 Form 10-K and the section entitled "Item 1.A Risk Factors" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the Account's previous Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, as such risk factors may be updated in subsequent reports. The past performance of the Account is not indicative of future results.

Forward-looking Statements

Some statements in this Form 10-Q which are not historical facts may be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include statements about management's expectations, beliefs, intentions or strategies for the future, include the assumptions and beliefs underlying these forward-looking statements, and are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about the real estate industry, domestic and global economic conditions, including conditions in the credit and capital markets, employment rates, the sectors and markets in which the Account invests and operates, and the transactions described in this Form 10-Q. While management believes the assumptions underlying any of its forward-looking statements and information to be reasonable, such information may be subject to uncertainties and may involve certain risks which may be difficult to predict and are beyond management's control. These risks and uncertainties could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the risks associated with the following:

- Acquiring, owning and selling real property and real estate investments, including risks related to general
 economic and real estate market conditions, the risk that the Account's properties become too concentrated
 (whether by geography, sector or by tenant mix) and the risk that the sales price of a property might differ from
 its estimated or appraised value;
- Property valuations, including the fact that the Account's appraisals are generally obtained on a quarterly basis
 and there may be periods in between appraisals of a property during which the value attributed to the property
 for purposes of the Account's daily accumulation unit value may be more or less than the actual realizable value
 of the property;
- Financing the Account's properties, including the risk of default on loans secured by the Account's properties (which could lead to foreclosure);
- Contract owner transactions, in particular that (i) significant net contract owner transfers out of the Account may impair our ability to pursue or consummate new investment opportunities, (ii) significant net contract owner transfers into the Account may result, on a temporary basis, in our cash holdings and/or holdings in liquid non-real estate-related investments exceeding our long-term targeted holding levels and (iii) high levels of cash and liquid non-real estate-related investments in the Account during times of appreciating real estate values can impair the Account's overall return;
- Joint ventures and real estate funds, including the risk that the Account may have limited rights with respect to the joint venture or that a co-venturer or fund manager may have financial difficulties;
- Governmental regulatory matters such as zoning laws, rent control laws, and property and other taxes;
- Potential liability for damage to the environment or injury to individuals caused by hazardous substances used
 or found on its properties, as well as risks associated with federal and state environmental laws, that may
 impose restrictions on the manner in which a property may be used;
- Certain catastrophic losses that may be uninsurable, as well as risks related to climate-related changes and hazards, which could adversely impact the Account's investment returns;
- ESG criteria used to assess economic risk or financial opportunity projections in the evaluation of commercial real estate investments may not materialize in the way we have anticipated, resulting in the Account

- subsequently underperforming relative to other investment vehicles that did not utilize such ESG criteria in selecting and managing portfolio properties;
- Countries with emerging market, foreign commercial real properties, foreign real estate loans, foreign debt investments and foreign securities investments that may experience unique risks such as changes in currency exchange rates, imposition of market controls or currency exchange controls, seizure, expropriation or nationalization of assets, political, social or diplomatic events or unrest (for example, the wars in Ukraine and Gaza), regulatory and taxation risks and risks associated with enforcing judgments in foreign countries that could cause the Account to lose money;
- Investments in REITs, including changes in the value of the underlying properties or by the quality of any credit extended, as well as exposure to market risk due to changing conditions in the financial markets;
- Investments in mortgage-backed securities, which are subject to the same risks inherent in real estate investing, making mortgage loans and investing in debt securities. For example, the underlying mortgage loans may experience defaults, are subject to prepayment risks and are sensitive to economic conditions impacting the credit markets generally;
- Risks associated with the Account's investments in mortgage loans, including (i) borrower default that results in the Account being unable to recover its original investment, (ii) liens that may have priority over the Account's security interest, (iii) a deterioration in the financial condition of tenants, and (iv) changes in interest rates for the Account's variable-rate mortgage loans and other debt instruments;
- Risks associated with the Account's investments in, and leasing of, single-family real estate include risks relating to the condition of the properties, the credit quality and employment stability of the tenants, and compliance with applicable local laws regarding the acquisition and leasing of single family real estate (which may include manufactured housing);
- Investment securities issued by U.S. Government agencies and U.S. Government-sponsored entities, including the risk that the issuer may not have their securities backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, which could adversely affect the pricing and value of such securities;
- Risks associated with investments in liquid, fixed-income investments and real estate-related liquid assets (which could include, from time to time, registered or unregistered REIT securities and CMBS), and non-real estate-related liquid assets,
- Conflicts of interests associated with TIAA serving as investment manager of the Account and provider of the liquidity guarantee while also serving as an investment manager to other real estate accounts or funds;
- Lending securities, which has the Account bear the market risk with respect to the investment of collateral or a portion of the income generated by interest paid by the securities lending agent on the cash collateral balance;
- The Account's requirement to sell property in the event that TIAA owns too large of a percentage of the Account's accumulation units, which sales could occur at a time or price that is not optimal for the Account's returns; and
- The tax rules applicable to the contracts vary and your rights under a contract may be subject to the terms of your employer's retirement plan itself, regardless of the terms of the contract. We cannot provide detailed information on all tax aspects of owning the contracts. Tax rules may change without notice, and we cannot predict whether, when, or how tax rules could change or what, if any, tax legislation will actually be proposed or enacted.
- Continued liquidity risks within the Account's portfolio. Additional detail regarding the recent triggering of the Account's Liquidity Guarantee is included below in the sub-section entitled "Liquidity and Capital Resources."

More detailed discussions of certain of these risk factors are contained in the section of the Form 10-K entitled "Item 1A. Risk Factors" and "Part II, Item 1A, Risk Factors" in this Report and also in the section below entitled "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk." These risks could cause actual results to differ materially from historical experience or management's present expectations.

Caution should be taken not to place undue reliance on management's forward-looking statements, which represent management's views only as of the date that this report is filed. Neither management nor the Account undertake any obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, changed assumptions, future events or otherwise.

Commercial real estate market statistics discussed in this section are obtained by the Account from sources that management considers reliable, but some of the data are preliminary for the period ended September 30, 2023 and may be subsequently revised. Prior period data may have been adjusted to reflect updated calculations. Investors should not rely exclusively on the data presented below in forming a judgment regarding the current or prospective performance of the commercial real estate market generally.

ABOUT THE TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT

The Account was established, under the laws of New York, in February 1995 as a separate account of TIAA and interests in the Account were first offered to eligible contract owners on October 2, 1995. The Account offers individual and group accumulating annuity contracts (with contributions made on a pre-tax or after-tax basis), as well as individual lifetime and term-certain variable payout annuity contracts (including the payment of death benefits to beneficiaries). Investors are entitled to transfer funds to or from the Account under certain circumstances. Funds invested in the Account for each category of contract are expressed in terms of units, and unit values will fluctuate depending on the Account's performance.

Investment Objective and Strategy

The Real Estate Account seeks to generate favorable total returns primarily through the rental income and appreciation of a diversified portfolio of directly held, private real estate investments and real estate-related investments, while offering investors guaranteed, daily liquidity.

Real Estate-Related Investments. The Account intends to have between 75% and 85% of its net assets invested directly in real estate or real estate-related investments with the goal of producing favorable long-term returns primarily through rental income and appreciation. These investments may consist of:

- Direct ownership interests in domestic and foreign real estate;
- Direct ownership of real estate through interests in joint ventures; or
- Indirect interests in real estate through real estate-related securities, such as:
 - private real estate limited partnerships and limited liability companies (collectively, "real estate funds");
 - real estate operating businesses;
 - investments in equity or debt securities of domestic and foreign companies whose operations involve real estate (i.e., that primarily own, develop or manage real estate) which may not be real estate investment trusts ("REITs");
 - domestic or foreign loans, including conventional commercial mortgage loans, participating mortgage loans, secured domestic and foreign (including U.K.) mezzanine loans, subordinated loans and collateralized mortgage obligations, including commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS"), collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMOS") and other similar investments; and
 - public and/or privately placed, domestic and foreign, registered and unregistered equity investments in REITs, which investments may consist of registered or unregistered common or preferred stock interests.

The Account's principal strategy is to purchase direct ownership interests in income-producing real estate, including the four primary sectors of office, industrial, retail, and multi-family, and alternative real estate sectors (defined as real estate outside of the four primary sectors noted above). The Account targets holding between 65% and 85% of the Account's net assets in such direct ownership interests.

In addition, the Account is authorized to hold up to 25% of its net assets in liquid real estate-related securities, including publicly traded REITs and CMBS. Management intends that the Account will not hold more than 10% of net assets in such securities on a long-term basis. As of September 30, 2023, the Account did not hold any publicly traded REIT securities or CMBS.

In making commercial real estate investments within the Account, TIAA seeks to make investments that are suitable from a financial perspective, taking into account the potential financial impacts associated with industry recognized environmental, social and governance ("ESG") criteria. The Account intends to promote awareness of these criteria to its joint venture partners, vendors and other stakeholders in connection with portfolio related activity involving

commercial real estate transactions. TIAA believes awareness, and, as appropriate, implementation of ESG criteria in commercial real estate holdings is beneficial to total long-term returns for the Account. In its evaluation of commercial real estate opportunities, the Account will take ESG considerations into account as part of the financial assessment of a commercial real estate portfolio asset, and not to achieve a desired outcome or as an investment qualification or screen. Ultimately, the Account will make an investment decision that incorporates ESG criteria only to the extent that the criteria is reasonably expected to enhance our understanding of the investment's ability to achieve desired returns for the Account.

Liquid, Fixed-Income Investments. The Account will invest the remaining portion of its assets (targeted to be between 15% and 25% of its net assets) in the following types of liquid, fixed income investments;

- U.S. Treasury or U.S. Government agency securities;
- Intermediate-term or long-term government related instruments, such as bond or other fixed-income securities issued by U.S. Government agencies, U.S. states or municipalities or U.S. Government-sponsored entities as well as foreign governments and their agencies (including those in emerging markets) and supranational or multinational organizations (e.g., European Union);
- Intermediate-term or long-term non-government related instruments, such as corporate debt securities, domesticor foreign mezzanine or other debt, and structured securities, (e.g. unsecured debt obligations with a return linked to the performance of an underlying asset). Such structured securities may include asset-backed securities ("ABS") issued by domestic or foreign entities, mortgage backed securities ("MBS"), residential mortgage backed securities ("RMBS"), debt securities of foreign governments, and collateralized debt ("CDO"), collateralized bond ("CBO") and collateralized loan ("CLO") obligations, but only if such non-government related instruments are investment-grade securities;
- Money market instruments and other cash equivalents. These will usually be high-quality, short-term debt
 instruments, including U.S. Government or government agency securities, commercial paper, certificates of
 deposit, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, interest-bearing time deposits, and corporate debt
 securities; and
- To a limited extent, privately issued (or non-publicly traded) debt securities, including Rule 144A securities, issued by domestic and foreign companies that do not primarily own or manage real estate, but only if such domestic and foreign privately issued debt securities are investment-grade securities.

Liquid Securities Generally. Primarily due to management's need to manage fluctuations in cash flows, in particular during and following periods of significant contract owner net transfer activity into or out of the Account, the Account may, on a temporary basis (i) exceed the upper end of its targeted holdings (currently 35% of the Account's net assets) in liquid securities of all types, including both publicly traded non-real estate-related liquid investments and liquid real estate-related securities, such as REITs, and structured securities including ABS, RMBS, CMBS and MBS, or (ii) be below the low end of its targeted holdings in such liquid securities (currently 15% of the Account's net assets).

The portion of the Account's net assets invested in liquid investments of all types may exceed the upper end of its target, for example, if (i) the Account receives a large inflow of money in a short period of time, in particular due to significant contract owner transfer activity into the Account, (ii) the Account receives significant proceeds from sales or financings of direct real estate assets, (iii) there is a lack of attractive direct real estate investments available on the market, and/or (iv) the Account anticipates more near-term cash needs, including to acquire or improve direct real estate investments, pay expenses or repay indebtedness. Conversely, the portion of the Account's net assets invested in liquid investments of all types may exceed the lower end of its target, for example, during and immediately following periods of significant net contract owner outflows.

Foreign Investments. The Account may also make foreign real estate, foreign real estate-related investments and foreign liquid, fixed-income investments. Under the Account's investment guidelines, investments in direct foreign real estate and real estate loans, together with foreign real estate-related securities and foreign liquid, fixed-income investments may not comprise more than 25% of the Account's net assets. However, management does not intend such foreign investments, in the aggregate, to exceed 10% of the Account's net assets. As of September 30, 2023, the fair value of the Account's foreign real estate investments was \$26.6 million.

In managing any domestic or foreign mezzanine debt or other domestic or foreign loans or securities, the Account may enter into certain derivatives transactions (including forward currency contracts and swaps, futures contracts, put and call options and other hedging transactions) in order to hedge against the risks of exchange rate uncertainties, interest rate uncertainties and foreign currency or market fluctuations impacting the Account's domestic or foreign investments. The Account does not intend to speculate in such transactions.

THIRD QUARTER 2023 U.S. ECONOMIC AND COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE OVERVIEW

The Account invests primarily in high-quality, core real estate in order to meet its investment objective of obtaining favorable long-term returns through rental income and the appreciation of its real estate holdings.

Economic Overview and Outlook

	Actuals			Forecast		
Key Macro Economic Indicators*	2022	3Q 2023	2023	2024		
Economy ⁽¹⁾						
Gross Domestic Product ("GDP")	0.7%	2.5%	2.0%	1.2%		
Employment Growth (2)	399	266	186	40		
Unemployment Rate	3.5%	3.8%	3.9%	4.2%		
Interest Rates ⁽³⁾						
10 Year Treasury	3.9%	4.6%	4.2%	3.9%		

Sources: Bloomberg, BEA, Bureau of Labor Statistics ("BLS"), Federal Reserve and Moody's Analytics

- * Data subject to revision
- (1) GDP growth rates are annual rates. Quarterly unemployment rates are the reported value for the final month of the quarter while annual values represent a twelve-month average.
- ⁽²⁾ Values presented in thousands. Forecast values represent average monthly employment growth in the respective periods.
- (3) Treasury rates are an average over the stated period.

Global economic growth conditions remained challenged in the third quarter of 2023, as Western developed economies continue to contend with the impact of rising inflation, elevated interest rates and the war between Russia and Ukraine. Most major economies experienced a loss in economic momentum during the quarter, and leading indicators suggest an elevated risk of recession over the next several quarters.

The U.S. economy has proven to be resilient despite weakening global momentum. Economic growth improved to an estimated 3.1% annualized pace quarter-over-quarter in the third quarter of 2023, leading to year-over-year growth of 2.5%. U.S. job growth also improved in the third quarter, propelling healthy wage and income growth in the economy. As a result, consumer spending continued to perform well during the quarter, particularly in the service sector.

The combination of strong wage growth and gains in consumer spending has made it more difficult for the Federal Reserve to bring inflation down towards the Federal Reserve's target of around 2%. Core inflation remains on a general downward trend but has been more stubborn than previously expected, driven by elevated price increases in the service sectors. As a result, the Federal Reserve increased the target range for the federal funds rate in July to 5.25%-5.50% and signaled that interest rates may stay elevated well into 2024 to bring inflation down further.

Expectations that short-term rates will stay high for a longer period pushed long-term rates up during the third quarter. In addition, financial institutions continued to tighten lending standards during the third quarter, making credit increasingly difficult to obtain. The U.S. has been able to maintain a healthy pace of growth despite these headwinds in financial markets, but cracks are beginning to form in the economy. Manufacturing activity continued to contract during the quarter, and recent leading labor market indicators suggest hiring will slow going forward. As a result, the U.S. still faces an elevated risk of recession over the next several quarters.

Real Estate Market Conditions and Outlook

The combination of macroeconomic uncertainty and tighter lending standards has restrained commercial real estate deal activity in recent quarters. According to preliminary results from Real Capital Analytics, sales of commercial properties in the U.S. fell to \$84.0 billion in the third quarter of 2023, down 53.6% from the third quarter of 2022 and marking the slowest quarter of transaction volume in three years. The recent run-up in long-term interest rates is likely to introduce additional uncertainty into the pricing environment across property types, including target areas like industrial, alternatives, and pockets of retail which benefit from low vacancy rates and healthy net operating income growth.

The Account returned -2.47% in the third quarter of 2023 and -12.37% for the last twelve months. As a result of interest rate increases and decreased commercial property transactions, property values have been adjusted downward. The third quarter net return was negative for the fourth consecutive quarter and reflects the impact of these broader economic conditions on property valuations. While the Account has experienced valuation declines, property fundamentals remain strong and the properties within the Account are well positioned. The Account remains focused on transitioning the portfolio to adapt to changing macro-economic trends by increasing its exposure to sectors with stronger growth prospects and lower capital requirements. Over the last year, the Account has been less active from a transaction standpoint due to the ongoing market volatility and liquidity constraints, and the Account will closely monitor conditions for the most prudent timing for potential dispositions and acquisitions of commercial properties.

Data for the Account's top five markets in terms of market value as of September 30, 2023 are provided below. The five markets presented below represent 41.8% of the Account's total real estate portfolio. Across all markets, the Account's properties are 92.3% leased.

Top 5 Metro Areas by Fair Market Value ⁽¹⁾	Account % Leased Fair Value Weighted ⁽²⁾	Number of Property Investments	Metro Area Fair Value as a % of Total RE Portfolio ⁽³⁾	Metro Area Fair Value as a % of Total Investments
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	100.0%	7	10.2%	9.1%
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	82.5%	18	9.3%	8.3%
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA	84.8%	22	9.0%	8.0%
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL	96.9%	14	7.3%	6.5%
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	90.5%	11	6.0%	5.4%

⁽¹⁾ The table above has been standardized to depict metropolitan statistical area ("MSA") definitions.

Office

The office sector continues to face significant headwinds, both from structural shifts driven by work-from-home trends and cyclical challenges stemming from weakness in the office-using technology and finance sectors. Higher quality office buildings in prime locations have fared comparably better in recent quarters and have been able to gain market share as tenants seek out premium space. Companies continue to embrace hybrid schedules as the new normal, with tenants using this opportunity to reduce their office footprints. Recent economic uncertainty has shifted some leverage back to employers, who have responded by increasing calls for workers to return to office use. In addition, alternatives in the office sector like medical and life sciences offices face less of a challenge from work-from-home shifts, and benefit from favorable demographic tailwinds from an aging population which make them attractive investments over the long term.

Vacancy nationwide increased from 13.1% in the second quarter of 2023 to 13.3% in the third quarter, as reported by CoStar. Vacancy rates have remained high in large downtown markets, such as Dallas, Washington D.C. and New York, while suburban markets are experiencing some rent growth. The vacancy rate of the Account's office portfolio increased from 17.4% in the second quarter of 2023 to 18.8% in the third quarter due to lease expirations. The above-average vacancy rate in the New York metro area is driven by two properties currently undergoing

Weighted by fair value, which differs from the calculations provided for market comparisons to CoStar and RealPage data and are used here to reflect the fair value of the Account's monetary investments in those markets.

Wholly-owned properties are represented at fair value and gross of any debt, while joint venture properties are represented at the net equity value.

redevelopment to increase the long term value of the properties. The vacancy rate in the New York metro will remain elevated over the near term as legacy tenants fully vacate the properties and redevelopment efforts continue. The vacancy increase in the Boston and San Diego metro areas is due to expiring leases that were not renewed. The depth of large tenants is thin which is causing difficulty in re-leasing the space once leases expire. This has been a key driver for the elevated vacancy in the Account's top markets.

			Account Foot We Average	eighted	Mar Vacan	
Top 5 Office Metropolitan Areas ⁽¹⁾	otal Sector Metro Area (\$M)	% of Total Investments	Q3 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q2 2023
			18.8 %	17.4 %	13.3 %	13.1 %
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	\$ 1,169.2	4.2 %	19.7 %	19.7 %	16.3 %	16.0 %
Boston-Cambridge-Newton, MA-NH	915.5	3.3 %	21.5 %	19.5 %	11.0 %	10.4 %
New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ-PA	699.9	2.5 %	21.7 %	23.6 %	13.5 %	13.4 %
San Diego-Carlsbad, CA	638.5	2.3 %	6.4 %	6.2 %	11.1 %	10.9 %
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	505.1	1.8 %	25.7 %	26.8 %	17.8 %	17.6 %

⁽¹⁾ The table above has been standardized to depict MSA definitions.

Industrial

Vacancy rates continued to rise in most industrial markets, as demand for space has been restrained by cyclical headwinds from the macroeconomy and new supply deliveries continued at elevated levels in the third quarter. Vacancy rates are still below long-term averages in most key markets, however, and the sector still benefits from favorable long-term dynamics driven by e-commerce and supply chain diversification. The construction pipeline remains elevated relative to historical norms, but new industrial construction starts slowed near decade-lows in the third quarter. Supply pressures are expected to ease towards the end of 2024, just as some of the cyclical headwinds are expected to begin to subside. This should keep vacancies low and drive above-average rental growth in the sector in the future.

The national industrial availability was 5.1% in the third quarter of 2023, compared to 4.6% in the second quarter, as reported by CoStar. The average vacancy rate of the industrial properties held by the Account decreased from 1.7% in the second quarter of 2023 to 1.4% in the third quarter of 2023, due to new leases.

			Account Foot We Average	eighted	Mar Vacan	
Top 5 Industrial Metropolitan Areas ⁽¹⁾	otal Sector Metro Area (\$M)	% of Total Investments	Q3 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q2 2023
Account / Nation			1.4 %	1.7 %	5.1 %	4.6 %
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	\$ 2,431.4	8.7 %	— %	— %	4.7 %	3.6 %
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA	694.1	2.5 %	7.4 %	4.8 %	4.0 %	3.8 %
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	633.2	2.3 %	1.7 %	5.1 %	7.7 %	7.0 %
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA	559.0	2.0 %	— %	— %	5.7 %	5.3 %
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL	517.7	1.8 %	— %	— %	2.3 %	2.1 %

⁽¹⁾ The table above has been standardized to depict MSA definitions.

⁽²⁾ Source: CoStar. Market vacancy is the percentage of space available for rent. Account vacancy is the square foot-weighted percentage of unleased space. Market vacancy rates are subject to change.

⁽²⁾ Source: CoStar. Market vacancy is the percentage of space available for rent. Account vacancy is the square foot-weighted percentage of unleased space. Market vacancy rates are subject to change.

Multi-Family

The multi-family sector is experiencing a continued rebound in demand, as evidenced by three consecutive quarters of positive absorption. Demand continues to fall short of new supply, which is causing a further deceleration in rent growth and occupancy. In the near term, demand is unlikely to keep up with record new supply that is expected to peak in mid-2024. Supply growth is highest across Sunbelt markets, which continue to experience the strongest growth. As mortgage rates have climbed, many potential buyers are either being priced out of the market or waiting for a more affordable time to buy.

The national apartment vacancy rate remained relatively flat at 5.6%, increasing slightly from 5.3% in the second quarter of 2023. The vacancy rate of the Account's apartment properties decreased to 6.1% in the third quarter of 2023, as compared to 6.9% in the prior quarter, driven by increased occupancy across a majority of the Account's properties.

			Account Weigh Average	hted	Mar Vacar	ket acy ⁽²⁾
Top 5 Apartment Metropolitan Areas ⁽¹⁾	tal Sector Metro Area (\$M)	% of Total Investments	Q3 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q2 2023
Account / Nation			6.1 %	6.9 %	5.6 %	5.3 %
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	\$ 792.3	2.8 %	7.2 %	7.8 %	5.0 %	5.1 %
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA	787.9	2.8 %	6.2 %	6.9 %	4.5 %	4.5 %
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL	716.5	2.6 %	7.3 %	9.6 %	5.2 %	5.0 %
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA	402.2	1.4 %	7.3 %	11.7 %	7.6 %	7.2 %
New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ-PA	315.4	1.1 %	3.6 %	5.8 %	5.0 %	5.0 %

⁽¹⁾ The table above has been standardized to depict MSA definitions.

Retail

The retail sector has fared better than expected over the past several months but still faces some macroeconomic uncertainty, particularly if the economy slows in upcoming quarters and consumers continue to shift their spending habits towards services. Demand in neighborhood, community, and strip mall centers has held up well throughout the past few years and this subsector continued to experience near record-low vacancy in the third quarter. Supply growth has been limited over the past few years, and there are few new projects in the construction pipeline, so fundamentals in this area of retail are expected to remain strong. Tenants in necessity-based and grocery-anchored retail are likely to remain resilient should the U.S. fall into a recession in upcoming quarters, and well-located mixed used opportunities represent attractive investment targets over the medium to long term.

The national vacancy rate remained relatively flat in the third quarter of 2023. The Account's retail portfolio is composed primarily of high-end lifestyle shopping centers and regional malls in large metropolitan or tourist centers, which tend to have higher vacancy rates than the overall national retail market. The Account has over 1,100 retailers across its portfolio, with its largest retail exposure comprising less than 5.0% of total retail rentable area. The retail portfolio is managed to minimize significant exposure to any single retailer. The Account's retail vacancy remained flat at 10.2% in the third quarter of 2023.

Source: RealPage. Market vacancy is the percentage of units vacant. The Account's vacancy is the percentage of unleased units. Market vacancy rates are subject to change.

			Account Weigh Average	hted	Mar Vacai	
	Total Exposure (\$M)	% of Total Investments	Q3 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q2 2023
All Retail			10.2 %	10.2 %	4.1 %	4.2 %
Lifestyle & Mall	\$ 1,291.1	4.6 %	13.2 %	14.0 %	9.0 %	9.0 %
Neighborhood, Community & Strip	1,267.5	4.5 %	7.9 %	6.4 %	5.7 %	5.7 %
Power Center**	449.9	1.6 %	10.4 %	12.1 %	4.2 %	4.3 %

^{*}Source: CoStar. Market vacancy is defined as the percentage of space available for rent. The Account's vacancy is the square foot-weighted percentage of unleased space. Market vacancy rates are subject to change.

Hotel

Despite inflation and the rising costs of travel, the hotel industry had strong occupancy in the first half of 2023 due primarily to the continued improvement in business travel and other group travel. Growth continued through the summer months of 2023 as leisure travel increased, but it is expected to taper off through the end of the year.

The Account's exposure to the hospitality sector is limited to one hotel in the Dallas metro area. The hotel is located in a business park in the Dallas metro area and caters largely to business travelers. Key metrics to track hotel performance include occupancy, the average daily rate ("ADR") and revenue per available room ("RevPAR"). For the quarter ended September 30, 2023, occupancy of the property decreased to 60.0%, as compared to 62.7% in the previous quarter. ADR and RevPAR were \$128.15 and \$108.72, respectively, for the third quarter of 2023, as compared to \$142.18 and \$154.15, respectively, in the prior quarter.

INVESTMENTS

As of September 30, 2023, the Account held 89.0% of its total investments in real estate and real estate joint ventures. The Account also held investments in loans receivable, including those with related parties, representing 4.7% of total investments, real estate funds representing 3.2% of total investments, a real estate operating business representing 2.3% of total investments, and U.S. government agency notes representing 0.7% of total investments.

The outstanding principal on loans payable on the Account's wholly-owned real estate portfolio as of September 30, 2023 was \$1.6 billion. The Account's proportionate share of outstanding principal on loans payable within its joint venture investments was \$2.9 billion, which is netted against the underlying properties when determining the joint venture investment's fair value presented on the Consolidated Schedules of Investments. Total outstanding principal on the Account's portfolio as of September 30, 2023, inclusive of loans payable within the joint venture investments, \$328.0 million in loans collateralized by a loan receivable, \$510.0 million outstanding on the Account's line of credit and \$900.0 million in senior notes payable, was \$6.2 billion, which represented a loan-to-value ratio of 19.9%.

Management believes that the Account's real estate portfolio is diversified by location and property type. The Account does not intend to buy and sell its real estate investments simply to make short-term profits. Rather, the Account's general strategy in selling real estate investments is to dispose of those assets that management believes (i) have maximized in value, (ii) have underperformed or face deteriorating property-specific or market conditions, (iii) need significant capital infusions in the future, (iv) are appropriate to dispose of in order to remain consistent with the Account's intent to diversify the Account by property type and geographic location (including reallocating the Account's exposure to or away from certain property types in certain geographic locations), or (v) otherwise do not satisfy the investment objectives of the Account. Management, from time to time, will evaluate the need to manage liquidity in the Account as part of its analysis as to whether to undertake a particular asset sale. The Account may reinvest any sale proceeds that it does not need to pay operating expenses or to meet debt service or redemption requests (e.g., contract owner withdrawals or benefit payments).

^{**}The Power Center designation is reserved for properties with three or more anchor units. Anchor units are leased to large retailers such as department stores, home improvement stores, and warehouse clubs. Properties with the Neighborhood, Community and Strip designation consist of two or less anchor units.

The following table lists the Account's ten largest investments as of September 30, 2023. For information regarding the Account's diversification of real estate assets by region and property type, see *Note 3—Concentrations of Risk*.

	Ten Largest Real Estate Investments										
Property Investment Name	Ownership Percentage	City	State	Туре	Gross Real Estate Fair Value ⁽¹⁾	Debt Fair Value ⁽²⁾	Net Real Estate Fair Value ⁽³⁾	Property as a % of Total Real Estate Portfolio ⁽⁴⁾	Property as a % of Total Investments ⁽⁵⁾		
Ontario Industrial Portfolio	100%	Ontario	CA	Industrial	\$ 1,224.0	\$ —	\$ 1,224.0	4.4%	4.0%		
Simpson Housing Portfolio	80%	Various	USA	Apartment	1,077.0	378.0	699.0	3.9%	3.5%		
Fashion Show	50%	Las Vegas	NV	Retail	825.0	417.5	407.5	3.0%	2.7%		
The Florida Mall	50%	Orlando	FL	Retail	617.3	297.6	319.7	2.2%	2.0%		
Storage Portfolio II	90%	Various	USA	Storage	614.4	162.7	451.7	2.2%	2.0%		
1001 Pennsylvania Avenue	100%	Washington	DC	Office	612.6	_	612.6	2.2%	2.0%		
701 Brickell Avenue	100%	Miami	FL	Office	493.0	161.1	331.9	1.8%	1.6%		
Great West Industrial Portfolio	100%	Rancho Cucamonga	CA	Industrial	476.0	_	476.0	1.7%	1.5%		
Lincoln Centre	100%	Dallas	TX	Office	466.5	_	466.5	1.7%	1.5%		
Dallas Industrial Portfolio	100%	Dallas	TX	Industrial	428.1	_	428.1	1.5%	1.3%		

⁽¹⁾ The Account's share of the fair value of the property investment, gross of debt.

⁽²⁾ Debt fair values are presented at the Account's ownership interest.

⁽³⁾ The Account's share of the fair value of the property investment, net of debt.

⁽⁴⁾ Total real estate portfolio is the aggregate fair value of the Account's wholly-owned properties and the properties held within a joint venture, gross of debt.

⁽⁵⁾ Total investments are the aggregate fair value of all investments held by the Account, gross of debt. Total investments, as calculated within this table, will vary from total investments, as calculated in the Account's Schedule of Investments, as joint venture investments are presented in the Schedule of Investments at their net equity position in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principals ("GAAP").

Results of Operations

Three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to three months ended September 30, 2022

Net Investment Income

The following table shows the results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 and the dollar and percentage changes for those periods (dollars in millions).

	or the Thi Ended Sep		Cha	ange	
	2023	2022	\$	%	
Real estate income, net:					
Rental income	\$ 345.0	\$ 313.1	\$ 31.9	10.2 %	
Real estate property level expenses:					
Operating expenses	81.8	74.3	7.5	10.1 %	
Real estate taxes	55.6	52.2	3.4	6.5 %	
Interest expense	25.6	25.5	0.1	0.4 %	
Total real estate property level expenses	163.0	152.0	11.0	7.2 %	
Real estate income, net	182.0	161.1	20.9	13.0 %	
Income from real estate joint ventures	42.2	41.0	1.2	2.9 %	
Income from real estate funds	3.8	7.9	(4.1)	(51.9)%	
Interest	34.3	32.8	1.5	4.6 %	
Other income	_	3.0	(3.0)	N/M	
TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME	262.3	245.8	16.5	6.7 %	
Expenses:					
Investment management charges	21.2	20.7	0.5	2.4 %	
Administrative charges	22.1	9.4	12.7	N/M	
Distribution charges	2.4	5.3	(2.9)	(54.7)%	
Liquidity guarantee charges	17.8	22.2	(4.4)	(19.8)%	
Interest expense	19.0	13.2	5.8	43.9 %	
TOTAL EXPENSES	82.5	70.8	11.7	16.5 %	
INVESTMENT INCOME, NET	\$ 179.8	\$ 175.0	\$ 4.8	2.7 %	

The following table illustrates and compares rental income, operating expenses and real estate taxes for properties held by the Account for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022. The comparative increases or decreases associated with the acquisition and disposition of properties made in either period is compared to "same property" (dollars in millions).

		Rental	Income		Operating Expenses					Real Estate Taxes								
			Cha	inge						Cha	nge						Cha	nge
	2023	2022	\$	%	2	2023	2	2022		\$	%		2023	2	2022		\$	%
Same Property	\$ 333.9	\$ 299.2	\$ 34.7	11.6 %	\$	79.3	\$	69.7	\$	9.6	13.8 %	\$	54.3	\$	50.0	\$	4.3	8.6 %
Properties Acquired	1.9	_	1.9	N/M							N/M		0.2				0.2	N/M
Properties Sold	9.2	13.9	(4.7)	(33.8)%		2.5		4.6		(2.1)	(45.7)%		1.1		2.2		(1.1)	(50.0)%
Impact of Properties Acquired/Sold	11.1	13.9	(2.8)	(20.1)%		2.5		4.6		(2.1)	(45.7)%		1.3		2.2		(0.9)	(40.9)%
Total Property Portfolio	\$ 345.0	\$ 313.1	\$ 31.9	10.2 %	\$	81.8	\$	74.3	\$	7.5	10.1 %	\$	55.6	\$	52.2	\$	3.4	6.5 %

N/M—Not meaningful

Rental Income:

Rental income increased by \$31.9 million, or 10.2%, when compared to the third quarter of 2022, driven by increases across all sectors due to increased markets rents. The office sector also saw increases due to monthly parking fees, as more tenants/employees return to their office. The Account's hotel property experienced a slight increase in income due to more group caterings, outlet business, room rentals and short-term corporate bookings, when compared to the third quarter of 2022.

Operating Expenses:

Operating expenses increased \$7.5 million, or 10.1%, when compared to the third quarter of 2022 due to increased repair and maintenance expenses, insurance premiums, utility costs and payroll expenses across the Account's real estate holdings, driven by inflation. The largest increases were seen in the apartment, industrial and office sectors.

Real Estate Taxes:

Real estate taxes increased \$3.4 million, or 6.5%, when compared to the same quarter in 2022, due to higher taxes in the industrial sector.

Interest Expense:

Interest expense remained relatively flat when compared to the same quarter of 2022, increasing \$0.1 million, or 0.4%.

Income from Real Estate Joint Ventures:

Income from real estate joint ventures increased \$1.2 million, or 2.9%, when compared to the same quarter in 2022, as a result of higher distributed income from two large retail properties located in Orlando, FL and Knoxville, TN, as well as a portfolio of medical office buildings located in various states.

Income from Real Estate Funds:

Income from real estate funds decreased \$4.1 million, or 51.9%, when compared to the same quarter in 2022, primarily as a result of lower distributed income from two of the Account's real estate fund investments.

Interest Income:

Interest income increased \$1.5 million, or 4.6%, in comparison to the same quarter of 2022, due to a higher average outstanding principal balance on loans receivable.

Expenses:

Investment management, administrative and distribution costs charged to the Account are associated with managing the Account. Investment management charges are comprised primarily of fixed components, but fluctuate based on the size of the Account's portfolio of investments, whereas administrative and distribution charges are comprised of more variable components that generally correspond with movements in net assets. Both distribution services (pursuant to the Distribution Agreement) and administrative services are provided to the Account by Services and TIAA, respectively, on an at cost basis. These expenses increased \$10.3 million from the comparable quarter of 2022, primarily due to an increase in the administrative charge rate.

Mortality and expense risk and liquidity guarantee expenses are contractual charges to the Account from TIAA for TIAA's assumption of these risks and provision of the liquidity guarantee. The rate for these charges is established annually and are charged at a fixed rate based on the Account's net assets. There were no mortality and expense risk expenses charged by TIAA in the comparative periods. Liquidity guarantee expenses were \$4.4 million lower than the comparable period of 2022 as a result of lower average net assets.

Interest expense on the Account's other unsecured debt increased \$5.8 million when compared to the same quarter of 2022, due to a higher average outstanding principal balance on the Account's credit facility and senior notes payable.

Net Realized and Unrealized Gains and Losses on Investments and Debt

The following table shows the net realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments and debt for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 and the dollar and percentage changes for those periods (dollars in millions).

	\$ (0.4) \$ (35.0) \$ (145.4) 303.1 (0.5) 13.9			ge
	2023	2022	\$	%
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS AND DEBT				
Net realized (loss) gain on investments:				
Real estate properties	\$ (0.4)	\$ (35.0)	\$ 34.6	(98.9)%
Real estate joint ventures	(145.4)	303.1	(448.5)	N/M
Real estate funds	0.5	13.9	(13.4)	(96.4)%
Foreign currency exchange on forward contracts	0.2		0.2	N/M
Marketable securities		(1.4)	1.4	N/M
Total realized (loss) gain on investments:	(145.1)	280.6	(425.7)	N/M
Net change in unrealized (loss) gain on:				
Real estate properties	(464.3)	134.1	(598.4)	N/M
Real estate joint ventures	(132.7)	(263.9)	131.2	(49.7)%
Real estate funds	(3.8)	(0.6)	(3.2)	N/M
Real estate operating business	(3.5)	13.3	(16.8)	N/M
Foreign currency exchange on forward contracts		(0.2)	0.2	N/M
Marketable securities	(0.2)	(7.4)	7.2	(97.3)
Loans receivable	(62.3)	(16.3)	(46.0)	N/M
Loans payable	(16.3)	12.1	(28.4)	N/M
Other unsecured debt	13.6	35.7	(22.1)	(61.9)%
Net change in unrealized (loss) gain on investments and debt	(669.5)	(93.2)	(576.3)	N/M
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED (LOSS) GAIN ON INVESTMENTS AND DEBT	\$ (814.6)	\$ 187.4	\$(1,002.0)	N/M

N/M-Not meaningful

Real Estate Properties:

Wholly-owned real estate investments experienced unrealized losses of \$464.7 million during the third quarter of 2023, compared to \$99.1 million of net realized and unrealized gains during the comparable quarter of 2022. Unrealized losses in the third quarter of 2023 were driven by office properties in the Eastern regions, due to decreased market demand and current economic conditions.

Real Estate Joint Ventures:

Real estate joint ventures experienced net realized and unrealized losses of \$278.1 million during the third quarter of 2023, compared to \$39.2 million of net realized and unrealized gains during the third quarter of 2022. Current quarter unrealized losses were seen across the Account's joint venture investments portfolio, with the largest losses seen in the retail and office sectors, due to decreased market demand and current economic conditions.

Real Estate Funds:

Real estate funds experienced net realized and unrealized losses of \$3.3 million during the third quarter of 2023, compared to \$13.3 million of unrealized gains during the third quarter of 2022. Unrealized losses in the third quarter of 2023 were due to unfavorable valuations of three of the Account's real estate funds, driven by capitalization rates.

Real Estate Operating Business:

The Account's real estate operating business experienced unrealized losses of \$3.5 million during the third quarter of 2023, compared to \$13.3 million of unrealized gains in the third quarter of 2022, which saw share price growth related to a recapitalization of the business. Unrealized losses in the third quarter of 2023 were the result of unfavorable valuations, which is largely based on current market activity.

Foreign Currency Exchange on Forward Contracts:

The Account's foreign currency exchange on forward contracts experienced realized gains of \$0.2 million and during the third quarter of 2023, compared to unrealized loss of \$0.2 million in the third quarter of 2022, due to favorable currency exchange rates at the time of settlement.

Marketable Securities

The Account's marketable securities investments experienced unrealized losses of \$0.2 million in the third quarter of 2023, compared to net realized and unrealized losses of \$8.8 million during the third quarter of 2022. The nominal unrealized losses during the quarter are associated with the short-term holding period of the securities.

Loans Receivable, including those with related parties:

Loans receivable, including those with related parties, experienced unrealized losses of \$62.3 million during the third quarter of 2023 compared to \$16.3 million of unrealized losses during the comparable quarter of 2022. The current period losses are attributed to the unfavorable valuations of loans receivable that are in or approaching default.

Loans Payable:

Loans payable experienced unrealized losses of \$16.3 million in the third quarter of 2023, compared to \$12.1 million of unrealized gains during the comparable quarter of 2022. The unrealized losses in the third quarter of 2023 were attributable to changes in credit spreads and fluctuations in the risk-free yield curve.

Other Unsecured Debt:

The Account's other unsecured debt experienced an unrealized gain of \$13.6 million in the third quarter of 2023, attributable to positive changes in the risk-free yield curve.

Nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to nine months ended September 30, 2022

Net Investment Income

The following table shows the results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 and the dollar and percentage changes for those periods (dollars in millions).

	For the Ni Ended Sep		Cha	nge
	2023	2022	\$	%
INVESTMENT INCOME				
Real estate income, net:				
Rental income	\$ 1,016.5	\$ 930.9	\$ 85.6	9.2 %
Real estate property level expenses:				
Operating expenses	250.1	219.0	31.1	14.2 %
Real estate taxes	163.4	154.2	9.2	6.0 %
Interest expense	72.1	63.3	8.8	13.9 %
Total real estate property level expenses	485.6	436.5	49.1	11.2 %
Real estate income, net	530.9	494.4	36.5	7.4 %
Income from real estate joint ventures	142.9	144.0	(1.1)	(0.8)%
Income from real estate funds	14.3	19.4	(5.1)	(26.3)%
Interest	112.9	75.8	37.1	48.9 %
Other	_	3.8	(3.8)	N/M
TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME	801.0	737.4	63.6	8.6 %
Expenses:				
Investment management charges	62.8	64.6	(1.8)	(2.8)%
Administrative charges	57.2	31.8	25.4	79.9 %
Distribution charges	8.5	17.6	(9.1)	(51.7)%
Mortality and expense risk charges	_	0.5	(0.5)	N/M
Liquidity guarantee charges	56.6	67.3	(10.7)	(15.9)%
Interest expense	49.4	17.6	31.8	N/M
TOTAL EXPENSES	234.5	199.4	35.1	17.6 %
INVESTMENT INCOME, NET	\$ 566.5	\$ 538.0	\$ 28.5	5.3 %

The following table illustrates and compares rental income, operating expenses and real estate taxes for properties held by the Account for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022. The comparative increases or decreases associated with the acquisition and disposition of properties made in either period is compared to "same property" (dollars in millions).

		Rental	Income			perating	Expe	ises	Real Estate Taxes				
			Cha	nge			(hange			Cha	inge	
	2023	2022	\$	%	2023	2022	\$	%	2023	2022	\$	%	
Same Property	\$ 974.5	\$ 879.8	\$ 94.7	10.8 %	\$ 240.0	\$ 202.7	\$ 37	3 18.4 %	\$ 157.9	\$ 145.5	\$ 12.4	8.5 %	
Properties Acquired	14.5	_	14.5	N/M	2.9		2	9 N/M	2.1	0.6	1.5	N/M	
Properties Sold	27.5	51.1	(23.6)	(46.2)%	7.2	16.3	(9	1) (55.8)%	3.4	8.1	(4.7)	(58.0)%	
Impact of Properties Acquired/Sold	42.0	51.1	(9.1)	(17.8)%	10.1	16.3	(6	2) (38.0)%	5.5	8.7	(3.2)	(36.8)%	
Total Property Portfolio	\$1,016.5	\$ 930.9	\$ 85.6	9.2 %	\$ 250.1	\$ 219.0	\$ 31	1 14.2 %	\$ 163.4	\$ 154.2	\$ 9.2	6.0 %	

N/M-Not meaningful

Rental Income:

Rental income increased by \$85.6 million, or 9.2%, when compared to the first nine months of 2022. Increases in market rent, driven by demand, reductions in bad debt expenses and deceased rent concessions were experienced in all sectors. The Account's hotel property also experienced an increase in income which can be attributed to an increase in outlet business and room rental activity that was slightly offset in the third quarter of 2023 due to minimal banquet and corporate activity.

Operating Expenses:

Operating expenses increased \$31.1 million, or 14.2%, when compared to the first nine months of 2022. The increase is attributed to rising repair and maintenance costs, as well as utility costs, due to inflation. The largest increases can be seen in the office, industrial and apartment sectors. The Account's hotel property also saw a sizeable increase in operating expenses related to higher occupancy and an increased use of event space.

Real Estate Taxes:

Real estate taxes increased \$9.2 million, or 6.0%, when compared to the same period in 2022, due to increased property tax expenses in the industrial sector.

Interest Expense:

Interest expense increased \$8.8 million, or 13.9%, when compared to the same period in 2022, as a result of a higher average interest rates.

Income from Real Estate Joint Ventures:

Income from real estate joint ventures decreased \$1.1 million, when compared to the same period in 2022, as a result of lower distributed income, most notably from one of the Account's retail joint venture investments located in Orlando, Florida, which was partially offset by higher income distributions from one retail properties located in Knoxville, TN.

Income from Real Estate Funds:

Income from real estate funds decreased \$5.1 million, when compared to the same period in 2022, as a result of decreased distributed income from six of the Account's real estate fund investments.

Interest Income:

Interest income increased \$37.1 million in comparison to the same period of 2022. The increase is due to a higher average outstanding principal balance on loans receivable, as well as a higher effective interest rate on short-term marketable securities.

Expenses:

Investment management, administrative and distribution costs charged to the Account are associated with managing the Account. Investment management charges are comprised primarily of fixed components, but fluctuate based on the size of the Account's portfolio of investments, whereas administrative and distribution charges are comprised of more variable components that generally correspond with movements in net assets. Both distribution services (pursuant to the Distribution Agreement) and administrative services are provided to the Account by Services and TIAA, respectively, on an at cost basis. These expenses increased \$14.5 million over the comparable period of 2022, primarily due to an increase in the administrative charge rate.

Mortality and expense risk and liquidity guarantee expenses are contractual charges to the Account from TIAA for TIAA's assumption of these risks and provision of the liquidity guarantee. The rate for these charges is established annually and charged at a fixed rate based on the Account's net assets. Mortality and expense risk expenses decreased \$0.5 million, remaining relatively flat when compared to the prior year. Liquidity guarantee expenses were \$10.7 million lower than the comparable period of 2022 as a result of lower average net assets.

Interest expense from the Account's other unsecured debt increased \$31.8 million when compared to the same period of 2022, due to a higher average outstanding principal balance on the Account's credit facility and senior notes payable.

Net Realized and Unrealized Gains and Losses on Investments and Debt

The following table shows the net realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments and debt for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 and the dollar and percentage changes for those periods (dollars in millions).

	Ended Septe		Char	ıge
	2023	2022	\$	%
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED (LOSS) GAIN ON INVESTMENTS AND DEBT				
Net realized (loss) gain on investments:				
Real estate properties	\$ (0.4)	\$ (5.5)	\$ 5.1	(92.7)%
Real estate joint ventures	(103.3)	316.2	(419.5)	N/M
Real estate funds	14.4	13.9	0.5	3.6 %
Foreign currency exchange on forward contracts	(2.7)		(2.7)	N/M
Marketable securities	(35.6)	(2.7)	(32.9)	N/M
Total realized (loss) gain on investments:	(127.6)	321.9	(449.5)	N/M
Net change in unrealized (loss) gain on:				
Real estate properties	(1,897.1)	2,286.2	(4,183.3)	N/M
Real estate joint ventures	(903.0)	85.1	(988.1)	N/M
Real estate funds	(32.6)	6.3	(38.9)	N/M
Real estate operating business	(8.2)	214.1	(222.3)	N/M
Foreign currency exchange on forward contracts	2.3	1.4	0.9	64.3 %
Marketable securities	46.9	(45.9)	92.8	N/M
Loans receivable	(221.6)	(98.5)	(123.1)	N/M
Loans payable	(39.0)	61.9	(100.9)	N/M
Other unsecured debt	 12.3	49.5	(37.2)	(75.2)%
Net change in unrealized (loss) gain on investments and debt	(3,040.0)	2,560.1	(5,600.1)	N/M
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED (LOSS) GAIN ON INVESTMENTS AND DEBT	\$ (3,167.6)	\$2,882.0	\$ (6,049.6)	N/M

For the Nine Months

N/M-Not meaningful

Real Estate Properties:

Wholly-owned real estate investments experienced unrealized losses of \$1.9 billion during the first nine months of 2023, compared to \$2.3 billion of net realized and unrealized gains during the comparable period of 2022. While the Account saw depreciation across various real estate sectors during the period, unrealized losses were primarily driven by office properties in the Southern and Eastern region due to higher concessions and current economic conditions, and Western industrial properties due to slowing demand.

Real Estate Joint Ventures:

Real estate joint ventures experienced net realized and unrealized losses of \$1.0 billion during the first nine months of 2023, compared to \$401.3 million during the first nine months of 2022. Net losses in the first nine months of 2023 were primarily driven by the Account's joint venture investments in the office, retail and apartment sectors due to increases in discount and capitalization rates, as well as other market factors.

Real Estate Funds:

Real estate funds experienced net realized and unrealized losses of \$18.2 million during the first nine months of 2023, compared to unrealized gains of \$20.2 million during the first nine months of 2022. Current period losses are due to unfavorable valuations of three funds, due to higher capitalization rates.

Real Estate Operating Business:

The Account's real estate operating business experienced unrealized losses of \$8.2 million during the first nine months of 2023, compared to \$214.1 million unrealized gains in the comparable period of 2022. Unrealized losses were primarily attributed to the recent cost of capital trend and comparable trading activity.

Foreign Currency Exchange on Forward Contracts:

The Account's foreign currency exchange on forward contracts experienced net realized and unrealized losses of \$0.4 million during the third quarter of 2023 due to unfavorable foreign currency exchange rates at the time of contract settlement.

Marketable Securities:

The Account's marketable securities investments experienced net realized and unrealized gains of \$11.3 million in the first nine months of 2023, compared to net realized and unrealized losses of \$48.6 million in the comparable period of 2022. Current period gains can be attributed to the net changes in interest and U.S. Treasury rates during the year.

Loans Receivable, including those with related parties:

Loans receivable, including those with related parties, experienced unrealized losses of \$221.6 million during the first nine months of 2023, compared to \$98.5 million of net realized and unrealized losses during the comparable period of 2022. Losses in the first nine months of 2023 are attributed to unfavorable valuations of eight loans that are in or approaching default on the loan terms during the period.

Loans Payable:

Loans payable experienced unrealized losses of \$39.0 million in the first nine months of 2023, compared to \$61.9 million of unrealized gains during the comparable period of 2022. The unrealized losses in the first nine months of 2023 were attributable to changes in credit spreads and fluctuations in the risk-free yield curve.

Other Unsecured Debt:

Other unsecured debt experienced unrealized gains of \$12.3 million in the first nine months of 2023, attributable to changes in credit spreads and fluctuations in the risk-free yield curve.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Account's cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities had a value of \$279.3 million and \$2.1 billion, respectively, representing 1.1% and 7.1% of the Account's net assets at such dates, respectively. The decrease in liquid assets during the first nine months of 2023 was largely attributable to higher contract owner withdrawals driven by unfavorable market trends in the U.S. commercial real estate market, with elevated interest rates negatively impacting property values. The Account's liquid assets continue to be available to purchase suitable real estate properties, meet the Account's debt obligations, expense needs, and contract owner redemption requests (i.e., contract owner transfers, withdrawals or benefit payments). In addition, as disclosed in the Account's 2022 Form 10-K, the Account is able to meet its short-term and long-term liquidity needs through cash provided by operating activities and the Liquidity Guarantee provided by TIAA.

As a result of continued significant net contract owner outflows, pursuant to TIAA's Liquidity Guarantee obligation, the TIAA General Account purchased 374,269 accumulation units during the third quarter of 2023, for \$189.9 million, bringing TIAA's ownership to approximately 0.78% of the outstanding accumulation units of the Account. The independent fiduciary, which has the right to adjust the percentage of total accumulation units that TIAA's ownership should not exceed (the "trigger point"), has established the trigger point at 45% of the outstanding accumulation units.

Net Income and Leverage

The Account's net investment income is a source of liquidity for the Account. Net investment income was \$566.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, as compared to \$538.0 million for the comparable period of 2022. The increase in total net investment income is described more fully in the *Results of Operations* section.

The Account has a \$1.4 billion unsecured line of credit, accessible as needed to fund the Account's near-term investment objectives, as further described in *Note 10—Credit Facility*. As of September 30, 2023, the Account had \$935.0 million of remaining capacity on the line of credit.

The Account may from time to time borrow money and assume or obtain a mortgage on a property to make leveraged real estate investments. The Account is authorized to borrow money in accordance with its investment guidelines. Under the Account's current investment guidelines, the Account's loan to value ratio (as described below) is to be maintained at or below 30% (measured at the time of incurrence and after giving effect thereto). Such incurrence of debt from time to time may include:

- placing new debt on properties;
- refinancing outstanding debt;
- assuming debt on acquired properties or interests in the Account's properties;
- extending the maturity date of outstanding debt;
- · an unsecured line of credit, credit facility or bank loan; or
- the issuance of debt securities.

As of September 30, 2023, the Account's loan-to-value ratio was 19.9%. The Account's loan-to-value ratio at any time is based on the outstanding principal amount of debt to the Account's total gross asset value, and excludes leverage, if any, employed by REITs and real estate funds in which the Account invests. The ratio is measured at the time of any debt incurrence and after giving effect thereto. The Account's total gross asset value, for these purposes, is equal to the total fair value of the Account's assets (including the fair value of the Account's interest in joint ventures), with no reduction associated with any indebtedness on such assets. In calculating outstanding indebtedness, we include only the Account's actual percentage interest in any borrowings on a joint venture investment and not that of any joint venture partner. Also, at the time the Account (or a joint venture in which the Account is a partner) enters into a revolving or other line of credit, management includes only amounts outstanding when calculating outstanding indebtedness.

The Account may borrow up to 70% of the then-current value of a property, although construction loans may be for 100% of costs incurred in developing the property. Except for construction loans, any mortgage loans on a property will be non-recourse to the Account. For this purpose, non-recourse means that if there is a default on a loan in respect to a specific property, the lender will have recourse to (i.e., be able to foreclose on) only the property encumbered (or the joint venture owning the property), or to other specific Account properties that may have been pledged as security for the defaulted loan, but not to any other assets of the Account. Currently, TIAA, on behalf of the Account, maintains a credit agreement with a syndicate of third-party bank lenders, including JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (the "Credit Agreement"), comprised of an unsecured revolving line of credit. The Account may use the proceeds of borrowings under the Credit Agreement for funding general organizational purposes of the Account in the ordinary course of business, including financing certain real estate portfolio investments. The Account may enter into additional unsecured lines of credit, credit facilities and term bank loans underwritten by one or more third-party lenders. In addition, from time to time, the Account may borrow capital for operating or other needs by offering debt securities.

As of September 30, 2023, there were three mortgage obligations secured by real estate investments wholly-owned by the Account, totaling \$155.5 million, that were scheduled to mature within the next twelve months. One of these obligations, totaling \$58.2 million, scheduled to be repaid by the Account in October 2023, subsequently had its maturity date extended until December 2024. The Account has sufficient liquidity to meet its mortgage obligations.

Statements of Cash Flows

The following table sets forth the Account's sources and uses of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (in millions):

		As of Sept	embe	r 30,
	·	2023	2	022
Cash flows provided by (used for):				
Operating activities	\$	1,944.1		(335.3)
Financing activities	\$	(1,959.0)	\$	387.8

The following provides information regarding the Account's cash flows from operating and financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Operating Activities: The Account's operating cash flows are primarily impacted by net investment income and the purchase or sale of investments and debt. Cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the prior year period, increased by approximately \$2.3 billion, primarily driven by:

- \$1.8 billion cash inflow from the sale of marketable securities.
- \$161.3 million of distributions received from joint ventures and real estate funds.

Financing Activities: The Account's financing cash flows are primarily impacted by contract owner transactions, proceeds from debt and repayments of debt. For the period ended September 30, 2023, key drivers were:

- Net contract owner outflows totaled \$2.3 billion.
- The TIAA General Account purchased \$189.9 million of accumulation units.
- The Account repaid \$559.7 million of mortgage loans.
- The Account received \$313.6 million of proceeds from new mortgage loans obtained.
- The Account received \$400.0 million of proceeds from the issuance of Series C senior notes.

Long-Term Financing and Capital Needs

The Account expects to meet its long-term liquidity requirements, such as debt maturities, property acquisitions and financing of development activities, through the use of unsecured debt and credit facilities, proceeds received from the disposition of certain properties and joint ventures, along with cash generated from operations after all distributions. The Account has a significant number of unencumbered properties available to secure additional mortgage borrowings should unsecured capital be unavailable or the cost of alternative sources of capital be too high. The value of and cash flow from these unencumbered properties are in excess of the requirements the Account must maintain in order to comply with covenants under its unsecured notes and credit facility.

A summary of the Account's outstanding debt is as follows (in millions):

Septem	her	30	20	23
Scptciii	DCI	50,	40	20

		September 30, 2023			December 31, 2022				
	Princ	cipal Balance	% of Total	Principal Balance		% of Total			
Secured	\$	1,922.6	57.7 %	\$	2,168.7	68.4 %			
Unsecured		1,410.0	42.3 %		1,000.0	31.6 %			
Total	\$	3,332.6	100.0 %	\$	3,168.7	100.0 %			
Fixed Rate Debt:									
Secured	\$	1,594.7	47.9 %	\$	1,799.2	56.8 %			
Unsecured		900.0	27.0 %		500.0	15.8 %			
Fixed Rate Debt	\$	2,494.7	74.9 %	\$	2,299.2	72.6 %			
Floating Rate Debt:									
Secured		327.9	9.8 %		369.5	11.6 %			
Unsecured		510.0	15.3 %		500.0	15.8 %			
Floating Rate Debt	\$	837.9	25.1 %	\$	869.5	27.4 %			
Total	\$	3,332.6	100.0 %	\$	3,168.7	100.0 %			

Recent Transactions

The following describes transactions occurring during the third quarter of 2023 related to real estate properties, real estate joint ventures, real estate funds, loans receivable, and loans payable. Except as noted, expenses for operating the properties purchased are either borne or reimbursed, in whole or in part, by the property tenants, although the terms vary under each lease. Dollar amounts are shown in millions.

Real Estate Properties and Joint Ventures

Purchases

Property Name	Transaction Date	Ownership Percentage	Sector	Location	 Net Purchase Price ⁽¹⁾	
Storage Portfolio V - Self Storage North East Tyngsborough, MA (EXR # 2065)	08/22/2023	90.00%	Storage	Tyngsborough, MA	\$ 2.0	

Sales

Property Name	Transaction Date	Ownership Percentage	Sector			et Sales Price ⁽¹⁾	Realized Loss on Sale ⁽²⁾	
Valencia Town Center	09/01/2023	50.00%	Retail	Santa Clarita, CA	\$	105.2	\$	(141.1)

Represents the sales price, less selling expenses.

Majority of the realized loss was previously recognized as unrealized losses in the Account's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Financings

Description	Transaction Date	Interest Rate	Sector	Maturity tor Date		Amount	
Lofts at Sodo	07/05/2023	3.94%	Multi Family	07/05/2023	\$	(35.1)	
Biltmore	07/05/2023	3.94%	Multi Family	07/05/2023	\$	(36.4)	
Cherry Knoll	07/05/2023	3.78%	Multi Family	07/05/2023	\$	(35.3)	
Valencia Town Center	09/01/2023	3.63%	Retail	01/01/2023	\$	(97.5)	
Aspen Heights	09/15/2023	3.75%	Multi Family	09/15/2023	\$	(40.0)	
Ashford Meadows ⁽¹⁾	09/27/2023	5.76%	Multi Family	10/01/2028	\$	64.6	
803 Corday ⁽¹⁾	09/27/2023	5.76%	Multi Family	10/01/2028	\$	62.2	
Churchill on the Park ⁽¹⁾	09/27/2023	5.76%	Multi Family	10/01/2028	\$	40.5	
Carrington Park ⁽¹⁾	09/27/2023	5.76%	Multi Family	10/01/2028	\$	43.8	
Pacific City	9/28/2023	2.10% + SOFR paid monthly	Retail	10/1/2023	\$	(105.0)	

⁽¹⁾ These loans are part of a cross-collateralized credit facility.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Management's discussion and analysis of the Account's financial condition and results of operations is based on the Account's Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of the Account's financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Management considers the valuation of real estate properties and valuation of real estate joint ventures to be critical accounting estimates because they involve a significant level of estimation uncertainty and have a material impact on the Account's financial condition and results of operations.

There have been no material changes to the Account's critical accounting policies described in the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Account's real estate holdings, including real estate joint ventures, funds, an operating business and loans receivable, including those with related parties, which, as of September 30, 2023, represented 99.2% of the Account's total investments, expose the Account to a variety of risks. These risks include, but are not limited to:

- General Real Estate Risk—The risk that the Account's property values or rental and occupancy rates could go down due to general economic conditions, a weak market for real estate generally, disruptions in the credit and/ or capital markets, or changing supply and demand for certain types of properties;
- Appraisal Risk—The risk that the sale price of an Account property (i.e., the value that would be determined by
 negotiations between independent parties) might differ substantially from its estimated or appraised value,
 leading to losses or reduced profits to the Account upon sale;
- Risk Relating to Property Sales—The risk that the Account might not be able to sell a property at a particular time for its full value, particularly in a poor market. This might make it difficult to raise cash quickly and also could lead to Account losses;
- Risks of Borrowing—The risk that interest rate changes may impact Account returns if the Account borrows against a credit facility, takes out a mortgage on a property, buys a property subject to a mortgage or holds a property subject to a mortgage, and hedging against such interest rate changes, if undertaken by the Account, may entail additional costs and be unsuccessful; and
- Foreign Currency Risk—The risk that the value of the Account's foreign investments, related debt, or rental income could increase or decrease due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates or foreign currency exchange control regulations, and hedging against such currency changes, if undertaken by the Account, may entail additional costs and be unsuccessful.

The Account believes the diversification of its real estate portfolio, both geographically and by sector, along with its quarterly valuation procedure, helps manage the real estate and appraisal risks described above.

As of September 30, 2023, 0.8% of the Account's total investments were comprised of marketable securities. Marketable securities include high-quality debt instruments (i.e., government agency notes and corporate bond securities) and, when applicable, REIT securities. The Account's Consolidated Statements of Investments sets forth the general financial terms of these instruments, along with their fair values, as determined in accordance with procedures described in *Note 1–Organization and Significant Accounting Policies* to the Account's Consolidated Financial Statements of the Account's 2022 Form 10-K. As of September 30, 2023, the Account does not invest in derivative financial instruments, although it does engage in hedging activity related to foreign currency denominated investments.

Risks associated with investments in real estate-related liquid assets (which could include, from time to time, REIT securities and CMBS), and non-real estate-related liquid assets, include the following:

- Financial/Credit Risk—The risk, for debt securities, that the issuer will not be able to pay principal and interest when due (and/or declare bankruptcy or be subject to receivership) and, for equity securities such as common or preferred stock, that the issuer's current earnings will fall or that its overall financial soundness will decline, reducing the security's value.
- Market Volatility Risk—The risk that the Account's investments will experience price volatility due to
 changing conditions in the financial markets regardless of the credit quality or financial condition of the
 underlying issuer. This risk is particularly acute to the extent the Account holds equity securities, which have
 experienced significant short-term price volatility over the past year. Also, to the extent the Account holds debt
 securities, changes in overall interest rates can cause price fluctuations.
- Interest Rate Volatility—The risk that interest rate volatility may affect the Account's current income from an investment.
- Deposit/Money Market Risk—The risk that, to the extent the Account's cash held in bank deposit accounts
 exceeds federally insured limits as to that bank, the Account could experience losses if banks fail. The Account
 does not believe it has exposure to significant concentration of deposit risk. In addition, there is some risk that
 investments held in money market accounts can suffer losses.

In addition, to the extent the Account were to hold MBS (including CMBS) these securities are subject to prepayment risk or extension risk (i.e., the risk that borrowers will repay the loans earlier or later than anticipated). If the underlying mortgage assets experience faster than anticipated repayments of principal, the Account could fail to recoup some or all of its initial investment in these securities, since the original price paid by the Account was based in part on assumptions regarding the receipt of interest payments. If the underlying mortgage assets are repaid later than anticipated, the Account could lose the opportunity to reinvest the anticipated cash flows at a time when interest rates might be rising. The rate of prepayment depends on a variety of geographic, social and other functions, including prevailing market interest rates and general economic factors. The fair value of these securities is also highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. Note that the potential for appreciation, which could otherwise be expected to result from a decline in interest rates, may be limited by any increased prepayments. These securities may be harder to sell than other securities.

In addition to these risks, real estate equity securities (such as REIT securities and MBS) would be subject to many of the same general risks inherent in real estate investing, making mortgage loans and investing in debt securities. For more information on the risks associated with all of the Account's investments, see Item 1A. Risk Factors, of the Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, as such risk factors may be updated in Item 1A of this Form 10-Q or in subsequent reports.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) The registrant maintains a system of disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the registrant's reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to

management, including the registrant's Principal Executive Officer ("PEO") and the Principal Financial Officer ("PFO"), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Under the supervision and participation of the registrant's management, including the registrant's PEO and PFO, the registrant conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act as of September 30, 2023. Based upon management's review, the PEO and PFO concluded that the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, were effective to provide reasonable assurance that the objectives of disclosure controls and procedures are met.

(b) There have been no changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's last fiscal quarter that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

In the normal course of business, the Account may be named, from time to time, as a defendant or may be involved in various legal actions, including arbitration, class actions and other litigation.

The Account establishes an accrual for all litigation and regulatory matters when it believes it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Once established, accruals are adjusted, as appropriate, in light of additional information. The amount of loss ultimately incurred in relation to those matters may be higher or lower than the amounts accrued for those matters.

As of the date of this report, management of the Account does not believe that the results of any such claims or litigation, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material effect on the Account's business, financial position or results of operations.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

Continued liquidity challenges could adversely impact the Account's operations, financial condition, growth and prospects and continue to trigger the Account's Liquidity Guarantee

The Account requires sufficient liquidity to fund ongoing Account-level loan and debt commitments to make payments on its debt obligations as they become due, satisfy contract owner redemption requests, fund purchases and maintenance of portfolio properties, and meet other cash and contractual commitments. Although the Account's liquid assets continue to be available to purchase suitable real estate properties, meet the Account's debt obligations, expense needs, and contract owner redemption requests (i.e., contract owner withdrawals or benefit payments), as noted above the Account has experienced a sustained decrease in liquid assets during the first half of 2023, and consequently TIAA was required to trigger the Liquidity Guarantee by purchasing liquidity units on August 31, 2023. TIAA has made several subsequent purchases of liquidity units since that time. The decrease in liquid assets during the first three quarters of 2023 was largely attributable to higher contract owner withdrawals driven by unfavorable market trends in the U.S. commercial real estate market, with elevated interest rates negatively impacting property values. Net outflows have continued in line with recent trends in the beginning of the fourth quarter of 2023, and these continued net outflows could impair the Account's ability to fund its operations and meet its obligations as they become due. Accordingly, TIAA will likely be required to continue to purchase additional liquidity units pursuant to the Liquidity Guarantee into the later period of the fourth quarter of 2023. The continued pace of net contract owner outflows could have a material adverse effect on the Account's business, financial condition and results of operations.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

Not applicable.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(31)

(1) (A) Distribution Agreement for the Contracts Funded by the TIAA Real Estate Account, dated as of January 1, 2008, by and among Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America, for itself and on behalf of the Account, and TIAA-CREF Individual & Institutional Services, LLC (3)(A) Restated Charter of TIAA (as amended)² (B) Amended Bylaws of TIAA³ Forms of RA, GRA, GSRA, SRA, IRA Real Estate Account Endorsements, ⁴ Keogh Contract, ⁵ Retirement Choice and Retirement Choice Plus Contracts ⁵ and Retirement Select and Retirement Select Plus (4) (A) Contracts and Endorsements (B) Forms of Income-Paying Contracts⁴ (C) (1) Form of Contract Endorsement for Internal Transfer Limitation⁷ (2) Form of Contract Endorsement for Internal Transfer Limitation²⁴ (D) (1) Form of Non-ERISA Retirement Choice Plus Contract⁹ (2) Form of Non-ERISA Retirement Choice Plus Certificate9 (1) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Contract¹⁰ (E) (2) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Certificate 10 (3) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Contract²⁵ (4) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Certificate²⁶ (F) (1) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Plus Certificate¹¹ (2) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Plus Contract¹¹ (3) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Plus Certificate²⁷ (4) Form of Trust Company Retirement Choice Plus Contract²⁸ Form of Income Test Drive Endorsement for Retirement Annuity Contracts, After-Tax Retirement (G) Annuity Contracts, Supplemental Retirement Annuity Contracts and IRA Contracts (including Rollover IRA, Contributory IRA, Roth IRA, OneIRA)¹² (H) Form of Income Test Drive Endorsement for Group Retirement Annuity Certificates, Group Supplemental Retirement Annuity Certificates, Keogh Certificates, Retirement Choice Certificates, Retirement Choice Plus Certificates, Non-ERISA Retirement Choice Plus Certificates, Trust Retirement Choice Certificates, and Trust Retirement Choice Plus Certificates Form of OneIRA Non-Qualified Deferred Annuity Contract (and Rate Schedule)¹⁴ (I) (1) Form of Endorsement to Retirement Choice and Retirement Choice Plus Contracts for Custom (J) Portfolios | (2) Form of Endorsement to Retirement Choice and Retirement Choice Plus Certificates for Custom Portfolios 16 (K) Form of Endorsement to Group Supplemental Retirement Annuity (GSRA) Certificate¹⁷ (1) Form of Contract, Rate Schedule and Certificate for Multiple Employer Plan Retirement Choice Annuity Contract 18 (L) (2) Form of Contract, Rate Schedule and Certificate for Multiple Employer Plan Retirement Choice Plus Annuity Contract¹⁸ (M) Form of Retirement Plan Loan Endorsement to Group Retirement Annuity Certificate 19 (N) Form of Retirement Plan Loan Endorsement to Retirement Annuity Contract²⁰ (O) Form of Retirement Plan Loan Endorsement to Supplemental Retirement Annuity Contract²¹ (P) Form of Required Minimum Distribution Endorsement to All Annuity Contracts²² (Q) Form of Required Minimum Distribution Endorsement to All Annuity Contracts²³ (10)(A) Engagement Letter Agreement with Independent Fiduciary, dated February 10, 2022, between TIAA, on behalf of the Registrant, and SitusAMC Real Estate Valuation Services, LLC¹⁵ (B) Custodian Agreement, dated as of March 3, 2008, by and between TIAA, on behalf of the registrant, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, N.A. Form of Note Purchase agreement, dated as of June 10, 2022, by and between TIAA, on behalf of the registrant, and the purchasers party thereto. (29) (C) Form of Note Purchase agreement, dated as of March 21, 2023, by and between TIAA, on behalf of the registrant, and the purchasers party thereto. (30) (D)

Rule 13a - 14(a) Certifications*

- (32) Rule 13a 14(b) and Section 1350 Certifications*
- The following financial information from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2023 (Unaudited), formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of September 30, 2023 (Unaudited), (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited), (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited), (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited), and (v) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).**

(104) Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).**

- * Filed herewith.
- ** Furnished electronically herewith.
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 1(A) to the Account's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on March 15, 2013 (File No. 333-187309).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(A) to the Account's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on April 22, 2015 (File No. 333-202583).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(B) to the Account's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on April 22, 2015 (File No. 333-202583).
- (4) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to the Account's Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on April 30, 1996 (File No. 33-92990).
- (5) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(A) to the Account's Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on May 2, 2005 (File No. 333-121493).
- (6) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to the Account's Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on April 29, 2004 (File No. 333-113602).
- (7) Previously filed and incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4(C) to the Account's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010 and filed with the Commission on November 12, 2010 (File No. 33-92990).
- (8) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10(B) to the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 and filed with the Commission on March 14, 2013 (File No. 33-92990).
- (9) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(D)(1) and 4(D)(2) to the Account's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on March 21, 2017 (File No. 333-216849).
- (10) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(E)(1) and 4(E)(2) to the Account's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on March 21, 2017 (File No. 333-216849).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(F)(1) and 4(F)(2) to the Account's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on March 21, 2017 (File No. 333-216849).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(G) to the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 15, 2018 (File No. 333-216849).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(H) to the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 15, 2018 (File No. 333-216849).
- (14) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(I) to the Account's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 15, 2018 (File No. 333-216849).
- (15) Previously filed and incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Account's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Commission on February 16, 2022 (File No. 33-92990).
- (16) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(J)(1) and 4(J)(2) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 14, 2019 (File No. 33-92990).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(K) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 14, 2019 (File No. 33-92990).
- (18) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(L)(1) and 4(L)(2) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 12, 2020 (File No. 33-92990).
- (19) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(M) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 11, 2021 (File No. 33-92990).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(N) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 11, 2021 (File No. 33-92990).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(O) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 11, 2021 (File No. 33-92990).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(P) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 11, 2021 (File No. 33-92990).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(Q) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 11, 2021 (File No. 33-92990).

- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(C)(2) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 9, 2023 (File No. 33-92990).
- Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(E)(3) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 9, 2023 (File No. 33-92990).
- (26) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(E)(4) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 9, 2023 (File No. 33-92990).
- ⁽²⁷⁾ Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(F)(3) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 9, 2023 (File No. 33-92990).
- (28) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4(F)(4) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Commission on March 9, 2023 (File No. 33-92990).
- (29) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10(C) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the Commission on August 5, 2022 (File No. 33-92990).
- (30) Previously filed and incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10(C) to the Account's Current Report on Form 10-Q, filed with the Commission on August 4, 2023 (File No. 33-92990).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant, TIAA Real Estate Account, has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on the 3rd day of November 2023.

TIAA REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT

By: TEACHERS INSURANCE AND ANNUITY

ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA

By: /s/ Colbert Narcisse

Colbert Narcisse

Senior Executive Vice President, Chief Product & Business Development Officer, Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America (Principal Executive Officer)

November 3, 2023 By: /s/ Christopher Baraks

November 3, 2023

Christopher Baraks

Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Corporate Controller of Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America (Principal Financial and Accounting

Officer)

CERTIFICATIONS

- I, Colbert Narcisse, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of the TIAA Real Estate Account;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

November 3, 2023

/s/ Colbert Narcisse

Colbert Narcisse

Senior Executive Vice President, Chief Product & Business Development Officer, Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America (Principal Executive Officer) (Principal Executive Officer)

- I, Christopher Baraks, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of the TIAA Real Estate Account;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

November 3, 2023 /s/ Christopher Baraks

Christopher Baraks

Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Corporate Controller of Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code), each of the undersigned officers of Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America, do hereby certify, to such officer's knowledge, that:

The quarterly report on Form 10-Q of the TIAA Real Estate Account (the "Account") for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 (the "Form 10-Q") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Account.

November 3, 2023 /s/ Colbert Narcisse

Colbert Narcisse

Senior Executive Vice President, Chief Product & Business Development Officer, Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America (Principal Executive Officer)

(Principal Executive Officer)

November 3, 2023 /s/ Christopher Baraks

Christopher Baraks

Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Corporate Controller of Teachers Insurance and Annuity

Association of America

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the TIAA Real Estate Account and will be retained by the Account and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.